## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

BETTER

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015



## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

# of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Prepared by the Finance Department

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### SECTION I

### INTRODUCTORY SECTION

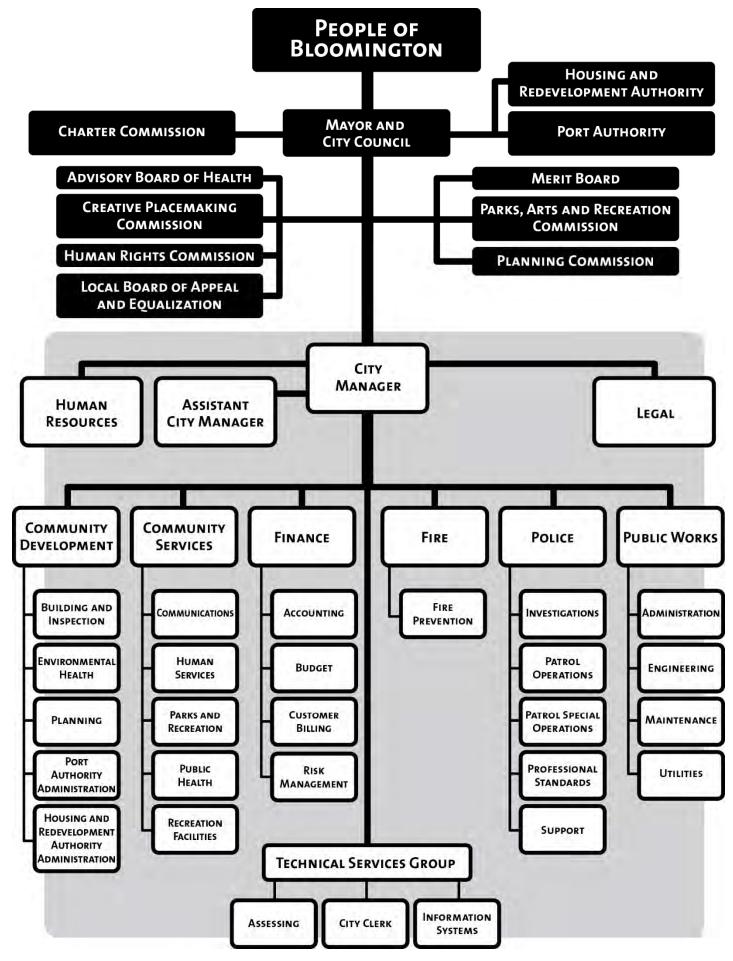
#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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#### DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### GENE WINSTEAD, MAYOR

CYNTHIA BEMIS ABRAMS	COUNCILMEMBER
JACK BALOGA	COUNCILMEMBER
TIM BUSSE	COUNCILMEMBER
ANDREW CARLSON	COUNCILMEMBER
DWAYNE LOWMAN	COUNCILMEMBER
JON OLESON	COUNCILMEMBER

#### JAMIE VERBRUGGE, CITY MANAGER



June 14, 2016

To the Citizens of the City of Bloomington, Mayor, Council Members, and City Manager

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 is hereby submitted. The purpose of this report is to provide the Mayor, City Council, City staff, citizens, bondholders, and other interested parties with useful information concerning the City's operations and financial position.

This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Management assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, supporting schedules, and statistical tables contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for that purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it fairly sets forth the financial position and results of City operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Bloomington's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The organization, form and contents of this report were prepared in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor, and the City Charter.

The City and the City's Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA), a discrete component unit of the City, are required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and questioned costs, independent auditor's report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based upon the audit of the basic financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over compliance applicable to each major federal award program, are included in a separate single audit report.

#### **Other Reporting Entity Components**

In accordance with GASB pronouncements, the City's financial statements include all funds and departments of the City (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. As a result of applying the entity definition criteria of GASB, the following organizations have been included in the City's financial statements:

- 1. The Port Authority of the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)
- 2. Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA)

Note 1 to the financial statements gives further information about the component units included in the financial statements. Note 16 to the financial statements presents disclosure information for each of the discretely presented component units. The financial schedules of the Port Authority and the Housing and Redevelopment Authority are included within the City's CAFR in the Other Supplementary Information section under the Component Units tab.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Bloomington covers an area of 38.3 square miles and is situated wholly in Hennepin County. In six decades, Bloomington has grown from a rural village beyond the developing edge of Minneapolis to its current status as Minnesota's fourth largest city and the region's hospitality and retail hub. This growth was spurred by freeways reaching out from the metropolitan downtowns and further enhanced by its proximity to the Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport and the Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge.

Bloomington is also the terminus for the 12-mile METRO Blue Line (Hiawatha) light rail line which opened in 2004 to connect several popular Twin Cities destinations including Mall of America, VA Medical Center, Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport, Minnehaha Park, 11 neighborhoods, and Downtown Minneapolis.

The city has many well-known national and international corporations within its boundaries, including HealthPartners, Seagate Technology, Toro Company, Donaldson Company, Express Scripts, Thermo King, Cypress Semiconductors, Ceridian Corporation, Polar Semiconductors, and Ziegler, Inc. Bloomington is home to the largest shopping and entertainment complex in the United States, Mall of America®. It employs approximately 13,000 and attracts 42 million visitors each year. As the state's number one tourist attraction, Mall of America actually attracts more visitors than all other Minnesota tourist destinations combined.

In addition, with many entertainment facilities and 9,481 hotel/motel rooms, Bloomington is a major regional and national business and meeting center, employing an estimated 10,000 workers in the hospitality industry.

Housing is well-maintained throughout the city and Bloomington is fortunate to have a diversified tax base, currently composed of approximately 54.2% commercial/industrial, 38.6% residential, and 7.2% apartments. Shopping areas are efficiently distributed, and Bloomington businesses provide two jobs for every Bloomington resident in the workforce. Bloomington also has plenty of room for new multi-family residential and commercial development and is experiencing significant additional growth in three districts located along I-494.

#### Current City Development

In 2015, the City issued building permits for 426 new residential units with a total project valuation of \$70,499,147. 2015 was another all-time record year for construction in Bloomington as measured in permit valuation. Bloomington has set new permit valuation records in each of the past two years. Most of the growth continues to focus on the I-494 corridor, where excellent access to employment, improving transit service, and focused land use plans position the City well for future growth.

- The Luxembourg, a 282-unit upscale apartment development, continued construction just west of Normandale Boulevard and north of West 84th Street. The development is anticipated to be ready for occupancy in 2016.
- Luther Infiniti opened a new 33,000 square foot auto dealership building in the Penn American District.
- Three Rivers Park District opened a new 37,000 square foot ski chalet at Hyland Ski and Snowboard Area.
- TownePlace Suites, a 118-room extended stay hotel opened in the South Loop District.
- Hampton Inn and Suites, a 100-room hotel opened in the Normandale Lake District.
- Applewood Pointe, a 77-unit independent senior living cooperative opened on Old Shakopee Road at Beard Avenue.

- Hyatt Regency, a 302-room hotel in the South Loop District, neared construction completion.
- OATI, a software company serving the energy sector, continued construction on their five-story, 110,000 square foot office building and data center along I-494 at Computer Avenue.
- Penn American Phase II, a mixed use project in the Penn American District, partially opened. It includes:
  - A 107-room, five-story Home2 Suites by Hilton extended stay hotel.
  - A 28,600 square foot Fresh Thyme grocery.
  - A Red Robin restaurant.
  - Over 9,000 square feet of ground level retail.
- The Mall of America's Phase 1C expansion opened in the South Loop District. It includes:
  - A 14-story, 342-room J.W. Marriott hotel.
  - A 10-story, 180,500 square foot speculative office tower.
  - 161,000 square feet of retail and restaurant space over three-levels attached to Phase 1 of the Mall of America.
- A 5,500 square foot, three-tenant retail building opened on Lyndale Avenue near 87th Street.
- Marriott AC, a 148-room, five-story hotel, began construction in the South Loop District.
- Indigo by Lennar, a 395-unit, six story apartment building, began construction in the South Loop District.
- Park Place on France, a 20,676 square foot multi-tenant retail building, began construction on the corner of France Avenue and Old Shakopee Road.
- Masonic Homes began construction of a 53,000 square foot theater, museum, library and lodge on Normandale Boulevard.

#### Mall of America Development

Mall of America, the largest shopping mall in the country, opened its doors in August 1992 and has become one of the most visited tourist destinations in the world.

Mall of America has three anchor department stores: Macy's, Nordstrom, and Sears, as well as more than 50 eateries and 520 specialty shops. In 2015, Mall of America welcomed several new restaurants, retailers, entertainment and exclusive tenants including Cantina Laredo, Zia Italian, Burger Burger, Fjallraven, and Under Armour. Two connected luxury hotels, the 500-room Radisson Blu that opened on the south side in 2013 and the 342-room JW Marriott hotel that opened on the north side in 2015, offer outstanding amenities such as meeting rooms, on-site dining, fitness centers and more.

Mall of America also features an extensive entertainment complex that includes Nickelodeon Universe, a 7-acre indoor theme park. Newer attractions in the park include the longest indoor zip line in North America, flying thrill-seeking guests 405 feet across Nickelodeon Universe, and Shredders Mutant Masher, a giant pendulum ride that spins and swings riders more than 50 feet in the air.

Other attractions at the mall include a nightly lightshow called "Universe of Light" that takes place in Nickelodeon Universe every evening, the newly-renovated LEGO Imagination Center featuring a LEGO Robot towering over 34 feet tall, a 14-theater movie complex with a VIP theater and the STARBAR lounge, several destination restaurants, as well as SEALIFE, a 1.2 million-gallon walk-through aquarium featuring four different lake and sea environments. Free parking is provided in two, 6,000-space, seven-level public parking facilities.

Mall of America is a regional asset, attracting 42 million visitors a year and generating significant income and sales tax revenues for the State of Minnesota. The Port Authority of the City of Bloomington financed the initial land acquisition and on-site improvements. The total project was \$789 million, of which, the Port Authority provided approximately \$152 million in public improvements: \$11 million in site work, \$93 million in parking facilities, \$20 million in structural roadway and bridge work, and \$28 million in land acquisition.

The mall is expanding in phases. Phase IC began in 2014 and construction was completed in 2015. In November 2015, Mall of America opened a \$325 million expansion on the north side, increasing total area to 5.6 million square feet. The 555,000 square foot integrated expansion includes a 342-room JW Marriott hotel, a ten-story office building to be anchored by the supercomputing company Cray, and 161,000 square feet of additional retail, restaurants, and a large event space.

Mall of America anticipates several additional expansion phases including Phase IIB to the north, which is anticipated to start construction in 2017 and will include additional retail, a third hotel, a second office building and residential units. The City has completed significant infrastructure improvements, such as the lower of Lindau Lane, to facilitate further expansion of the mall.

#### **Major Initiative**

#### New Enterprise Resource Planning Software System

On January 1, 2015, the City of Bloomington implemented a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Software System, a substantial technology upgrade that impacted all City departments. As a result of enormous efforts made by City staff with support from City leadership, the ERP software implementation project was completed both on schedule and under budget. Funds approved and allocated for the project's software, implementation, and consulting services totaled \$1,215,902. Actual funds spent were only \$921,099, which resulted in a considerable savings of \$294,803 or 24% of the budget.

The City's previous financial and payroll software was an antiquated AS400 legacy system that was implemented in 1994. In early 2013, the Assistant Finance Manager took on the role of the ERP Project Manager and an ERP Project Team was formed with representatives from Finance, Human Resources, and Information Systems. There was also an additional team of 20 City employees from around the City who served as functional leads for different areas of the software. Due to the large scope and importance of the project, the City hired a consulting firm that specializes in ERP advisory services, Berry Dunn. They directed fact-finding meetings with staff from each affected department and developed functional and technical requirements to create an RFP (Request for Proposals) document for the new ERP system. In the fall of 2013, the ERP Project Team coordinated vendor demonstrations for staff and, after reference checks and site visits, the ERP Project Team selected Munis from Tyler Technologies. A software and implementation contract was signed in January 2014 and the consultants were also retained for ERP project oversight services.

In February 2014, the City held a City-wide project kick-off and began planning sessions for a 2015 implementation, preparing for the simultaneous roll out of Financials and Payroll/HR. Analysis sessions began with the City's functional area leaders and a completely new Chart of Accounts was created. A flurry of activity continued through summer as payroll tables were set up, work flows were built, and new checks, purchase orders, and invoice forms were created. Employee information and the new Chart of Accounts were loaded, conversion tables were completed, and continuous testing was performed for all modules. Multiple parallel payrolls were conducted in both the old and new systems, and finally end user training was conducted in December 2014.

After many intense months of preparation, the City of Bloomington successfully went live on Munis in January 2015. The following fourteen modules were implemented: Accounts Payable, Purchasing, General Billing, Budget, CAFR Statement Builder, Cash Management, Cash Receipting, Fixed Assets, General Ledger, Human Resources Management, Inventory, Payroll, Projects and Grants, and Work Orders. In September 2015, two additional modules were implemented - Employee Travel Reimbursement and Contract Management. While only 240 employees have access to the actual Munis software, all City employees have access to the Munis Employee Self Service portal where they enter time card hours, review payroll records, and sign up for benefits during open enrollment. Vendors also have access to the Munis Vendor Self Service portal where they can view purchase order and check information online.

Many benefits were realized upon implementing a modern ERP software system. Paper documentation was drastically reduced due to the new ability to add information and store documentation electronically within the system. Purchase orders and invoices can now be emailed. Approvals for journal entries, purchase requisitions, travel requests, time cards, and cash receipts are now all completed electronically. It is also much easier to retrieve and analyze data from the system by running reports and queries on line as opposed to running paper reports. The City offers continued updates and trainings to employees, sharing improved processes and expanded functionality to ensure that the organization realizes maximum value from the system.

#### **<u>Relevant Financial Policies</u>**

In accordance with the City's Budgetary and Financial Control Policy, the City strives to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures. The City also reviews and updates the schedule of fund balances, reserves, and working capital in all other operating funds and determine adequacy of those money balances, using specified guidelines and criteria in conjunction with the budgets set annually.

The City's Debt Policy confines long-term borrowing to capital improvements, equipment or projects that have a life of more than four years and cannot be financed from current revenues. The City endeavors to keep the total maturity length of general obligation bonds below twenty years and at least 50% of the principal is retired within ten years. Total net general obligation debt (after deducting sinking funds and reserves and net of any portion supported by utilities or others such as the State) shall not exceed 75% of the dollars per capita debt limit per year.

#### **Budget Process**

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than December 31 for the next year. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. The general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds have legally adopted annual budgets. All appropriation changes that occur during the year are approved by the City Council. Capital projects are approved on a project-by-project basis.

#### **Liquidity**

The following table shows previous year-end fund balances for the General Fund, as compared to original budget appropriations for the following year.

	General Fund Budget	Fund Balance Beginning of Year		
	Appropriations	Amount	% of Budget	
2012	\$56,927,790	\$20,005,338	35.1%	
2013	59,687,288	20,691,737	34.7	
2014	61,452,110	20,915,301	34.0	
2015	63,990,692	24,643,306	38.5	
2016	68,155,122	27,959,764	41.0	

The City's General Fund working capital balance of \$28,653,826 at December 31, 2015 includes amounts committed for encumbrances, carryovers, and fair value adjustments for investments, which brings the total fund balance to \$27,959,764. The City anticipates that the 2016 year-end General Fund balance will remain constant (plus any commitments for carryovers or encumbrances), based upon budgeted 2016 revenues and expenditures and one-time transfers of fund balance to other funds for specific projects.

#### **Debt Administration**

General obligation bond debt statistics for the City of Bloomington at December 31, 2015 are as follows (primary government only):

			Bonded Deb	t per Capita	
		% Market	Current	Prior	
	Amount	Value	Year	Year	
General Obligation Bonded Debt Improvement Bonds	\$ 7,055,000 51,139,974				
General Obligation Tax Increment	2,850,000				
Net Total	61,044,974				
Less Debt Service Funds	(18,208,674)				
Total Net Bonded Debt	42,836,300	.41%	\$ 496	\$ 537	
Overlapping Debt (1)	133,601,845	1.28	1,546	1,516	
Total – 2015 Year-End	\$ 176,438,145	1.69%	\$ 2,042		
Total - Prior Year-End	\$ 177,173,197	1.79%		\$ 2,053	

(1) School, County, and other local taxing entities - see Table 11.

In 2015, the City retired \$6,890,000 of improvement, \$1,460,000 of general obligation, and \$120,000 of general obligation tax increment. The City issued \$5,355,000 of improvement bonds in 2015.

Date of Issue	Amount	Туре	Average Life	Net Interest Rate	Interest Cost Per Borrowed Dollar
06/28/12	5,615,000	Improvement	6.06 years	1.79%	\$.16
06/28/12	5,900,000	Refunding Improvement	7.40	2.03	.22
11/20/13	4,180,000	Improvement	5.92	1.89	.14
11/20/13	5,135,000	Refunding Improvement	6.15	2.16	.18
12/18/14	6,695,000	Improvement	5.70	1.79	.12
12/18/14	770,000	Refunding Improvement	1.58	.84	.03
10/13/15	5,355,000	Improvement	6.65	1.81	.19

The following table presents general obligation bonds issued during the recent fiscal years:

The City's bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's highest rating, upgraded from Aa1 in November 1998), AAA by Standard and Poor's (S&P's highest rating, upgraded in October 2000), and AAA by Fitch Ratings (Fitch's highest rating, awarded in October 2004). These "Triple Triple A" bond ratings were reaffirmed at the most recent bond issuance. The City believes that its 2015 financial results, combined with its prospects for the future, will result in continued excellent bond ratings. These excellent ratings have had a positive effect on the sale of the City's bonds, by broadening the City's market and lowering the interest rates for borrowing.

#### 5-Year Community Investment Program

The proceeds of general obligation bond issues; federal, state and local grants; and other local funding sources for capital projects are accounted for in capital projects funds until the particular projects are completed.

The City utilizes a five-year Community Investment Program, outlining projected costs and sources of funding for proposed capital improvement projects. Any unrestricted fund balances of the Park Development Fund and the Facility and Parks Maintenance Fund are identified for use as proposed in the Community Investment Program, when and if such projects are ordered by the City Council.

Project Category	Estimated Amount (in millions)	Approximate Sources of Funding	
City Facilities, Parks and Park Development	\$ 91	Grants, Other Park Donations	99% 1
Alternative/Surface Transportation	393	Federal Funds Other Governments P.I.R. Bonds Municipal State Aid Tax Increment Other Franchise Fee	25% 51 11 6 2 3 1
Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Facilities	32	Cash on Hand Bonds	71% 29
Economic Development and Redevelopment	59	Liquor/Lodging Tax State Funds	70% 30
Total	\$ 575		

The City's latest five-year Community Investment Program indicated the following totals for the five-year period of 2016-2020:

#### **Certificate of Achievement**

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bloomington, Minnesota, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Bloomington has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 44 consecutive years. We believe this 2015 CAFR continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we will be submitting it to GFOA.

#### **Independent Audit**

State law provides that the City may arrange for examination of its books, records, accounts and affairs, or any part thereof, by the state auditor, or by certified public accountants. It has been a long-standing policy of the City to provide for a complete annual audit of City records by certified public accountants. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the Financial Section of this report.

#### **Acknowledgments**

We wish to express our appreciation to the Finance Department staff, in particular Rose Ackerman, Jan Almquist, Kari Carlson, Mary Lee, and Amy Sevig, for their diligent work in preparing this report. We appreciate the cooperation and support from other City departments both in the preparation of this report and in budget management throughout the year. We also wish to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

fie Zonomy

Lori Economy-Scholler, Chief Financial Officer Finance Department

Juliana H. Vogel, Finance Manager Finance Department



Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Bloomington Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

hay R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

SECTION II

## FINANCIAL SECTION





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomington, Minnesota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Bloomington, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, City of Bloomington, Minnesota adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, the schedules of pension contributions and the schedule of changes in the net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bloomington, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information, other supplementary information and the statistical section are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain

additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Bloomington, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kedpath and Company 112.

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LTD. St. Paul, Minnesota

June 14, 2016



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Bloomington (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found on pages 7 - 17 of this report, and the City's basic financial statements following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the 2015 fiscal year by \$535.7 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$81.6 million (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$34.9 million is restricted for debt service, \$24.0 million is restricted for tax increment, \$5.5 million is restricted for street reconstruction, \$4.2 million is restricted for other purposes, and \$385.5 million is the City's net investment in capital assets.
- The net position of the government-wide financial statements was negatively impacted in the current year by \$21.4 million due to the required implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Report for Pensions, a new accounting standard. This is more fully described on page 30. Prior to an adjustment made for the new accounting standard, the City's net position increased by \$21.0 million. The primary reason for the increase in net position was the decrease in expenses in Development Services and an increase in Property Taxes, Business Taxes, and Grants within the General Revenues.
- As of December 31, 2015, the City's governmental funds had combined fund balances of \$107.7 million, an increase of \$7.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 52% of the combined committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available to meet the City's current and future needs. The remaining 48% is restricted for mostly grants, debt service, and capital projects.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$28.0 million, or 45% of actual total General Fund expenditures. This compares to \$24.6 million from the prior year, an increase of roughly \$3.4 million. The General Fund working capital goal policy states the City will strive to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures. As of December 31, 2015, the fund balance of the General Fund was within this range. \$1,259,000 of this positive performance has been committed for budgeted carryover amounts unspent in 2015 and encumbrances for open purchase order contracts at the end of 2015 that were carried over to the 2016 budget.
- The City's total long term liabilities increased from the number reported in 2014 due to GASB Statement No. 68 that required the City to include the net position liability that will be paid by Public Employee's Pension Association. Overall the total increased by \$40.4 million.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The City retired General Obligation and other non-pension related debt totaling \$11.4 million and increased debt by bond issuance and other non-pension related liabilities of \$9.2 million.

- The estimated market value for all taxable property is at \$10.4 billion for assessment year 2014 (payable in 2015). After fifteen years of steadily increasing market values peaking in 2008 at \$11.8 billion, values declined as a result of the worldwide "Great Recession" before bottoming in assessment years 2012 and 2013 at \$9.9 billion. Total market value is again growing and is now at a level just slightly above that in assessment year 2010. This growth trend is continuing as real estate markets have strengthened and significant new development is occurring.
- Entity-wide, the City recorded \$17.3 million in depreciation expense on its capital assets.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general services, development services, public works, public safety, and community services. The business-type activities of the City include water/wastewater, storm water, solid waste management, recreational facilities, contractual police services, and motor vehicle operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City (*known as the primary government*), but also two legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The *component units* are the Bloomington Housing and Redevelopment Authority and the Bloomington Port Authority. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City externally reports five major and ten nonmajor governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Development Block Grant, Improvement Bonds, Capital Projects, and Improvement Construction, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water/wastewater, storm water, recreational facilities, solid waste, contractual police, and motor vehicle operations.

Internal service funds are used to allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its support services, information systems, equipment, public safety radio, self-insurance, insured benefits, benefit accrual, facilities and

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

parks maintenance, and PERA pension. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, some allocations have been made to business-type activities. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water/wastewater, storm water, recreational facilities (which are considered to be major funds of the City), and solid waste, contractual police, and motor vehicle operations are combined and presented as nonmajor funds. The City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements (except for internal service fund amounts which are allocated to both the governmental and business-type activities) but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

#### Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 66 - 115 of this report.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. Required supplementary information can be found on Exhibits A-1 through A-9 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds and internal service funds are presented in the *supplementary information* section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on Exhibits B-1 through F-2 of this report.

The other supplementary section includes additional information on the two component units.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

An analysis of the City's financial position begins with a review of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These two statements report the City's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth, and new regulations.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$535,740,400 at December 31, 2015, as compared to \$536,134,632 at the end of 2014.

							Total
	Governmen	nental activities Business-type activities Total		otal	Percentage		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 210,012,720	\$ 190,174,587	\$ 14,101,959	\$ 13,095,485	\$ 224,114,679	\$ 203,270,072	10.3%
Capital assets	357,852,758	342,930,423	85,388,894	86,185,438	443,241,652	429,115,861	3.3%
Total assets	567,865,478	533,105,010	99,490,853	99,280,923	667,356,331	632,385,933	5.5%
Deferred outflows:							
Deferred outflows	15,503,997		85,388,894		100,892,891		100.0%
Total assets and deferred outflows	583,369,475	533,105,010	184,879,747	99,280,923	768,249,222	632,385,933	21.5%
Liabilities:							
Current and other liabilities	8,781,821	9,823,514	1,700,286	1,313,073	10,482,107	11,136,587	(5.9)%
Noncurrent liabilities	125,536,590	85,114,714	-	-	125,536,590	85,114,714	47.5%
Total liabilities	134,318,411	94,938,228	1,700,286	1,313,073	136,018,697	96,251,301	41.3%
Deferred inflows:							
Deferred inflows	11,101,231				11,101,231		100.0%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	145,419,642	94,938,228	1,700,286	1,313,073	147,119,928	96,251,301	52.8%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	300,117,784	283,643,717	85,388,894	86,185,438	385,506,678	369,829,155	4.2%
Restricted	68,599,352	67,294,971	-	-	68,599,352	67,294,971	1.9%
Unrestricted	69,232,697	87,228,094	12,401,673	11,782,412	81,634,370	99,010,506	(17.5)%
Total net position	\$ 437,949,833	\$ 438,166,782	\$ 97,790,567	\$ 97,967,850	\$ 535,740,400	\$ 536,134,632	

#### **CITY OF BLOOMINGTON'S NET POSITION**

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As of December 31, 2015, the City had a positive net position balance for the government as a whole.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position, \$385,506,678 (approximately 72%), reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment, distribution system, improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets as an integral part of providing services to citizens; consequently, these are not "liquid" assets and are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$68,599,352 (approximately 13%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$81,634,370 (approximately 15%), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* for the year ended December 31, 2015. Essentially, the standard required the unfunded portion of defined benefit pension plans to be reported by all participating employers. Recording the net pension liability and the pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources do not change the City's future funding requirements or obligations under the plans, which are determined by state statutes. Additionally, the standard required the net pension asset of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association to be recorded in the government-wide financial statements for the first time.

Net position was negatively impacted by \$23,179,637 at December 31, 2015 due to the implementation of this standard. Pension-related amounts included in the above schedule related to the standard are as follows:

Net pension asset	\$ 14,992,249
Deferred outflows of resources	15,503,997
Net pension liability	(42,574,651)
Deferred inflows of resources	 (11,101,232)
Total	\$ (23,179,637)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The following schedule provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2015:

#### CITY OF BLOOMINGTON'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended December 31, 2015

				_	Total		
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Percent
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change
REVENUES:							
Program revenues: Charges for services	\$ 12.424.605	¢ 11 714 060	\$ 34,009,753	\$ 31,165,115	\$ 46.434.358	\$ 42.879.375	8.3 %
5	\$ 12,424,605 7,103,296	\$ 11,714,260 6,524,865	5 34,009,753 519,824	\$ 31,165,115 854,174	\$ 46,434,358 7,623,120	\$ 42,879,375 7,379,039	8.3 % 3.3 %
Operating grants and contributions	, ,	, ,	,	004,174	, ,	, ,	
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	17,377,334	16,172,833	245,654	-	17,622,988	16,172,833	9.0 %
Property taxes	48,881,455	46,752,023	1,414,133	1,451,140	50,295,588	48,203,163	4.3 %
Business taxes	14,412,263	14,222,910	-	-	14,412,263	14,222,910	1.3 %
Grants and contributions not restricted	2,877,947	1,850,619	-	-	2,877,947	1,850,619	55.5 %
Gain on sale of capital assets	163,564	4,275	-	-	163,564	4,275	3,726.1 %
Interest and investment earnings	1,061,308	1,508,213	78,237	88,357	1,139,545	1,596,570	(28.6)%
Total revenues	104,301,772	98,749,998	36,267,601	33,558,786	140,569,373	132,308,784	6.2 %
EXPENSES:							
General services	7,574,572	7,702,188	-	-	7,574,572	7,702,188	(1.7)%
Development services	11,120,055	23,261,857	-	-	11,120,055	23,261,857	(52.2)%
Public works	15,922,887	15,620,844	-	-	15,922,887	15,620,844	1.9 %
Public safety	30,927,415	29,695,195	-	-	30,927,415	29,695,195	4.1 %
Community services	15,987,952	15,720,340	-	-	15,987,952	15,720,340	1.7 %
Interest on long-term debt	1,587,935	1,767,122	-	-	1,587,935	1,767,122	(10.1)%
Water/wastewater utility	-	-	23,091,127	23,004,075	23,091,127	23,004,075	0.4 %
Storm water utility	-	-	3,453,095	3,446,390	3,453,095	3,446,390	0.2 %
Recreational facilities	-	-	5,620,253	5,781,663	5,620,253	5,781,663	(2.8)%
Solid waste management	-	-	1,895,481	1,606,211	1,895,481	1,606,211	18.0 %
Contractual police services	-	-	1,717,906	607,999	1,717,906	607,999	182.6 %
Motor vehicle	-	-	672,289	637,357	672,289	637,357	5.5 %
Total expenses	83,120,816	93,767,546	36,450,151	35,083,695	119,570,967	128,851,241	(7.2)%
Change in net position before transfers	21,180,956	4,982,452	(182,550)	(1,524,909)	20,998,406	3,457,543	507.3 %
Transfers	(5,267)	(978,759)	5,267	978,759			- %
Change in net position	21,175,689	4,003,693	(177,283)	(546,150)	20,998,406	3,457,543	507.3 %
Net position - January 1	438,166,782	434,163,089	97,967,850	98,514,000	536,134,632	532,677,089	0.6 %
Prior period adjustment	(21,392,638)	-	-	-	(21,392,638)		- %
Net position - January 1, as restated	416,774,144	434,163,089	97,967,850	98,514,000	514,741,994	532,677,089	(3.4)%
Net position - December 31	\$ 437,949,833	\$ 438,166,782	\$ 97,790,567	\$ 97,967,850	\$ 535,740,400	\$ 536,134,632	(0.1)%

Expenses above include \$13,359,395 of depreciation expense for governmental activities under the full accrual basis of accounting.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

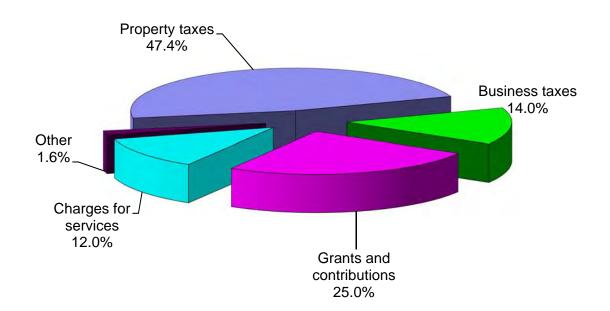
#### **Governmental activities**

As part of GASB Statement No. 34 reporting changes, internal service fund charges for services (program revenues of \$40,315,970) and expenses (\$40,498,129) were allocated to all the governmental and business-type activities. A comparison of revenue and expense changes from 2014 to 2015 follows:

Overall, governmental activities revenues increased by \$5.6 million. Within this increase, general revenues increased overall by \$3.1 million in 2015 due to a combination of the following factors. Property taxes increased by \$2.1 million as a result of the levy and market value increases, and grants and contributions not restricted increased by \$1 million due to increase of grants for construction projects.

Program revenues increased by \$2.5 million in 2015. Charges for services increased by \$710 thousand as a result of increased permits issued. Operating grants and contribution increased by \$600 thousand primarily due to Fire grant for firefighters' training. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$1.2 million as a result of increased capital projects.

Development services expenses decreased by \$12 million due to decrease in capital improvement project spending.

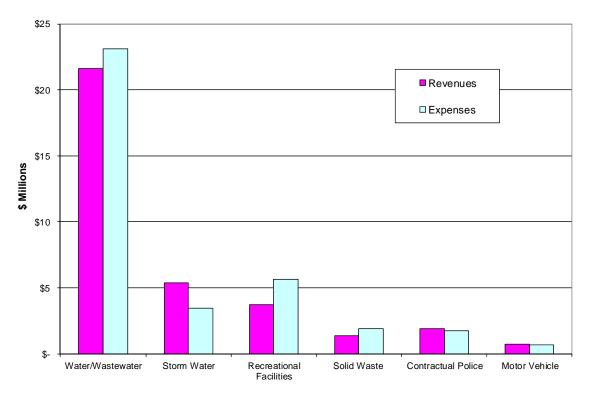


#### City of Bloomington 2015 Revenue Sources - Governmental Activities

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### **Business-type activities**

Business-type expenses increased in 2015 by \$1.4 million. These expenses include depreciation of capital assets that were funded in prior years. Where expenses exceeded revenues, there was a planned spend-down of net position.





#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

*Governmental Funds.* The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, *unrestricted fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

At December 31, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$107,693,460, an increase of \$7.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Fund balance of \$51.9 million is *restricted* due to externally enforceable legal restrictions (creditors, grantors, contributors, and by law through constitutional provisions or enabling regulations).

Approximately, \$55.8 million or 52% of total fund balance constitutes *unrestricted fund balance* which is the total of *committed fund balance* (amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes by a formal action of the City Council), *assigned fund balance* (amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose as expressed by an official that has been delegated authority from the City Council), and *unassigned fund balance* (amounts that are available for any purpose in the General Fund). The following presents the amounts of unrestricted fund balance by various fund types:

	Unrestricted
Fund Type	Fund Balance
General fund	\$ 27,959,764
Special revenue funds	1,443,283
Capital projects funds	5,655,282
Improvement construction funds	20,749,715
Total	\$ 55,808,044

The following tables provide an overview of revenues by source and expenditures by function for all governmental funds:

## **Revenues by Source Governmental Funds**

	201	5		2014		Increase
	 Amount		Percent of Total	 Amount	Percent of Total	(Decrease) Amount
Revenues by source:						
Taxes	\$ 63,264,449		59.3%	\$ 60,979,402	61.4%	\$ 2,285,047
Special assessments	4,469,106		4.2	3,645,884	3.7	823,222
Business licenses	6,241,921		5.8	5,864,807	5.9	377,114
Fines and forfeitures	1,251,693		1.2	1,216,254	1.2	35,439
Intergovernmental	17,553,679		16.5	14,745,267	14.8	2,808,412
Program income	3,116,814		2.9	3,021,925	3.0	94,889
Interest and investment income	833,337		.8	1,250,209	1.3	(416,872)
Franchise fees	1,400,108		1.3	1,166,756	1.2	233,352
Contractual component unit	3,383,930		3.2	3,090,004	3.1	293,926
Other	 5,085,993		4.8	 4,356,063	4.4	729,930
Total	\$ 106,601,030		100.0%	\$ 99,336,571	100.0%	\$ 7,264,459

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

	2015	5	2014	Ļ	Increase
	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Total	(Decrease) Amount
Expenditures by Function		01 10101		01 1000	- milount
General services	\$ 6,741,110	6.4%	\$ 6,804,893	5.4%	\$ (63,783)
Development services	8,479,242	8.1	19,400,112	15.4	(10,920,870)
Public works	9,989,225	9.5	10,464,616	8.3	(475,391)
Public safety	29,692,500	28.3	28,984,753	23.0	707,747
Community services	15,396,539	14.7	14,709,288	11.7	687,251
Debt service	9,592,056	9.1	19,662,852	15.6	(10,070,796)
Capital outlay	25,111,728	23.9	25,837,381	20.6	(725,653)
Total	\$ 105,002,400	100.0%	\$ 125,863,895	100.0%	\$(20,861,495)

### Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds

Please note that the governmental fund information shown above is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information on the government-wide statements is presented on the full accrual basis. The two formats are prepared differently as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). See the reconciliations of these statements on Exhibits 4 and 6.

Following is a discussion of the major governmental funds that had large increases or decreases of fund balances:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$27,959,764 which was comprised of \$1,259,003 of committed fund balance and \$26,700,761 of unassigned fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 43% of total General Fund expenditures. It is important to note that the General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$26,700,761 is designated in its entirety for a working capital goal of \$26,476,398. The committed amount of \$1,259,003 consists of a budget carryover amount of \$598,028, and encumbrance rollover amount of \$660,975. The budget carryover represents 2015 budgeted amounts that were unspent in 2015 and were carried over to the 2016 budget. The encumbrance rollover amount represents encumbrances for open purchase order contracts at the end of 2015 that were carried over to the 2016 budget.

Overall, General Fund revenues increased from \$61.7 million in 2014 to \$63.7 million in 2015. Of this increase, that largest factor was an increase in property tax revenue by \$1.6 million as a result of increased market values and tax levy. There were also increases in lodging and admission tax revenues of \$214,000, as well as business license revenue increase of \$377,000 due to a continued improvement in the local economy which contributed to increased lodging and entertainment sales as well as increased building construction. General Fund expenditures increased from \$60.4 million in 2014 to \$62.4 million in 2015.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The Capital Projects fund balance had a net increase of \$2.2 million in 2015 due to a decrease in capital project expenditures.

The Improvement Construction fund balance increased \$733,000. There was a reclassification of Nonmajor funds to Improvement Construction in the amount of \$12.8 million.

The fund balances of the City's Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased by \$596,000 due to the activity in the Communications and South Loop Revolving Development funds.

*Proprietary Funds.* The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As discussed earlier, the City reports two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. The following sections describe the key balances and transactions for the different fund types.

The net position of the enterprise funds decreased by \$157,164 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change include:

- The Water/Wastewater Utility Fund had a decrease in net position of \$1.5 million due to a decrease in service charges.
- The Storm Water Fund had an increase in net position of \$2.0 million due mostly to a modest increase in charges for services to finance future storm water improvements.

The net position of the internal service funds increased by \$158,132 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change include:

- The Self Insurance Fund had an increase of net position by \$1.5 million due to an increase in charges for services.
- The Insured Benefit Fund net position decreased by \$1.3 million due to increase in transfers to other funds.
- Facilities Parks and Maintenance net position increased \$961,000 as some projects were delayed.
- PERA Pension decreased \$1.1 million as the new GASB 68 standard was implemented.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$582,233 increase in appropriations and can be briefly summarized as follows:

• The council approved transfers out to Strategic Priorities in the amount of \$525,000 as a result of 2014 positive performance.

The actual results compared to the final budget showed a \$3.7 million favorable variance due to better than budgeted revenues as well as conservative spending. Significant details are as follows:

- Lodging and admissions tax revenue exceeded budget by \$369,918 due to a better than expected recovery in the local hotel and entertainment industries as well as new hotels opening.
- Business license revenue exceeded budget by \$1.7 million also due to a better than expected improvement in the local economy.
- Public Works expenditures were \$717,907 under budget due to a spending reduction in administrative expenditures and savings from unfilled positions.
- Community Development and Community Services expenditures budget were \$632,680 under budget due to savings from unfilled positions.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2015 amount to \$443,241,652 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment, and distribution system. Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year include the following:

- The City's Utilities Division improved the water, wastewater, and storm water distribution systems at a cost of \$2,940,015.
- The 2015 Pavement Management Program expended \$7,498,877. These improvements included 3.66 miles of reconstructed streets and 6.88 miles of overlaid streets.
- The City's State Aid Construction Fund spent \$1,962,622 on street improvement projects in 2015.

The City's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3.

## Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$59,300,000 as compared to \$62,415,000 in the prior year. This amount is comprised of \$59,300,000 related to governmental activities and no debt related to business-type activities.

In 2015, the City issued \$5,355,000 of General Obligation Permanent Improvement Revolving (PIR) Bonds. \$850,000 of the PIR bond proceeds was used for the South Loop Wayfinding project. In 2015 the City retired a total of \$8,470,000 (of which \$1,225,000 was the refunding of the 2006 Permanent Improvement Refunding bonds) resulting in \$59,300,000 in bonds payable as of December 31, 2015.

The City maintains an "Aaa" rating from Moody's, an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's, and an "AAA" rating from Fitch Ratings. The City is one of only 32 cities nationwide to hold this "Triple A" bond ratings combination. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following key indicators provide highlights of the City's economic outlook and future budget impact:

- At December 2015, the unemployment rate in Bloomington was 2.9%, down 0.2% from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's December unemployment rate of 3.7% and the national rate of 4.8%.
- As of January 2015 the assessor's estimated market value for Bloomington turned up an additional 9.9% on top of 5.7% growth in 2014 to a total of \$11.5 billion. This is a 59% increase in total City market value since 2000, and the total is now just 3% below the peak in 2008. The City's diverse tax base, approximately half commercial and half residential, will provide stability in the coming year.
- The City's contract with its health care provider included a rate freeze for the years 2013-2014 and a 15% increase cap for 2015 and 2016.
- The proposed Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) pension costs to the City for 2016 are estimated at roughly \$4.24 million.
- Property tax reforms and budget deficits at the state level significantly reduced general state government aid and market value homestead credit payments made to the City. In the late 1990s, the City created a prioritized list of downturn strategies. Starting with the 2002 budget process to address the "dot.com" downturn, the City has conservatively utilized these strategies to mitigate large fluctuations in the year-to-year revenues and expenditures. These strategies were again used during the most recent recession. The budgets, starting with the year 2013, began replenishing reserve funds used for the downturn.
- The 2016 budget was approved without the need to reduce existing service levels. In the approved 2016 budget, there was a two and a half percent salary increase for City employees, the same percentage as in 2015.
- The City uses a five-year General Fund financial model to determine levels of service and to respond to short-term economic and financial changes to make good decisions for the long term. Other funds are modeled for ten to fifteen years to moderate fee increases and to plan for pay-as-you-go capital improvements.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Bloomington's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

## **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or the requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Bloomington Civic Plaza, 1800 West Old Shakopee Road, Bloomington, Minnesota, 55431.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

EXHIBIT 1

December 31, 2015

Receivables, net         36,691,179         6,376,033         43,067,212         2,252,928         7,943,7           Prepaid items         676,010         48,363         724,373         -         334,4           Due from primary government         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from other governments         -         -         -         867,431         83,7           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7			Primary Government		Compor	nent Units
Activities         Activities         Total         Authority         Authority           ASSETS         Cash, cash equivalents, and investments         \$ 139,005,102         \$ 10,916,558         \$ 149,921,660         \$ 65,465,598         \$ 5,816,5           Receivables, net         36,691,179         6,376,033         43,067,212         2,252,928         7,943,7           Prepaid items         667,6010         48,363         724,373         -         334,4           Due from primary government         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -           Due from other governments         -         -         867,431         83,7           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         7,32,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         -         1,600,33           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,33           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613			-			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments         \$ 139,005,102         \$ 10,916,558         \$ 149,921,660         \$ 65,465,598         \$ 5,816,5           Receivables, net         36,691,179         6,376,033         43,067,212         2,252,928         7,943,7           Prepaid items         676,010         48,363         724,373         -         334,4           Due from primary government         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -           Due from other governments         -         -         867,431         83,7           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         732,9           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4				Total		
Receivables, net         36,691,179         6,376,033         43,067,212         2,252,928         7,943,7           Prepaid items         676,010         48,363         724,373         -         334,4           Due from primary government         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -           Due from other governments         -         -         7,206,300         -           Due from other governments         -         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -         -           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7					•	
Prepaid items         676,010         48,363         724,373         -         334,4           Due from primary government         -         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -         -           Due from other governments         -         -         -         5,627         159,6           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+ - / /	+ -,- ,	+,,	. , ,
Due from primary government         -         -         867,431         83,7           Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -		, ,	, ,	, ,	2,252,928	7,943,722
Due from component units         7,206,300         -         7,206,300         -           Due from other governments         -         -         -         5,627         159,6           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         -           Capital assets:         -         -         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7	•	676,010	48,363	724,373	-	334,436
Due from other governments         -         -         -         5,627         159,6           Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         -           Capital assets:         -         -         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - not of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7		-	-	-	867,431	83,710
Inventory         8,202,885         -         8,202,885         -         732,9           Internal balances         3,238,995         (3,238,995)         -         -         -         732,9           Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -         1,600,3         -         -         1,301,4         -         -         1,301,4         -         -         1,301,4         -         -         2,901,7         -         2,901,7         -         2,901,7         -         2,901,7         -         2,901,7         -	•	7,206,300	-	7,206,300	-	-
Internal balances       3,238,995       (3,238,995)       -       -       -         Net pension asset       14,992,249       -       14,992,249       -       -       14,992,249       -         Capital assets:       -       103,203,831       4,902,281       108,106,112       -       1,600,3         Capital assets - net of accumulated depr       254,648,927       80,486,613       335,135,540       -       1,301,4         Net capital assets       357,852,758       85,388,894       443,241,652       -       2,901,7	5	-	-	-	5,627	159,639
Net pension asset         14,992,249         -         14,992,249         -           Capital assets:         -         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7		-, - ,	-	8,202,885	-	732,958
Capital assets:         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7		, ,	(3,238,995)	-	-	-
Capital assets - nondepreciable         103,203,831         4,902,281         108,106,112         -         1,600,3           Capital assets - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7	•	14,992,249	-	14,992,249	-	-
Capital assets         - net of accumulated depr         254,648,927         80,486,613         335,135,540         -         1,301,4           Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7	•					
Net capital assets         357,852,758         85,388,894         443,241,652         -         2,901,7	• •			, ,	-	1,600,300
	•				-	1,301,435
Total assets 567,865,478 99,490,853 667,356,331 68,591,584 17.972.7	•				-	2,901,735
	Total assets	567,865,478	99,490,853	667,356,331	68,591,584	17,972,781
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources         15,503,997         -         15,503,997         -	Deferred outflows of resources		-		-	-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         583,369,475         99,490,853         682,860,328         68,591,584         17,972,7	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	583,369,475	99,490,853	682,860,328	68,591,584	17,972,781
LIABILITIES						
		, ,	1,566,116	, ,	, ,	140,874
Accrued interest payable 694,462 - 694,462 34,970		,	-	'	34,970	-
Unearned revenue 1,173,065 134,170 1,307,235 -		, ,	134,170		-	-
Due to component units         951,141         -         951,141         -		951,141	-	951,141	-	
		-	-	-	4,141,793	261,154
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due to primary government -						
		-	-	-	-	2,803,353
Due within one year         9,195,514         -         9,195,514         -	,	, ,	-	, ,	-	-
			-		7,165,199	1,574,720
Net pension liability         42,574,651         -         42,574,651         -			-		-	-
Total liabilities         134,318,411         1,700,286         136,018,697         13,147,707         4,780,1	Total liabilities	134,318,411	1,700,286	136,018,697	13,147,707	4,780,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflow of resources         11,101,231         -         11,101,231         -			-		-	-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources         145,419,642         1,700,286         147,119,928         13,147,707         4,780,1	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	145,419,642	1,700,286	147,119,928	13,147,707	4,780,101
	NET DODITION					
		000 447 704	05 000 004	005 500 070		1 007 015
	•	300,117,784	85,388,894	385,506,678	-	1,327,015
Restricted for:						
Debt service 34,943,195 - 34,943,195 -			-		-	-
		, ,	-		55,407,328	1,136,953
Street reconstruction 5,455,783 - 5,455,783 -		, ,	-	, ,	-	-
			-		-	69,899
						10,658,813
Total net position         \$ 437,949,833         \$ 97,790,567         \$ 535,740,400         \$ 55,443,877         \$ 13,192,60	i otal net position	\$ 437,949,833	\$ 97,790,567	\$ 535,740,400	\$ 55,443,877	\$ 13,192,680

## CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2015

						Net (Expense) R	evenue and Chang	es in Net Position	
		F	Program Revenue	S	F	rimary Governme	nt	Compor	nent Units
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Port Authority	Housing and Redevelopment Authority
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General Services	\$ 7,574,572	\$ 3,906,587	\$ 494,794	\$-	\$ (3,173,191)	\$-	\$ (3,173,191)	\$-	\$-
Development Services	11,120,055	5,788,420	324,694	2,842,812	(2,164,129)	-	(2,164,129)	-	-
Public Works	15,922,887	85,841	23,100	13,956,502	(1,857,444)	-	(1,857,444)	-	-
Public Safety	30,927,415	559,691	1,953,129	29,090	(28,385,505)	-	(28,385,505)	-	-
Community Services	15,987,952	2,084,066	4,307,579	548,930	(9,047,377)	-	(9,047,377)	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,587,935	-	-	-	(1,587,935)	-	(1,587,935)	-	-
Total governmental activities	83,120,816	12,424,605	7,103,296	17,377,334	(46,215,581)	-	(46,215,581)	-	-
Business-type activities:									
Water/Wastewater Utility	23,091,127	21,412,966	8,665	195,998	-	(1,473,498)	(1,473,498)	-	-
Storm Water Utility	3,453,095	5,269,105	120,571	-	-	1,936,581	1,936,581	-	-
Recreational Facilities	5,620,253	3,710,670	30,826	-	-	(1,878,757)	(1,878,757)	-	-
Solid Waste Management	1,895,481	1,013,611	310,909	49,656	-	(521,305)	(521,305)	-	-
Contractual Police	1,717,906	1,873,928	48,853	-	-	204,875	204,875	-	-
Motor Vehicle	672,289	729,473	-	-	-	57,184	57,184	-	-
<ul> <li>Total business-type activities</li> </ul>	36,450,151	34,009,753	519,824	245,654	-	(1,674,920)	(1,674,920)	-	· ·
Total primary government	\$ 119,570,967	\$ 46,434,358	\$ 7,623,120	\$ 17,622,988	(46,215,581)	(1,674,920)	(47,890,501)		-
Component units:									
Port Authority	\$ 14,585,791	\$-	\$ 260,000	\$-	-	-	-	(14,325,791)	-
Housing and Redevelopment Authority	7,272,208	939,177	5,148,272	÷					(1,184,759)
Total component units	\$ 21,857,999	\$ 939,177	\$ 5,408,272	\$-	-			(14,325,791)	(1,184,759)
		General revenue	es:						
		Property taxes			48,881,455	1,414,133	50,295,588	22,093,532	2,723,052
		Business taxes			14,412,263	-	14,412,263	-	-
		Grants and con	tributions not rest	ricted	2,877,947	-	2,877,947	-	-
		Gain on sale of			163,564	-	163,564	-	-
			estment earnings		1,061,308	78,237	1,139,545	309,177	-
		Transfers			(5,267)	5,267	-	-	-
		Total general	revenues and tr	ansfers	67,391,270	1,497,637	68,888,907	22,402,709	2,723,052
		Change in net p	osition		21,175,689	(177,283)	20,998,406	8,076,918	1,538,293
		Net position - Ja	anuary 1		438,166,782	97,967,850	536,134,632	47,366,959	11,654,387
		Prior period adj		ote 15	(21,392,638)	-	(21,392,638)	-	-
		Net position - Ja			416,774,144	97,967,850	514,741,994	47,366,959	11,654,387
		Net position - De	ecember 31		\$ 437,949,833	\$ 97,790,567	\$ 535,740,400	\$ 55,443,877	\$ 13,192,680

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EXHIBIT 2



#### MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **GENERAL FUND**

This fund accounts for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established to account for taxes and other revenues set aside for a particular purpose.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for funds received under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Improvement Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on general obligation improvement bonds.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the construction and financing of large capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for funds and monies required for financing land acquisitions, park development, and construction and equipment related to public facilities.

<u>Improvement Construction Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold for the purpose of street, sewer, water, and state aid construction.

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

ASSETS		General Fund	De	Community evelopment lock Grant	lr	nprovement Bonds
ASSETS	•		•		•	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	27,865,985	\$	38,030	\$	16,722,562
Accrued interest receivable		93,360		28		48,907
Taxes receivable		434,269		-		8,485
Accounts receivable		1,604,561		-		-
Loan receivable		-		-		-
Mortgages receivable		-		9,584,728		-
Prepaids items		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-
Due from other funds		550,000		-		-
Due from component units		153,216		-		-
Due from other governments		185,909		59,891		17,739
Special assessments receivable		22,535		-		17,428,983
opecial assessments receivable		22,000				17,420,505
Total assets	\$	30,909,835	\$	9,682,677	\$	34,226,676
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	1,807,175	\$	14,239	\$	_
Retainage payable	ψ	1,007,175	Ψ	14,239	ψ	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
		-		-		-
Due to component units		-		83,710		-
Unearned revenue		668,857		-		-
Deposits payable		25,200		-		-
Total liabilities		2,501,232		97,949		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - mortgages		-		9,584,728		-
Deferred inflows - taxes		426,304		-		-
Deferred inflows - state aid		-		-		_
Deferred inflows - special assessments		22,535		_		17,428,983
Deferred inflows - land held for resale		- 22,000		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		448,839		9,584,728		17,428,983
Total deferred innows of resources		440,000		3,304,720		17,420,900
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		16,797,693
Committed		1,259,003		-		-
Assigned		1,200,000		_		_
Unassigned		26,700,761				
Total fund balances						16 707 602
i olai iunu balances		27,959,764		-		16,797,693
Total lighiliting deformed inflows						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	30,909,835	\$	9,682,677	\$	34,226,676

Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 23,642,296 60,880 (91) 103,345 875,911 - 16,500	\$ 28,777,993 102,467 (378) - - - - - -	\$    5,991,429 19,789 (205) 408,949 - - 4,085	<pre>\$ 103,038,295 325,431 442,080 2,116,855 875,911 9,584,728 20,585</pre>
7,418,047 2,460,000 4,124,731 374,899 1,677,879	606,477 - - 3,202,760 -	- - - 464,001	8,024,524 3,010,000 4,277,947 4,305,199 19,129,397
\$ 40,754,397	\$ 32,689,319	\$ 6,888,048	\$ 155,150,952
\$ 1,201,017 463,246 - 867,431 - 21,635 2,553,329	\$ 433,464 391,400 2,460,000 - - - 3,284,864	\$ 200,949 - 130,000 - 429,207 321,891 1,082,047	<ul> <li>\$ 3,656,844</li> <li>854,646</li> <li>2,590,000</li> <li>951,141</li> <li>1,098,064</li> <li>368,726</li> <li>9,519,421</li> </ul>
- - 1,677,879 7,418,047 9,095,926	- 773,118 - <u>606,477</u> 1,379,595	- - - - - - -	9,584,728 426,304 773,118 19,129,397 8,024,524 37,938,071
16,500 24,037,571 5,051,071 - - 29,105,142	- 7,275,145 - 20,749,715 - 28,024,860	4,085 3,754,414 1,443,291 604,211 - 5,806,001	20,585 51,864,823 7,753,365 21,353,926 26,700,761 107,693,460
\$ 40,754,397	\$ 32,689,319	\$ 6,888,048	\$ 155,150,952



Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ 107,693,460 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds: Cost of capital assets \$ 447,251,700 Less accumulated depreciation (139, 103, 980)308,147,720 Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable. (663, 012)Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services provided to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service fund net position per statements 24,792,628 Add allocation to business-type activities 3,214,478 28,007,106 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (55,640,000)A portion of the annual required contribution for other post employment benefits was not paid in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds. (6, 127, 767)Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds at the time of issuance. In the Statement of Net Position, these costs are amortized over the life of the debt issue. (1,744,974)Amounts due from component units-bonds payable are not reflected in the governmental funds and, therefore, must be added to reconcile to the total net position of governmental activities. 2,926,050 Amounts pertaining to the Bloomington Fire Relief Association pension plan are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governemental funds: Net pension asset 14,992,249 Deferred outflows of resources 8,043,538 Deferred inflows of resources (5,422,604) 17,613,183 Other long-term assets related to delinquent property taxes, land held for resale, and special assessments are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds. 37,738,067 NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 437,949,833 \$ See notes to the basic financial statements.

EXHIBIT 4

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	General Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Improvement Bonds
REVENUES Property taxes Fiscal disparities Special assessments Lodging and admissions tax Business licenses Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Program income Interest Net change in fair value of investments Other Franchise fees Contractual payments from component unit Total revenues	\$ 39,091,646 3,407,395 24,726 8,306,823 6,241,921 988,111 2,345,709 2,245,723 190,529 (102,052) 933,509	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 2,704,670 230,628 4,278,664 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
EXPENDITURES Current: General services Development services Public works Public safety	6,441,463 6,406,624 9,973,289 26,802,676	- 565,475 - -	77,188 - - -
Community services Debt service: Interest Principal retirement Capital outlay: Development services Public works Public safety Community services	12,650,348 - - - 65,283 4,329 16,443	-	- 1,314,958 6,890,000 - - - -
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	62,360,455 1,313,585	<u>565,475</u> 14,150	<u>8,282,146</u> (931,367)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Issuance of debt Premium on bonds issued Total other financing sources (uses)	2,845,681 (842,808) - - 2,002,873	(14,150) - - (14,150)	1,446,371 (17,470) 59,726 
Net change in fund balance	3,316,458	-	557,260
Fund balance - January 1	24,643,306		16,240,433
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 27,959,764	\$-	\$ 16,797,693

Note: The General Fund is budgeted at the department level, as reported on Exhibit A-1, rather than by function. See notes to the basic financial statements.

## EXHIBIT 5

Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$    751,635 26,627 165,716 6,105,440 -	\$ 1,447,190 110,861 - - -	\$ 996,527 85,007 - - -	\$ 44,991,668 3,860,518 4,469,106 14,412,263 6,241,921
- 5,977,708 -	- 5,830,906 -	263,582 3,085,873 604,949	1,251,693 17,553,679 3,116,814
340,973 27,760 3,009,389 - 3,383,930	279,730 (53,431) 640,560 -	44,810 5,154 465,582 1,400,108	953,979 (120,642) 5,085,993 1,400,108 3,383,930
19,789,178	8,255,816	6,951,592	106,601,030
	405 000	07.400	0.714.440
- 1,309,280 -	135,266 117,981 15,936	87,193 79,882 -	6,741,110 8,479,242 9,989,225
- 516	-	2,889,824 2,745,675	29,692,500 15,396,539
52,557 -	81,976 -	247,565 1,005,000	1,697,056 7,895,000
12,918,167 -	1,659,317 8,978,956	- - 506,284	14,577,484 9,044,239 510,613
889,183 15,169,703	10,989,432	73,766 7,635,189	<u>979,392</u> 105,002,400
4,619,475	(2,733,616)	(683,597)	1,598,630
1,433,603 (3,820,463) - -	17,470 (2,246,974) 5,295,274 400,749	1,525,691 (246,504) - -	7,268,816 (7,188,369) 5,355,000 400,749
(2,386,860)	3,466,519	1,279,187	5,836,196
2,232,615	732,903	595,590	7,434,826
26,872,527	27,291,957	5,210,411	100,258,634
\$ 29,105,142	\$ 28,024,860	\$ 5,806,001	\$ 107,693,460



EXHIBIT 6

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 7,434,826
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized (subject to the City's capitalization policy) and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays Capital outlay not capitalized Capital Contribution from Component Unit Depreciation expense	\$ 25,111,728 (101,315) 87,779 (9,498,856)	15,599,336
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds payable) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Debt issued Principal paid	(5,355,000) 7,895,000	2,540,000
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		(400,749)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This includes the change in accrued interest payable and the net other post employment benefits (OPEB) obligation.		(644,084)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services provided to individual funds. The net revenues of certain activities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		
Change in internal service fund net position per statements Add allocation to business-type activities	158,132 20,121	178,253
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(2,707,549)
Interest revenue on Due from Component Units is not recorded in the governmental funds until received but reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.		(2,127)
Governmental Funds report Fire Department pension contribution as expenditures, however pension expense is reported in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which pension expense exceeded pension contributions.	r	
Pension Expense		(702,217)
Repayments of Due from Component Units are treated as revenues in the governmental fur but reported as a reduction of the receivable in the Statement of Net Position. Bond proce loaned to the component unit are treated as expenditures in the governmental funds but reported as an increase in the receivable in the Statement of Net Position.		(120,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	=	\$ 21,175,689



#### MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs are to be recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Water/Wastewater Utility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City-owned water and sewer systems.

<u>Storm Water Utility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations and improvements of the storm water drainage system.

<u>Recreational Facilities Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's ice garden, golf courses, aquatic recreation facilities and art center operations.

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2015

#### Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water/Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility
ASSETS	Otinty	Otinty
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,312,508	\$ 5,244,779
Accrued interest receivable	9,255	16,866
Taxes receivable	168,466	-
Accounts receivable	3,870,986	1,083,410
Prepaid items	48,363	-
Due from other funds	395,483	-
Due from other governments	8,665	5,422
Inventory		-
Total current assets	7,813,726	6,350,477
Noncurrent assets:		
Accounts receivable		-
Land	2,280,001	478,858
Buildings and structures	18,436,732	791,498
Machinery and equipment	1,458,149	8,542
Improvements	2,133,283	1,908,426
Distribution system	94,391,214	39,727,241
Construction in progress	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(70,902,218)	(14,692,423)
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	<u>47,797,161</u> 55,610,887	<u>28,222,142</u> 34,572,619
I Oldi assels	55,610,687	34,372,019
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - related to pensions	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	781,353	136,080
Estimated claims payable	-	-
Benefits payable	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-
Retainage payable	-	14,359
Unearned revenue	86,825	-
Bonds payable	-	-
Accrued interest payable	24.000	-
Deposits payable Total current liabilities	<u>24,099</u> 892,277	150,439
Noncurrent liabilities:	892,277	150,459
Benefits payable		
Bonds payable		
Estimated claims payable		
Net pension liability		
Total noncurrent liabilities		
Total liabilities	892,277	150,439
		100,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - related to pensions	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	47,797,161	28,222,142
Unrestricted	6,921,449	6,200,038
Total net position	\$ 54,718,610	\$ 34,422,180

			Governmental Activities -
	Nonmajor		Internal
Recreational	Proprietary		Service
Facilities	Funds	Total	Funds
5 1,205,184	\$ 1,154,085	\$ 10,916,556	\$ 35,966,810
4,394	3,244	33,759	110,332
(332)	30,523	198,657	
216,254	878,468	6,049,118	2,998
-	- -	48,363	655,42
-	-	395,483	,
-	80,409	94,496	550
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	178,36
1,425,500	2,146,729	17,736,432	36,914,47
-	-	-	
1,955,757	-	4,714,616	11,432,26
16,903,607	-	36,131,837	40,152,28
1,287,952	24,229	2,778,872	35,135,19
2,300,983	-	6,342,692	1,388,76
_,,	-	134,118,455	.,,
187,665	-	187,665	347,08
(13,267,584)	(23,017)	(98,885,242)	(38,750,55
9,368,380	1,212	85,388,895	49,705,04
10,793,880	2,147,941	103,125,327	86,619,51
10,733,000	2,147,341	103,123,321	00,019,01
	_		7,460,45
-	-		1,400,40
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-	7,460,459
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
<u>-</u> - 122,317	485,613		7,460,45
	485,613		7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48
		-	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01
- - 122,317 - - -	485,613 - - 420,000	- - 420,000	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01
- - -	420,000	- 420,000 14,359	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - 420,000	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48
	420,000	- 420,000 14,359	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00
- - -	420,000	- 420,000 14,359	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22
	420,000 8,638	420,000 14,359 134,169	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22
	420,000	- 420,000 14,359	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36 42,574,65
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36 42,574,65 59,991,34
- - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 2,294 916,545	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - -	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36 42,574,65 59,991,34
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 2,294 916,545	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - -	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36 42,574,65 59,991,34 63,608,72 5,678,62
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 8,638 2,294 916,545	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - -	7,460,45 1,031,59 762,48 695,01 395,48 75,00 575,00 32,22 50,56 3,617,37 13,205,33 3,085,00 1,126,36 42,574,65 59,991,34 63,608,72 5,678,62
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 - 8,638 - - 2,294 916,545 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{r} 7,460,45\\ 1,031,59\\ 762,48\\ 695,01\\ 395,48\\ 75,00\\ 575,00\\ 32,22\\ 50,56\\ 3,617,37\\ 13,205,33\\ 3,085,00\\ 1,126,36\\ 42,574,65\\ 59,991,34\\ 63,608,72\\ \hline 5,678,62\\ 5,678,62\\ \hline 5,678,62\\ \hline \end{array}$
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	7,460,45         1,031,59         762,48         695,01         395,48         75,00         575,00         32,22         50,56         3,617,37         13,205,33         3,085,00         1,126,36         42,574,65         59,991,34         63,608,72         5,678,62         46,045,04
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	420,000 - 8,638 - - 2,294 916,545 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 420,000 14,359 134,169 - - 26,393 2,120,284 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Net position of business-type activities

\$ 97,790,567	(3,214,476)
	\$ 97,790,567

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Dusiness-type Activities	
	Water/Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 21,360,085	\$ 5,168,505
Other	52,988	100,600
Total operating revenues	21,413,073	5,269,105
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	5,240,397	1,252,847
Materials, supplies and service	6,142,117	887,681
Depreciation	2,131,428	1,305,730
Water purchased	3,340,350	-
Wastewater disposal cost	6,233,418	-
Total operating expenses	23,087,710	3,446,258
Operating income (loss)	(1,674,637)	1,822,847
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Taxes	195,998	-
Fiscal disparities	-	-
Intergovernmental	8,665	120,570
Interest income	22,237	47,750
Net change in fair value of investments	6,291	(18,198)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-
Other	-	-
Interest expense	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	233,191	150,122
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,441,446)	1,972,969
Transfers from other funds	-	-
Transfers to other funds	(18,098)	
Change in net position	(1,459,544)	1,972,969
Total net position - January 1 Prior Period Adjustment - see Note 15	56,178,154	32,449,211
Total net position - January 1, as restated	56,178,154	32,449,211
Total net position - December 31	\$ 54,718,610	\$ 34,422,180

			Governmental Activities -
	Nonmajor		Internal
Recreational	Proprietary		Service
Facilities	Funds	Total	Funds
\$ 3,700,779	\$ 3,570,487	\$ 33,799,856	\$ 40,231,440
-	46,525	200,113	84,530
3,700,779	3,617,012	33,999,969	40,315,970
2,417,128	2,160,527	11,070,899	23,327,605
2,686,151	2,079,834	11,795,783	13,309,983
550,000	2,423	3,989,581	3,860,541
-	-	3,340,350	
-	-	6,233,418	
5,653,279	4,242,784	36,430,031	40,498,129
(1,952,500)	(625,772)	(2,430,062)	(182,159
1,371,846	49,656	1,617,500	
42,287	-	42,287	
30,826	359,762	519,823	116,010
11,320	8,868	90,175	310,327
110	(143)	(11,940)	(80,220
(104)	-	(104)	157,810
9,890	-	9,890	(77.00)
1,466,175	418,143	2,267,631	(77,922
1,400,175	410,143	2,207,031	426,005
(486,325)	(207,629)	(162,431)	243,846
-	300,000	300,000	1,186,418
	(276,635)	(294,733)	(1,272,132
(486,325)	(184,264)	(157,164)	158,132
11,119,182	1,415,660		64,342,534
-	<u> </u>		(39,708,038
11,119,182	1,415,660		24,634,496
\$ 10,632,857	\$ 1,231,396		\$ 24,792,628

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Change in net position of business-type activities (Exh. 2)

(20,119)

(177,283)

\$

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Business-type Activiti	es - Enterprise Funds	
	Water/Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Recreational Facilities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 35,953	\$-	\$ -
Cash from interfund services provided Cash receipts from customers	۵۵,953 21,171,082	ۍ 5,270,111	φ - 3,638,495
Other cash receipts	100,415	-	
Cash payments to other funds	(3,079,617)	(1,033,392)	(1,695,511)
Payments to employees	(5,209,046)	(1,043,260)	(2,409,625)
Payments to suppliers	(12,576,083)		(1,016,410)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	442,704	3,193,459	(1,483,051)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		050.000	20.000
Grants Transfers from other funds	-	252,936	30,826
Transfers to other funds	(18,098)	-	-
Subsidy from endowment fund	(10,000)	-	9,890
Taxes	195,998	-	1,414,133
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	177,900	252,936	1,454,849
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING A	CTIVITIES		
Bond payments	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-
Interest and other payments	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets	(614,404)	(2,181,662)	(397,073)
Net cash used in capital	(014,404)	(2,181,002)	(397;073)
and related financing activities	(614,404)	(2,181,662)	(397,073)
	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	20 520	29,553	11 422
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>28,528</u> 28,528	29,553	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	20,020	23,333	11,402
Net increase (decrease) in			
cash and cash equivalents	34,728	1,294,286	(413,843)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	3,277,780	3,950,493	1,619,027
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 3,312,508	\$ 5,244,779	\$ 1,205,184
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provide Operating income (loss)	d by (used in) operating \$ (1,674,637)	g activities: \$ 1,822,847	\$ (1,952,500)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	• (1,01,1,001)	¥ .,	¢ (',,,,
Depreciation	2,131,428	1,305,730	550,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(141,997)	9,946	(61,544)
Other operating receivables	421	(8,940)	(741)
Interfund receipts	35,953	-	-
Inventory Accounts payable	- 91,536	63,876	- (18,266)
Interfund payables		-	(10,200)
Net pension liability	-	-	-
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-	-
Deferred inflows of resources			-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 474,055	\$ 3,196,509	\$ (1,474,984)
Noncash Investing, Capital & Financing Activities- Conversion of Interfund Loan to Operating Transfer	\$-	\$-	\$ -

## EXHIBIT 9

		Governmental Activities -
Nonmajor		Internal
Proprietary		Service
Funds	Total	Funds
\$ -	\$ 35,953	\$ 40,381,239
3,172,284	33,251,972	-
-	100,415	-
(251,374)	(6,059,894)	(4,594,362)
(1,795,873)	(10,457,804)	(21,758,017)
(1,628,818)	(15,221,311)	(9,347,110)
(503,781)	1,649,331	4,681,750
389,855	673,617	116,010
300,000	300,000	1,186,418
(276,635)	(294,733)	(1,272,132)
-	9,890	-
49,656	1,659,787	-
462,876	2,348,561	30,296
-	-	(575,000)
-	-	-
-	-	(77,922)
-	- (2 102 120)	218,406
	(3,193,139)	(3,244,139)
_	(3,193,139)	(3,678,655)
	(0,100,100)	(3,070,000)
8,725	78,238	230,106
8,725	78,238	230,106
	·	
(32,180)	882,991	1,263,497
1,186,265	10,033,565	34,703,313
¢ 4.454.005		¢ 05 000 040
\$ 1,154,085	\$ 10,916,556	\$ 35,966,810
\$ (625,772)	¢ (2,420,062)	\$ (182,159)
\$ (625,772)	\$ (2,430,062)	\$ (182,159)
2,423	3,989,581	3,860,541
2,425	5,909,001	3,000,041
(464,493)	(658,088)	105,002
(+0+,+00)	(9,260)	(39,736)
_	35,953	(35,953)
-	-	(13,132)
250,061	387,207	(97,595)
334,000	334,000	(07,000)
-	-	2,866,613
-	-	(7,460,459)
-	-	5,678,628
\$ (458,442)	\$ 1,737,138	\$ 4,681,750
÷ (100,112)	÷ .,,	÷ .,001,100
\$ -	\$ -	\$-
*	¥	¥



### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City as trustee or agent for the benefit of parties outside of the government.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> – This fund was established with the receipt of a \$1,000,000 donation to the City. The interest earnings from this endowment fund are to be used to offset operating costs of the Bloomington Center for the Arts.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for the collection and disbursement of funds received and disbursed for other parties and governmental units.

## **City of Bloomington** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust		Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	997,488	\$	827,899
Accounts receivable		-		291,024
Accrued interest receivable		2,679		-
Total assets		1,000,167		1,118,923
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities - Accounts payable				1,118,923
NET POSITION Held in trust	\$	1,000,167	\$	

## **City of Bloomington** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust	
ADDITIONS Investment earnings - Interest	\$	8,662
DEDUCTIONS Current: General services		10,450
Change in net position		(1,788)
Net position - January 1		1,001,956
Net position - December 31	\$	1,000,168



# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

## 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The City of Bloomington, Minnesota (the City) operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The governing body (the City Council) consists of six council members and the Mayor. Four of the council members are elected by district and two of the council members and the Mayor are elected at large. All serve four-year staggered terms, subject to redistricting every ten years, which results in two 2-year terms through that transition. The City Manager, the chief administrative officer, is selected by the City Council to serve an indefinite term. The City Manager controls and directs the administration of the City's affairs and supervises all departments and divisions.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles), as applied to governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

In accordance with GASB pronouncements and generally accepted accounting principles, the City's financial statements include all funds, organizations, and departments of the City and the City's component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body, and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As a result of applying the entity definition criteria established by GASB, certain organizations have been included with the City's financial statements, as follows:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> - Entails reporting the component unit financial data in columns separate from the financial data of the City:

## Port Authority of the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)

The Port Authority was created by the City in 1981 to provide a coordinated, cost-effective approach for private and public development within various development districts that may be established throughout the City. This goal is accomplished in many cases through the use of Tax Increment Financing, to be issued as needed to effect orderly development. The Port Authority is governed by commissioners appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council, and its boundaries encompass the entire City of Bloomington. The Port Authority has limited taxing powers, but extensive authority to issue bonds or notes for public improvements and land development. These are subject to approval by the City Council prior to issuance. The City Council appoints the Port Authority board, guarantees certain Port Authority debt, and contractually provides staff to manage the Port Authority's day-to-day operations; it is, therefore, considered a discretely presented component unit of the City.

## Housing and Redevelopment Authority in and for the City of Bloomington (HRA)

The HRA is a statutory organization established in 1971 to provide housing and redevelopment assistance to Bloomington citizens. Assistance is provided through the administration of various programs. The HRA's boundaries encompass the entire City of Bloomington. The City Council appoints the members of the HRA board, and City employees on contract to the HRA manage the HRA's day-to-day operations; it is, therefore, considered a discretely presented component unit of the City.

Financial information for the Port Authority and HRA is provided in the Other Supplementary section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report. Separate financial statements are not issued for the component units.

## B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND ACCOUNTING

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

The government-wide statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government in the two categories of governmental and business-type activities. In this statement, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources measurement focus, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of the government is broken down into three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. The City generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's activities. This statement demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The operating grants and contributions column includes operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants and contributions column includes capital-specific grants.

The governmental funds' major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile both the ending net position and the change in net position.

The focus of the government-wide and fund accounting reporting model is on the City as a whole and the City's major funds, including both governmental funds and proprietary funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Major governmental funds - The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- *General Fund* The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund records revenues such as property tax revenues, licenses and permits, fines and penalties, intergovernmental revenues, and interest earnings. Most of the current day-to-day operations of the governmental units are financed from this fund.
- *Community Development Block Grant Fund* This fund was established to account for funds received under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. Revenues of the fund are restricted for housing and development purposes.
- *Improvement Bonds Fund* This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on general obligation improvement bonds.
- *Capital Projects Fund* This fund accounts for funds and monies required for financing land acquisitions, construction, park development, and equipment related to public facilities. This fund also accounts for the state allotment of gasoline tax collections for road construction and for transitional costs for capital construction.
- *Improvement Construction Fund* This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold for the purpose of street, sewer, water, and state aid construction.

Major proprietary funds - The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- *Water/Wastewater Utility Fund* This fund accounts for the operations of the City-owned water and sewer systems.
- *Storm Water Utility Fund* This fund accounts for the operations and improvements of the storm water drainage system.
- *Recreational Facilities Fund* This fund accounts for the operations of the City's ice garden, golf courses, aquatic recreation facilities, and art center operations.

<u>Other funds</u> - The City reports the following other funds:

*Internal Service Funds* - The Internal Service Funds are used to account for support services, information systems, equipment, public safety radios, self-insurance, insured benefits, benefit accruals, facilities and parks maintenance, and PERA pension, all provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has allocated the statement of fund net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances between various governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

*Private-Purpose Trust and Agency Funds* - The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to report the trust activity with the Bloomington Arts Center which benefits from the income earned on the principal of the endowment. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. They account for collection and disbursement of lodging taxes for the Bloomington Visitors and Convention Bureau, State pass-through loans, and funds received for other parties and governments. These fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs.

## C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

## Governmental Funds:

*Measurement Focus* - Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements represent increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

*Basis of Accounting* - Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

*Revenues* - Major revenues that are susceptible to accrual include property taxes (excluding delinquent taxes received over 60 days after year-end), special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and interest on investments. Major revenues that are not susceptible to accrual include fees and miscellaneous revenues; such revenues are recorded only as received because they are not measurable until collected.

*Unavailable Revenues* – Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Such amounts are classified as deferred inflows of resources within governmental funds.

*Unearned Revenues* – Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when all revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

*Expenditures* - Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

## Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds:

*Measurement Focus* - Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, including capital assets, and all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, associated with fund activity are included on the statement of net position. The net position of the fund is broken down into three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

*Basis of Accounting* - All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded at year-end. All applicable GASB pronouncements have been applied to the proprietary funds.

*Operating versus Non-operating Items* - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## D. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the General and the following special revenue funds: Community Development Block Grant, Public Health, Public Safety, Communications, Park Grants, South Loop Revolving Development Services, and Cemetery Trust.

Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council, if such action was taken. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are approved by the City Council.

Encumbrances represent purchase commitments. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed fund balances.

Carryovers of prior-year budget appropriations are allowed when projects have been approved, but not completed, and funding has not been provided in the following year's budget. Budget carryovers at year-end are reported as committed fund balances.

## Legal Compliance - Budgets

The City follows the procedures below in establishing the budget reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The General and special revenue funds are legally adopted through the budgetary process as documented herein.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Both the General Fund and special revenue fund budgets are legally enacted through passage of resolutions.
- 4. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level within each activity. Budgetary monitoring, by department, division, and by category is required by the City Charter. Management may alter the budget within a department but cannot exceed the total budgeted expenditures for that department unless approved by the City Council. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between departments or funds. These budget amendments must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions. Budgetary control for capital projects funds is accomplished through the use of project controls.
- 6. General Fund expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. Special revenue fund expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. For year ended 2015 the South Loop Revolving Development Services Fund had expenditures exceeding budgeted appropriations in the amount of \$39,332. The expenditures exceeding budget were funded by available fund balance.

## E. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in authorized investments (see Note 2). Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices at the reporting date, except for investments in 2a7 like external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Cash and cash equivalents consist of available cash, cash deposits, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity date at the time of purchase of three months or less. The City accounts for its investments in an entity-wide cash management pool, which is used essentially as a demand deposit account. Restricted cash and investments are included with cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

## F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds and between the primary government and component units for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due from primary government/component unit" and "due to other funds" or "due to primary government/component unit," respectively, on the balance sheet (see Note 8).

## G. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventory is valued at average cost based on physical counts for all fund types. In the General Fund, inventory is not significant and is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. In the proprietary funds, inventory is recorded as an expense when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

## H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the City's fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Capital outlays are capitalized in the City's government-wide statement of net position, which uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively to 1980. Carrying value of prior infrastructure assets is considered to be insignificant to the overall value of capital assets of the City. Depreciation on the City's capital assets (including infrastructure) is recorded on a government-wide basis. All capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the fair market value as of the date received. The City's policy is to only capitalize capital assets exceeding \$10,000.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings and structures	15-95
Distribution system	36
Equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	5-48

## I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City compensates all employees upon termination for unused vacation up to a maximum of 480 hours based upon length of service. The City also compensates employees for unused personal time up to a maximum of 1,000 hours. Personal leave balances in excess of 600 hours upon termination are converted to a health care retirement account with the State Board of Investments. Such pay is accrued as an expenditure/expense as it is earned in all funds. The liability for all compensated absences is recorded in the Benefit Accrual Fund within the internal service funds. Although employees no longer accrue sick leave, they are entitled to draw upon any unused sick leave previously earned. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination.

## J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations are recorded in the City's government-wide statement of net position when they become a liability of the City. Long-term obligations are recognized as a liability of a governmental fund only when due, or when resources have been accumulated in a debt service fund for payment early in the following year. Long-term obligations expected to be financed from proprietary funds are accounted for in those funds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## K. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial and Housing Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, housing, and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. A bank or financing institution finances this transaction, and the terms and conditions are contracted between the lender and the borrower. Neither the City, nor the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2015, there were seven series of Industrial and Housing Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$95 million.

## L. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

*Restricted* - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

*Committed* - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by Resolution of City Council.

*Assigned* – consists of internally imposed constraints for the specific purpose of the City's intended use. Pursuant to the City's Fund Balance Classification Policy, intent can be expressed by the government body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. At this time the City Council has not delegated the authority to assign fund balance.

*Unassigned* – is the residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

## M. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Interfund transactions within the respective categories of governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities are eliminated. The internal balances caption on the government-wide statement of net position represents interfund receivables or payables between the two types of activities: governmental and business-type.

## N. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to Hennepin County (the County) for collection in the following year. In the state of Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes.

The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Property taxes are accrued and recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements for collections within 60 days after year-end, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes are required by state statute to be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes are required to be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts in July, December, and January.

Taxes levied which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as taxes receivable and are fully offset by deferred inflows in the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures. Delinquent property taxes are recorded as earned in the government-wide statements, less a \$200,000 allowance for uncollectible accounts.

## O. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications did not have an effect on fund net position or change in net position, as previously reported.

## P. DEFICIT NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The PERA Pension internal service fund had a negative net position balance of \$40,792,820 on December 31, 2015 as a result of the implementation of GASB 68. Future pension contributions and investment earnings will reduce the negative net position in the PERA Pension internal service fund. The Benefit Accrual internal service fund had a negative net position balance of \$1,494,290 on December 31, 2015. This fund accounts for the compensated personal and vacation leave balances. Over the next few years, the City will increase internal charges and transfer funds to eliminate the deficit in this fund. The HRA TIF Special Revenue fund had a negative balance of \$3,260,413 as of December 31, 2015. This fund accounts for Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts' activity. The negative balance will be covered in the future, primarily by TIF funding.

## Q. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported on the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

## 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

## A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at national or state banks within the state, as authorized by the City Council.

At December 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$185,504 and the bank balances totaled \$1,221,077.

*Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits* – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. City policy does not further add any restrictions to address custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2015, the bank balance of the City's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance or covered by collateral pledged and held in the City's name.

## B. INVESTMENTS

The City may also invest funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and its investment policy as follows:

- U.S. Treasury obligations including bonds, notes, Treasury bills, or other securities which are direct obligations of the United States. Instruments sold and issued by the U.S. Government carry the full faith guarantee of the U.S. Government. These instruments provide the highest quality available to purchase and are highly liquid.
- U.S. Agency securities Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSE's) are instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress. GSE securities have the implied guarantee of the United States Government and are privileged to certain access to capital and support of government programs. The most common GSE issuers are Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Farm Credit Bureau (FFCB), and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).
- General obligation bonds of state or local governments must have a taxing power rating of A, AA, or AAA. Tax exempt or taxable bonds qualify as long as they meet the rating standards.
- Banker's acceptances of United States banks, eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System, that mature in 270 days or less. Evaluation of the financial strength of the accepting bank is necessary through purchasing acceptances only from banks with a minimum A (very strong bank) rating by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Money market mutual funds which are rated Aa or higher by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization, invests in securities with a final maturity no longer than 13 months and for which the Investment Committee has obtained and reviewed the fund prospectus.
- Savings/demand deposits. A financial institution that is qualified as a "depository" of public funds of government entities. The City may hold balances in qualified bank deposits. Funds may be held in savings accounts at approved depository banks. If balances are greater than the FDIC limit, collateral of 110 percent will be held for the excess balances.

- Commercial paper is short term unsecured debt which has been issued by a United States corporation or their Canadian subsidiaries and is not a limited liability corporation (LLC) to fund their day-to-day operational needs. Maturities typically range from one day to 270 days. The City may only buy paper that meets the Minnesota Statute 118A with the exception that no Asset Backed or Structured Investment Vehicle (SIV) Commercial Paper are allowed. Only commercial paper with the highest quality rating of A1, P1, F1 and the underlying issuer of the commercial paper must have a long-term debt rating of AAA to be utilized.
- The City may enter into repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements consisting of collateral allowable in Minnesota Statute, Chapter 118A.
- Investment products that are considered as derivatives are specifically excluded from approved direct investment purchases at this time.

Investment Type	Less than Fair Value One Year		One Year to Five Years		Five Years to Ten Years			
Manage Manlagt	\$	27 000 570	¢	27.000.570	¢		¢	
Money Market	Э	37,998,570	\$	37,998,570	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper Sweep		204,028		204,028		-		-
Treasury Bills		14,166,480		5,006,100		9,160,380		-
Federal Agriculture Mortgage								
Corporation		5,001,300		5,001,300		-		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank		3,014,544		-		3,014,544		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		16,851,216		-		16,851,216		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage								
Corporation Note		15,262,139		5,022,200		8,944,990		1,294,949
Federal National Mortgage								
Association Note		23,435,144		4,993,950		18,441,194		-
Municipal		35,334,193		12,323,879		20,163,682		2,846,632
Total investments		151,267,614	\$	70,550,027	\$	76,576,006	\$	4,141,581
Total deposits		479,434	-				_	
	<b>•</b>	151 545 040						

As of December 31, 2015, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Total investments and deposits\$ 151,747,048

*Custodial Credit Risk-Investments* – For investments in securities, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2015, all investments of the City were insured, registered, and held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Investments in money market accounts are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form, and therefore are not subject to custodial credit risk. The City has no policy for credit risk beyond what is provided by Minnesota state law.

*Interest Rate Risk* – The City's investment policy requires the City to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity. The policy also states the City's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City will attempt to match its investment maturities with anticipated cash flow liquidity demands (static liquidity). Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding 5 years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds. In no event does the City invest in securities exceeding 10 years.

*Credit Risk* – State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by at least two of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. At December 31, 2015, the City held no investments in commercial paper. Also, the City's investments in money market funds, Federal Farm Credit, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association Notes were all rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and the municipal investments are all rated A+ or better by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The City does not have a policy on credit risk beyond State law.

The City's external investment pool investment is with the 4M fund which is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M fund is an unrated 2a7-like pool and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares

*Concentration of Credit Risk* - The City diversifies its investments to substantially reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, institution, or class of securities, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools. No more than 50% of the entity's total investment portfolio is invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. No more than 3% of the entity's total investment portfolio is invested in a single corporation. More than 5% of the City's investments are in the following governmental agencies: Federal Home Loan Bank (11%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (10%), Federal National Mortgage Association (15%), United States Treasuries (9%), and municipals (23%).

*Securities Lending Transactions* - Minnesota State Statutes authorize governmental entities to enter into securities lending agreements with specified institutions. At no time during 2015 did the City have any activity or balance in this type of an investment.

The following table reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and investments to the basic financial statements at December 31, 2015:

Governmental funds	\$ 103,038,295
Proprietary funds:	
Enterprise	10,916,556
Internal service	 35,966,810
Government-wide	149,921,660
Fiduciary funds	1,825,387
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investment	151,747,048
Less restricted cash and investments	 0
Net cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 151,747,048

## 3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

During 2015 the City's capitalization threshold was \$10,000. Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Primary Government				
	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	02 005 420	4 057 040		05 400 055	
	93,605,439	1,857,616	-	95,463,055	
Construction in progress	1,175,158	6,565,618		7,740,776	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	94,780,597	8,423,234		103,203,831	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and structures	60 000 050		(2,222)	60.001.606	
	69,033,858	-	(2,222)	69,031,636	
Machinery and equipment	40,989,795	2,737,012	(1,513,094)	42,213,713	
Improvements	10,709,569	2,571,901	(6,408)	13,275,062	
Infrastructure	293,372,863	14,610,182	-	307,983,045	
Total capital assets being depreciated	414,106,085	19,919,095	(1,521,724)	432,503,456	
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(05 507 700)	(4, 400, 070)	0.000		
Buildings and structures	(35,597,708)	(1,462,076)	2,222	(37,057,562)	
Machinery and equipment	(28,083,791)	(3,033,742)	1,452,497	(29,665,036)	
Improvements	(4,910,519)	(534,246)	6,408	(5,438,357)	
Infrastructure	(97,364,243)	(8,329,331)	-	(105,693,574)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(165,956,261)	(13,359,395)	1,461,127	(177,854,529)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	248,149,824	6,559,700	(60,597)	254,648,927	
Governmental capital assets, net	342,930,421	14,982,934	(60,597)	357,852,758	
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated -					
Land	4,714,616	-	-	4,714,616	
Construction in progress	182,032	187,665	(182,032)	187,665	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,896,648	187,665	(182,032)	4,902,281	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and structures	36,172,192	-	(40,355)	36,131,837	
Machinery and equipment	2,709,010	69,862	-	2,778,872	
Distribution system	131,178,440	2,940,015	-	134,118,455	
Improvements	6,234,785	177,629	(69,722)	6,342,692	
Total capital assets being depreciated	176,294,427	3,187,506	(110,077)	179,371,856	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and structures	(15,254,889)	(684,585)	40,352	(15,899,122)	
Machinery and equipment	(1,941,469)	(91,602)	-	(2,033,071)	
Distribution system	(73,837,911)	(3,093,195)	-	(76,931,106)	
Improvements	(3,971,366)	(120,195)	69,618	(4,021,943)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(95,005,635)	(3,989,577)	109,970	(98,885,242)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	81,288,792	(802,071)	(107)	80,486,614	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	86,185,440	(614,406)	(182,139)	85,388,895	
··· · ·	·				

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions at December 31, 2015 as follows:

General services	\$ 1,574,146
Development services	2,498,327
Public works	7,954,004
Public safety	719,030
Community services	613,888
Total depreciation expense	\$ 13,359,395

## 4. <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

At December 31, 2015 encumbrances totaled \$660,975 and are reported within the General Fund. At December 31, 2015, the City had commitments for twenty-two uncompleted construction contracts with a remaining balance of \$11,493,659.

## 5. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The City acts as a self-insurer for workers' compensation claims. Property, casualty, and automobile insurance coverage are provided through a pooled insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portions. These deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements. The risk management activities of the City are accounted for by the Self-Insurance Fund, an internal service fund that charges its costs to user departments. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages from coverage in the prior year. No settlement amounts exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The liability recorded in the Self-Insurance Fund includes estimated settlements for claims reported but not settled as of year-end, as well as an estimate of claims incurred but not reported. When a new claim is filed with the City, the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust establishes an estimated loss reserve. This reserve is expensed at year end and then increased or decreased annually.

	2015	2014
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$2,432,551	\$2,195,842
Claims paid	(515,374)	(788,535)
New claims	(28,328)	1,025,244
Unpaid claims at end of year	\$1,888,849	\$2,432,551

## 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

Type of Bonds	Maturities	Rates	Balance at 12/31/15
Governmental activities:			
Governmental funds:			
General obligation (G.O.) bonds	2016-2021	1.00 - 4.00%	\$ 3,395,000
G.O. improvement bonds	2016-2031	.80 - 5.70	49,395,000
G.O. tax increment bonds	2016-2032	3.00 - 4.30	2,850,000
Total governmental funds			55,640,000
Internal service funds:			
G.O. capital improvement bonds	2016-2021	.60 - 2.60	3,660,000
Total bonds			\$ 59,300,000

Changes in long-term liabilities during 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Balance at 01/01/15	Additions Retirements		Balance at 12/31/15	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
G.O. bonds	\$ 8,515,000	\$ -	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 7,055,000	\$ 1,485,000
G.O. improvement bonds	50,930,000	5,355,000	6,890,000	49,395,000	5,940,000
G.O. tax increment bonds	2,970,000	-	120,000	2,850,000	125,000
Unamortized bond prems	1,521,706	400,749	177,481	1,744,974	188,012
Benefits payable	13,448,817	2,366,082	1,914,550	13,900,349	695,017
Estimated claims payable	2,432,551	-	543,702	1,888,849	762,485
OPEB liability	5,296,640	1,143,384	312,257	6,127,767	-
Net pension liability	41,731,404	6,454,162	5,610,915	42,574,651	-
Total governmental	126,846,118	15,719,377	17,028,905	125,536,590	9,195,514
Business-type activities -					
Total business-type					
Total	\$126,846,118	\$ 15,719,377	\$17,028,905	\$ 125,536,590	\$ 9,195,514

The benefits payable are generally liquidated by the Benefit Accrual Internal Service Fund. It is not practicable to determine the specific year for payment of benefits payable. The OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the Insured Benefits Internal Service Fund.

Long-term debt maturities (including interest of \$8,855,254) are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty		
Year Ending					
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 7,550,000	\$ 1,610,651	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,160,651
2017	7,525,000	1,444,570	-	-	8,969,570
2018	7,355,000	1,234,930	-	-	8,589,930
2019	6,605,000	1,034,621	-	-	7,639,621
2020	6,220,000	846,686	-	-	7,066,686
2021-2025	19,025,000	2,156,239	-	-	21,181,239
2026-2030	4,345,000	491,391	-	-	4,836,391
2031-2036	675,000	36,166	-	-	711,166
Total	\$ 59,300,000	\$ 8,855,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$68,155,254

On October 13, 2015, the City issued \$5,355,000 of General Obligation Permanent Improvement Revolving Fund Bonds, Series 49 with an effective rate of 1.81%, the proceeds of which were used to provide funding for public improvements.

Type of Bonds	Original Amount	Maturities	Rates	Balance at Dec. 31, 2015
Governmental Activities:				
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:				
2007 Art Center Refunding	\$ 5,590,000	2015-2021	4.00%	\$ 2,935,000
2010 Fire Pension	2,210,000	2015-2016	1.00 - 1.90%	460,000
2010 Capital Improvement	5,900,000	2015-2021	.60 - 2.60%	3,660,000
Total G.O. Bonds	13,700,000			7,055,000
General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement Bonds	5:			
2007 PIR, Forty-One Series	5,915,000	2015-2028	4.00 - 4.50%	2,435,000
2008 PIR, Forty-Two Series	9,570,000	2015-2029	3.25 - 5.00%	5,840,000
2010 PIR, Forty-Four Series	6,235,000	2015-2021	.80 - 3.50%	3,860,000
2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Series	2,080,000	2015-2018	2.00 - 2.50%	1,005,000
2011 PIR, Forty-Five Series	7,545,000	2015-2031	2.00 - 3.375%	5,395,000
2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Series	5,900,000	2015-2025	3.00%	5,160,000
2012 PIR, Forty-Six Series	5,615,000	2015-2023	2.00 - 3.00%	4,470,000
2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Series	5,135,000	2015-2030	2.40 - 3.25%	4,585,000
2013 PIR, Forty-Seven Series	4,180,000	2015-2024	2.10 - 3.00%	3,825,000
2014 PIR, Forty-Eight Series	7,465,000	2015-2025	2.00 - 2.50%	7,465,000
2015 PIR, Forty-Nine Series	5,355,000	2017-2036	2.00 - 3.00%	5,355,000
Total G.O. Improvement Bonds	64,995,000			49,395,000
General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increment Bon	ds:			
2011 Serial Refunding Bonds	3,095,000	2015-2032	3.00 - 4.30%	2,850,000
Total G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	3,095,000			2,850,000
Total governmental activities	81,790,000			59,300,000
Total bonds payable	\$ 81,790,000			\$ 59,300,000

The following is a schedule of bonds payable at December 31, 2015:

PIR = Permanent Improvement Revolving

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects and facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and business-type activities. Bonds issued for business-type activities are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

# Revenues pledged are as follows:

		Revenue Pledged					Current Year	
			Percent of	Debt service		Remaining	Principal	Pledged
	Use of		total	as a % of	Term of	Principal	and Interest	Revenue
Bond Issue	Proceeds	Туре	debt service	net revenues	Pledge	and Interest	paid	received
Governmental Activities:								
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:								
2007 C.O. Arta Captar Polyunding Pda	Refund 2000 Arts Center	Debt Service Tex Love	100%	n/a	2007 - 2021	¢ 2 200 700	¢ 561 100	561 100
2007 G.O. Arts Center Refunding Bds Feb-07	Bonds - Crossover	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	11/d	2007 - 2021	\$ 3,298,700	\$ 561,100	561,100
2010 G.O. Fire Pension Bonds	Payment of a portion of the	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2012 - 2016	464,600	463,700	463,700
Nov-10	City's Pension Obligation	Debt Service Tax Levy	100 /8	11/a	2012 - 2010	404,000	403,700	403,700
2010 Conital Improvement Danda	Doid Dart Authority	Debt Convice Tox Lever	1000/	2/2	2012 2021	2 020 026	CEE 707	CEE 707
2010 Capital Improvement Bonds Nov-10	Paid Port Authority Lease Revenue Bonds	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2012 - 2021	3,920,036	655,797	655,797
General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement E	Bonds:							
2007 PIR Bonds, Forty-One Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	55%	n/a	2007 - 2028	2,818,247	629,769	629,769
Dec-07		Debt Service Tax Levy	45%	n/a				
2008 PIR Bonds, Forty-Tw o Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	76%	n/a	2008 - 2029	7,488,169	937,668	937,668
Oct-08		Debt Service Tax Levy	24%	n/a				
2010 PIR Bonds, Forty-Four Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	39%	n/a	2012 - 2021	4,226,956	718,602	718,602
Nov-10		Debt Service Tax Levy	61%	n/a				
2011 PIR Bonds, Forty-Five Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	28%	n/a	2013 - 2031	5,977,513	844,338	844,338
Nov-11		Debt Service Tax Levy	72%	n/a				
2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Srs	Refunding 2003 PIR Bonds	Special Assessments	12%	n/a	2013 - 2018	1,042,937	363,475	363,475
Nov-11		Debt Service Tax Levy	88%	n/a				
2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Srs	Refunding 2004 PIR Bonds	Special Assessments	57%	n/a	2015 - 2025	5,933,250	905,900	905,900
Jun-12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Debt Service Tax Levy	43%	n/a		-,,	,	,
2012 PIR Bonds, Forty-Six Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	48%	n/a	2014 - 2023	4,962,837	683,625	683,625
Jun-12		Debt Service Tax Levy	40% 52%	n/a	2014 - 2023	4,902,037	003,023	065,025
2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Srs Nov-13	Refunding 2009 PIR Bonds	Special Assessments Debt Service Tax Levy	90% 10%	n/a n/a	2015 - 2030	5,267,168	694,109	694,109
		Dest connective fax Lory	1070	n/a				
2013 PIR Bonds, Forty-Seven Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	24%	n/a	2015 - 2024	4,284,034	464,868	464,868
Nov-13		Debt Service Tax Levy	76%	n/a				
2014 PIR Bonds, Forty-Eight Srs	Infrastructure Improvements &	Special Assessments	32%	n/a	2016-2025	8,207,493	95,720	95,720
Dec-14	Refunding 2006 PIR Bonds	Debt Service Tax Levy	68%	n/a				
2015 PIR Bonds, Forty-Nine Srs	Infrastructure Improvements &	Special Assessments	43%	n/a	2017-2036	6,354,771	-	-
Oct-15	-	Debt Service Tax Levy	57%	n/a				
General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increment	Bonds:							
2011 Serial G.O. TIF Refunding Bds	Refund 2003 & 2004 TIF Bds	TIF Revenue	100%	n/a	2013 - 2032	3,908,543	227,765	227,765
Nov-11	Crossover Refunding		10070	n∥a	2010 2002	3,300,343	221,103	221,100

General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:

- <u>2007 Art Center Refunding</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,590,000 bonds issued in February 2007. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2000 Arts Center Bonds on February 1, 2008. Tax levies were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,298,700, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$561,100 and \$561,100, respectively.
- <u>2010 Fire Pension Bonds</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$2,210,000 bonds issued in November 2010. Proceeds from the bonds were used to fund a portion of the City's required contribution to the single-employer public employee retirement plan operated by the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association. Tax levies were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$464,600, payable through February 2016. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$463,700 and \$463,700, respectively.
- <u>2010 Capital Improvement Bonds</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,900,000 bonds issued in November 2010. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire certain facilities previously leased to the City by the Port Authority. User charges through the Facilities and Parks Maintenance Fund are appropriated to pay debt service payments through the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,920,036, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$655,797 and \$655,797, respectively.

General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement Bonds:

- <u>2007 PIR, Forty-One Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,915,000 bonds issued in December 2007. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 45% and special assessments were projected to produce 55% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$2,818,247, payable through February 2028. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$629,769 and \$629,769, respectively.
- <u>2008 PIR, Forty-Two Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$9,570,000 bonds issued in October 2008. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 24% and special assessments were projected to produce 76% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$7,488,169, payable through February 2029. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$937,668 and \$937,668 respectively.
- <u>2010 PIR, Forty-Four Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$6,235,000 bonds issued in November 2010. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 61% and special assessments were projected to produce 39% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,226,956, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$718,602 and \$718,602, respectively.

- <u>2011 PIR, Forty-Five Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$7,545,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 72% and special assessments were projected to produce 28% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,977,513, payable through February 2031. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$844,338 and \$844,338, respectively.
- <u>2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Series</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$2,080,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2003 PIR, 38 Series Bonds on February 1, 2012. Tax levies were projected to produce 88% and special assessments were projected to produce 12% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,042,937, payable through February 2018. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$363,475 and \$363,475, respectively.
- <u>2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Series</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,900,000 bonds issued in June 2012. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2004 PIR, 39 Series Bonds on February 1, 2014. Tax levies were projected to produce 43% and special assessments were projected to produce 57% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,933,250, payable through February 2025. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$905,900 and \$905,900, respectively.
- <u>2012 PIR, Forty-Six Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,615,000 bonds issued in June 2012. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 52% and special assessments were projected to produce 48% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,962,837, payable through February 2023. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$683,625 and \$683,625, respectively.
- <u>2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Series</u>. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,135,000 bonds issued in November 2013. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2009 PIR, 43 Series Bonds on February 1, 2014. Tax levies were projected to produce 10% and special assessments were projected to produce 90% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,267,168, payable through February 2030. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$694,109 and \$694,109, respectively.
- <u>2013 PIR, Forty-Seven Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$4,180,000 bonds issued in November 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 76% and special assessments were projected to produce 24% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,284,034, payable through February 2024. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$464,868 and \$464,868, respectively.

- <u>2014 PIR, Forty-Eight Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$7,465,000 bonds issued in December 2014. Proceeds from the bonds will partially refund the 2006 PIR, 40 Series Bonds on February 1, 2015 and provide financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 68% and special assessments were projected to produce 32% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$8,207,493 payable through February 2025. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$95,720 and \$95,720 respectively.
- <u>2015 PIR, Forty-Nine Series</u>. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,355,000 bonds issued in October 2015. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 57% and special assessments were projected to produce 43% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$6,354,771 payable through February 2036. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$0 and \$0 respectively.

General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increment Bonds:

• <u>2011 Serial Refunding Bonds</u>. The City has pledged tax increment revenue to repay the \$3,095,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2003 G.O. TIF Bonds and the 2004 G.O. TIF Bonds on February 1, 2013. Incremental property taxes were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bond issue. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,908,543, payable through February 2032. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax increment revenues were \$227,765 and \$227,765, respectively.

### 7. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

## A. GOVERNMENTAL CLASSIFICATIONS

	General Fund	· ·		Nonmajor Improvement Governmen Construction Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items, inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,500	\$ -	\$ 4,085	\$ 20,585
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	16,797,693	-	-	1,410,981	18,208,674
Abatement purposes	-	-	-	1,819,362	-	1,819,362
Tax increment purposes	-	-	23,936,765	-	-	23,936,765
Public safety	-	-	-	-	1,049,204	1,049,204
Public health	-	-	-	-	112,078	112,078
Grant purposes	-	-	-	-	14,450	14,450
Art Center	-	-	100,806	-	-	100,806
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	909,821	909,821
Communications	-	-	-	-	257,880	257,880
Street reconstruction	-	-	-	5,455,783	-	5,455,783
Total restricted		16,797,693	24,037,571	7,275,145	3,754,414	51,864,823
Committed:						
Encumbrances *	660,975	-	-	-	-	660,975
Budget carryovers	598,028	-	-	-	-	598,028
Capital purposes	-	-	-	-	260,531	260,531
Park development	-	-	1,196,825	-		1,196,825
Public safety	-	-	-	-	729,086	729,086
Future projects	-	-	3,854,246	-	-	3,854,246
Communications	-	-	-	-	453,674	453,674
Total committed	1,259,003		5,051,071	-	1,443,291	7,753,365
Assigned for:					(04.011	(04.011
Capital purposes	-	-	-	-	604,211	604,211
Street reconstruction				20,749,715	-	20,749,715
Total assigned				20,749,715	604,211	21,353,926
Unassigned	26,700,761					26,700,761
Total fund balances	\$ 27,959,764	\$ 16,797,693	\$ 29,105,142	\$ 28,024,860	\$ 5,806,001	\$107,693,460

At December 31, 2015, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

\* The largest encumbrance is for a \$460,851 sodium chloride purchase order; the remaining \$200,124 in encumbrances are for various purchase orders made across all functions.

## B. WORKING CAPITAL FUND BALANCE POLICY

The City Council has formally adopted a policy regarding the working capital fund balance for the General Fund. The most significant revenue source of the General Fund is property taxes, the second largest is lodging and admission taxes.

The policy states the City will strive to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures.

At December 31, 2015, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$27,959,764, which sufficiently meets the working capital goal described above.

## 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2015:

Fund/Component Unit		Receivable	Payable
General Fund	(1)	\$ 550,000	\$ -
Capital Projects	(1)	2,460,000	-
Improvement Construction	(1)	-	2,460,000
Enterprise Funds:			
Water/Wastewater Fund	(2)	395,483	-
Internal Service Fund	(2)	-	395,483
Nonmajor enterprise funds	(1)	-	420,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	(1)	 -	 130,000
Total		 3,405,483	 3,405,483
Primary Government:			
General Fund		\$ 153,217	\$ -
Community Development Block Grant Fund		-	83,710
Capital Projects Fund		4,124,731	867,431
Bonds receivable – due:		, ,	,
Within one year		125,000	-
In more than one year		2,803,353	-
,		, ,	
Component Units:			
Housing and Redevelopment Authority:			
Primary government		83,710	136,154
Bonds payable – due:			
Within one year		-	125,000
In more than one year		-	2,803,353
Port Authority		867,431	4,141,794
-		\$ 8,157,442	\$ 8,157,442
		 . ,	 

Interfund receivables and payables represent (1) lending/borrowing arrangements to cover deficit cash balances at the end of the fiscal year and (2) a loan to an Internal Service Fund for facilities construction.

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount
General	Community Dev. Block Grant	\$ 14,150
	Capital Projects	2,446,896
	Nonmajor Governmental	108,000
	Nonmajor Enterprise	276,635
Total General		2,845,681
Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	800,603
	General Fund	525,000
	Nonmajor Governmental	108,000
Total Capital Projects		1,433,603
Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	212,124
	Capital Projects	1,313,567
Total Nonmajor Governmental		1,525,691
Nonmajor Enterprise	General Fund	300,000
Improvement Bonds	Improvement Construction	1,446,371
Improvement Construction	Improvement Bonds	17,470
Internal Service	Nonmajor Governmental	30,504
	Water	18,098
	General Fund	17,808
	Internal Service	1,060,008
	Capital Projects	60,000
Total Internal Service		1,186,418
Total		\$ 8,755,234

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015:

Generally, transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

## 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The City maintains six enterprise funds that account for the water/wastewater utilities, storm water utilities, recreational facilities, solid waste management, contractual police services, and motor vehicle services. The City considers each of its enterprise funds to be a segment. Since the required segment information is already included in the City's proprietary funds' statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (and combining statements thereof), this information has not been repeated in the notes to the basic financial statements.

## 10. CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

#### A. FEDERAL AND STATE FUNDS

The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and it is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2015.

#### B. TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Based on external legal advice and external independent auditor interpretations, management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

## 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA)

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*Pensions*. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time (with the exception of employees covered by PEPFF) and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

### BENEFITS PROVIDED

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5% increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, are given 1% increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

## 1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

## 2. PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For PEPFF who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

## CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

#### 1. GERF Contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.50%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2015. The City was required to

contribute 11.78% of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2015. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ended December 31, 2015, were \$2,414,889. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

## 2. PEPFF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8% of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2015. The City was required to contribute 16.20% of pay for PEPFF members in calendar year 2015. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the year ended December 31, 2015, were \$1,995,234. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

## PENSION COSTS

## 1. GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$27,928,595 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .5389% which was a decrease of .0538% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,082,060 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense.

At December 31, 2015, the City reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual economic experience	\$	-	\$ 1,408,076
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-	-
Difference between projected and actual			
actual investment earnings	2,	643,870	-
Changes in proportion		-	1,895,441
Contributions paid to PERA			
subsequent to the measurement date	1,	205,837	 -
Total	\$ 3,	849,707	\$ 3,303,517

\$1,205,837 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Pension Expense
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ (440,205) (440,205) (440,203) 660,966
Thereafter	-

#### 2. PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$14,646,056 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was 1.2890% which was an increase of .0030% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,412,845 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$116,010 for the year ended December 31, 2015, as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the PEPFF. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

At December 31, 2015, the City reported its proportionate share of the PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	2,375,111
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		-
Difference between projected and actual				
actual investment earnings	2,	551,833		-
Changes in proportion		27,001		-
Contributions paid to PERA				
subsequent to the measurement date	1,	031,918		-
Total	\$ 3,	610,752	\$	2,375,111

\$1,031,918 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension
December 31,	Expense
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Thereafter	\$ 168,336 168,336 168,336 168,337 (469,622)

#### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.90%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2000 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1% effective every January 1<sup>st</sup> until 2034, and 2.5% thereafter.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the GERF was for the period July 1, 2004, through June 30, 2008, with an update of economic assumptions in 2014. The experience study for PEPFF was for the period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009.

There are no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.9%. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	45%	5.50%
International stocks	15	6.00
Bonds	18	1.45
Alternative assets	20	6.40
Cash	2	.50

### DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate	
	(6.90%)	Discount Rate (7.90%)	(8.90%)
City's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$ 43,913,678	\$ 27,928,595	\$ 14,727,372
City's proportionate share of the PEPFF net pension liability	28,545,317	14,646,056	3,162,845

## PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separatelyissued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.mnpera.org.

## B. SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN – BLOOMINGTON FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*Pensions.* For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association (Relief) and additions to / deductions from the Relief's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Relief. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## PLAN DESCRIPTION

Volunteer firefighters of the Bloomington Fire Department are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Bloomington Firefighters Relief Association. The Plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statute, Chapter 69.

### **BENEFITS PROVIDED**

The Relief Association provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established in accordance with the State Statute. The defined retirement benefits are based on the most recent 3-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington. Benefit provisions can be amended by the Minnesota State Legislature.

#### Twenty Year Service Pension

Each member who is at least 50 years of age, has retained membership in the Association for 10 years, and has served at least twenty (20) years of active service with the Bloomington Fire Department before retirement shall be entitled to a full service monthly pension for the remainder of his or her life. Benefits are based on 33 1/3% of the average of the highest paid non-officer police officers pay over the last 3 years.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member who becomes disabled will be eligible for a monthly disability benefit based on the most recent three year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer for the City of Bloomington. If the period of disability continues to the time when the member would qualify for a service pension, the member will be placed on the service pension rolls and disability benefits shall terminate.

## Death Benefits

Upon the death of an Association member, the Association shall pay to the designated beneficiary or estate the sum of \$500.

## EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

At December 31, 2015, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	188
Retired members entitled to benefits,	
but who have not received them	16
Current members:	
Fully vested (20 years or more)	6
Nonvested (less than 20 years)	112
Total	322

## CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 sets the minimum contribution requirement for the City and State aid on an annual basis. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, members have no contribution requirements. The City receives the State aid contribution and is required by state statutes to pass this through as payment to the Relief Association. The City's contributions to the Relief for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$1,175,095. The City's contributions were equal to the required contribution as set by state statute. State aid contributions for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$540,186.

## NET PENSION LIABILITY

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016.

## ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Measurement date	December 31, 2015
Investment rate of return	6.00%
Projected salary increases	4.00%
Inflation	Built into other rate assumptions
Cost-of-living adjustments	4.00%
Age of service retirement	50 with 20 years of service
Post-retirement benefit increase	None

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Mortality assumptions for pre-retirement, post-retirement and disability are as follows:

<u>Pre-retirement</u> – RP 2000 non-annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, generationally projected using scale AA, and set back two years for males and females.

<u>Post-retirement</u> – RP 2000 annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, generationally projected using scale AA for males and females.

<u>Post-disabled</u> – RP 2000 non-annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, set forward eight years for males and females.

The best estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expectant long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per the actuary's investment consulting practice as of January 1, 2016.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	
Cash	0.59%	
Broad U.S. equities	3.88	
Large Cap U.S. equities	3.79	
Core fixed income	1.97	
Developed foreign equities	4.30	

## DISCOUNT RATES

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%. The liability discount rate was developed using the alternative method described in paragraph 43 of GASB 67, which states that "if the evaluations required by paragraph 41 can be made with sufficient reliability without a separate projection of cash flows into and out of the pension plan, alternative methods may be applied in making the evaluations." The determination of the discount rate assumed that the plan's current overfunded status, combined with Minnesota statutory funding requirements, provide sufficient reliability that projected plan assets will be adequate to pay future retiree benefits. Therefore, the plan's long-term expected return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 133,798,748	\$ 152,114,148	\$ (18,315,400)
Charges for the year:			
Service cost	3,141,630	-	3,141,630
Interest	8,072,050	-	8,072,050
Differences between expected and actual experience	(7,292,468)	-	(7,292,468)
Contributions – employer	-	1,175,095	(1,175,095)
On behalf contributions – State of MN	-	540,186	(540,186)
Contributions – employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	(1,023,994)	1,023,994
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
Contributions	(4,883,583)	(4,883,583)	-
Administrative expense	-	(93,226)	93,226
Net changes	(962,371)	(4,285,522)	3,323,151
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 132,836,377	\$ 147,828,626	\$ (14,992,249)

## PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) SENSITIVITY

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	1% Decrease in				
	Discount Rate (5.00%)	Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,637,386	\$ (14,992,249)	\$ (32,810,462)			

### PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Relief Association financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association, 1800 West Old Shakopee Road, Bloomington, Minnesota, 55431, or by calling (952) 563-8700.

## PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RLEATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,877,312. The City also recognized \$540,186 for the year ended December 31, 2015, as pension expense (and grant revenue) for the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the plan. At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	erred ows of ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$ 5,422,604			
Difference between projected and actual actual investment earnings	8,0	43,538	 			
Total	<u>\$ 8,0</u>	43,538	\$ 5,422,604			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension				
December 31,	Expense				
2016	\$ 141,022				
2017	141,022				
2018	328,007				
2010	2,010,883				

## C. PENSION EXPENSE

Pension expense recognized by the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

GERF	\$ 3,082,060
PEPFF	2,528,855
Fire Relief	 2,417,498
Total	\$ 8,028,413

## 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 11, the City provides postemployment health care benefits (as defined in paragraph B) for retired employees and police and firefighters disabled in the line of duty, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The term *Plan* refers to the City's requirement by State Statute to provide retirees with access to health insurance.

The Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan is administered by the City. The authority to provide these benefits is established in Minnesota Statutes Sections 471.61 Subd. 2a, and 299A.465. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and collective bargaining agreements with employee groups. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report.

## **B. BENEFITS PROVIDED**

## RETIREES

The City is required by State Statute to allow a retiree to continue participation in the City's group health insurance plan if the individual terminates service with the City through service retirement or disability retirement. Eligibility for continuing group health and dental insurance for City retirees is defined as follows:

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

The following eligibility requirements are the minimum allowed under Minnesota Statutes 471.61 and 299A.465 for local government entities:

- At retirement, employees of the City of Bloomington receiving a retirement or disability benefit, from a Minnesota public pension plan (other than a volunteer Firefighter plan) may continue to participate in the City's group health insurance plan that the employee was a participant of immediately prior to retirement.
- For peace officers or firefighters disabled in the line of duty, Minnesota Statute 299A.465 requires the peace officer's or firefighter's employer to continue payment of the employer's contribution toward health coverage for the peace or firefighter and their dependents, if the dependents were covered at the time of the disability, until age 65.

• Retirees may continue spouse/dependent coverage at retirement or add such coverage at the spouse's retirement or the beginning of an enrollment year. Covered spouses/dependents may continue coverage after the retiree's death.

Length of coverage

- Retirees and spouses/dependents are eligible to continue coverage in the City's group health insurance plans until they obtain Medicare coverage (usually at age 65) or until dependents become ineligible under the contract, provided the above eligibility requirements are met and applicable premiums are paid. Retirees may drop spouse or dependent coverage and maintain coverage for themselves. Retirees that elect not to continue health coverage, at any time, are not eligible to re-enroll in the City's group health insurance plan.
- Upon obtaining Medicare coverage, retirees and spouses are eligible to continue coverage in a City-sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plan (HealthPartners Freedom, Medica Prime Solution, or UCare Minnesota).
- Surviving spouses may maintain coverage after a retiree's death provided the applicable premiums are paid.

All health care coverage is provided through the City's group health insurance plans. The retirees are required to pay 100% of the premium cost for the City-sponsored group health insurance plan in which they participate. The premium is a blended rate determined on the entire active and retiree population. Since the projected claims costs for retirees exceed the blended premium paid by retirees, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy (benefit). The coverage levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Retirees and spouses are eligible to remain in the City-sponsored group health insurance plan until death or the obtainment of Medicare, provided the applicable premiums are paid timely and coverage does not cease at any time.

## DISABLED PEACE OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS

In accordance with Minnesota Statute 299A.465, the City is responsible to continue payment of the City's contribution toward health coverage for peace officers or firefighters disabled in the line of duty; or a surviving spouse and/or dependents of a peace officer or firefighters killed in the line of duty. A peace officer is defined in the City as a sworn police officer. The only firefighters eligible for health coverage under the City's policy are the Fire Chief and Assistant Fire Chief. The City's contribution continues until the peace officer or firefighter reaches age 65 or the spouse/dependents are no longer eligible under the contract.

In 2015, the City paid \$83,308 for health insurance premiums for disabled public safety retirees and recognized this amount as an expense. The State reimburses the City annually for a portion of the City's costs; in 2015, the City recognized as revenue a \$24,743 reimbursement from the State.

## ACTIVE DEATH BENEFITS

The City will pay 100% of the group health insurance premium for an employee's dependents for two years after the employee's death and 0% thereafter.

## C. PARTICIPANTS

As of the most recent actuarial valuation dated January 2015, participants consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
purchasing health insurance through the City	43
Active employees with coverage	546
Active employees without coverage	0
Total	589
Participating employers	1

#### D. FUNDING POLICY

The additional cost of using a blended rate for actives and retirees is currently funded on a pay-asyou-go basis. The City Council may change the funding policy at any time.

## E. ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The net OPEB obligation as of December 31, 2015, was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,141,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation	211,866
Adjustment to ARC	(209,982)
Annual OPEB cost	1,143,384
Contributions made during the year (1)	(312,257)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	831,127
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	5,296,640
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 6,127,767

(1) Employer contributions (Pay-As-You-Go costs) in 2015 will be actuarially determined at the end of the year and will equal the retiree costs less contributions paid by retirees.

For the governmental activities, other post employment benefits are liquidated through the Insured Benefits Fund.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the preceding two years were as follows:

		Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Employer	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost	Contributions	Cost Contributed	Obligation
12/31/13	\$1,222,982	\$ 395,976	32.4%	\$ 4,491,840
12/31/14	1,268,987	464,187	36.6	5,296,640
12/31/15	1,143,384	312,257	27.3	6,127,767

## F. FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The City currently has no assets that have been irrevocably deposited in a trust for future health benefits; therefore, the actuarial value of assets is zero. The funded status of the plan was as follows:

		Actuarial				
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)*	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b)-(a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
01/01/13	\$ -	\$ 11,193,424	\$ 11,193,424	0.0%	\$ 37,374,000	29.9%
01/01/14	-	11,976,962	11,976,962	0.0	38,776,000	30.9

\*Using the entry age normal actuarial pay cost method.

G. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015 is 22 years.

In the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the Entry-age Normal Level Percent of Pay cost method was used. The following assumptions were used:

- Discount rate 4% (pay-as-you-go funding)
- Inflation rate 3%
- Payroll growth rate 3.75%
- Salary increase rates the salary increase rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Mortality rates the mortality rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Retirement rates the retirement rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Dependent status the marital percentage assessed in 75% of males and 70% of females. Current and future retirees were assumed to have no dependent children.
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate a 2015 rate of 9.0%, reducing .50% each year over 10 years.

## 13. <u>RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</u>

Receivables not expected to be collected within one year are mortgages receivable of \$8,626,255 and deferred special assessments receivable of \$17,216,457. Ten percent of the listed receivables are estimated to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year the various components of deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	]	Property Taxes	State Special Aid Assessments		Land Held Mortgages For Resale			Total			
Major Funds:											
General Fund	\$	426,304	\$	-	\$ 22,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	448,839
Community Development											
Block Grant		-		-	-	9	9,584,728		-		9,584,728
Capital Projects		-		-	1,677,879		-		7,418,047		9,095,926
Improvement Construction		-		773,118	-		-		606,477		1,379,595
Improvement Bonds		-		-	17,428,983		-		-		17,428,983
Total Major Funds		426,304		773,118	19,129,397		9,584,728		8,024,524	1	37,938,071
Nonmajor Funds		-		-	-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	426,304	\$	773,118	\$ 19,129,397	\$	9,584,728	\$	8,024,524	\$3	37,938,071

## 14. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENT</u>

The Port Authority negotiated with the hotel owners in early 2016 to purchase the Ramada hotel near the Mall of America for \$18.5 million. The closing is scheduled to occur in mid-May with demolition to take place in September, 2016.

## 15. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB 68 addresses accounting and financial reporting for pension plans that are provided to employees of state and local governments. The standard requires the City to record its share of the net pension liability of defined benefit plans, as well as any corresponding deferred inflows and outflows of resources. See Note 11 for further information.

The standard required retroactive implementation which resulted in a restatement of net position as of December 31, 2014. Certain amounts necessary to fully restate 2014 financial information are not determinable, therefore, prior year comparative amounts have not been restated. Details of the prior period adjustment are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	PERA Pension Internal Service Fund
Net position – January 1, 2015, as previously reported	\$ 438,166,782	\$ -
Prior period adjustment:		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension related	2,023,366	2,023,366
Net pension asset	18,315,400	-
Net pension liability	(41,731,404)	(41,731,404)
Net position – January 1, 2015, as restated	\$ 416,774,144	\$ (39,708,038)

## 16. INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

Discretely Presented Component Units - Notes 1 through 15 to the basic financial statements apply to the City and generally to its component units. The City's two component units are reported in a separate column, or discretely presented, in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following notes provide disclosures that are specific to each of the component units. Further detail regarding component units is provided under the Component Unit tab within the "Other Supplementary Information" section of the financial statements.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

## A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the Port Authority maintains deposits at national or state banks within the state, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System, as authorized by its Commissioners.

*Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits* – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the Port Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require that all Port Authority deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. As of December 31, 2015, the bank balance of the Port's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance or covered by collateral pledged and held in the Port Authorities name.

At December 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the Port Authority's deposits with financial institutions and the bank balances totaled \$89,734.

## **B. INVESTMENTS**

The Port Authority invests funds, as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and its investment policy as follows:

See Note 2 of the City of Bloomington for a description of qualifying depositories, collateralization, qualifying investments, and investment categorization.

Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than One Year	One Year to Five Years		Five Years to Ten Years	
Money Market	\$	12,556,354	\$	12,556,354	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper		4,995,250		4,995,250		-		-
Treasury Bills		10,010,950		-	10,	010,950		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank		5,000,050		-	5,	000,050		-
Municipal		32,813,260		25,236,153	7,	577,107		-
Total investments		65,375,864	\$	42,787,757	\$ 22,	588,107	\$	-
Total deposits		89,734						
Total investments and deposits	\$	65,465,598						

At December 31, 2015, the Port Authority had the following investments and maturities:

*Custodial Credit Risk-Investments* – For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Port Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2015, all investments of the Port Authority were insured, registered, and held by the Port Authority or its agent in the Port Authority's name.

*Interest Rate Risk* - The Port Authority's investment policy does not have limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk* - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by at least two of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; at December 31, 2015 the Port Authority held commercial paper. The Port Authority's investments in money market funds, Federal Farm Credit Bank

## Port Authority in and for the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)

and the municipal investments are all rated AA or better by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* - The Port Authority places no limit on the amount the Port Authority may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Port Authority's investments are in the following governmental agencies: Commercial Paper (23%), Municipals (35%) and Treasury Bills (15%).

#### Committed Contracts

At December 31, 2015, the Port had commitments for construction contracts in the Capital Projects fund with a remaining balance of \$7,180,317.

#### Long-term Debt

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

Type of Bonds	Original Issue	Maturities	Rates	Balance 12/31/15
Governmental activities - Taxable G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	\$ 7,150,000	2019-2035	2.00 - 3.60%	\$ 7,150,000

On October 13, 2015, the Port authority issued \$7,150,000 of Taxable General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds; the effective interest is 3.32%. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to finance the construction of an approximately 662-space parking ramp to be located in the IndiGO Development. A private party will independently finance an apartment complex that is being built in conjunction with the construction of the parking ramp.

Changes in long-term liabilities during 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 1/01/15	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12/31/15	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	\$ -	\$ 7,150,000	\$ -	\$ 7,150,000	\$ -	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	-	15,331	(132)	15,199	793	
Due to Primary Government -						
Loan from City	3,073,601	96,954	(112,357)	3,058,198	498,186	
Total	\$ 3,073,601	\$ -	\$ (112,489)	\$10,223,397	\$ 498,979	

## Port Authority in and for the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty		
Year Ending					
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ -	\$ 166,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166,109
2017	-	218,245	-	-	218,245
2018	-	218,245	-	-	218,245
2019	380,000	214,445	-	-	594,445
2020	385,000	206,795	-	-	591,795
2021-2025	1,940,000	906,462	-	-	2,846,462
2026-2030	2,030,000	621,205	-	-	2,651,205
2031-2036	2,415,000	223,650	-	-	2,638,650
Total	\$ 7,150,000	\$ 2,775,156	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,925,156

Long-term debt maturities (including interest of \$2,775,156) are as follows:

On December 6, 2013, the Port Authority placed \$4,649,485 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to be used solely for satisfying schedule payments of both interest and principal of the Special Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds of 2009. Because the possibility that the Port Authority will be required to make future payments on that debt is remote, the debt is considered defeased (paid) for accounting and financial reporting purposes and is no longer reported as a liability. The amount of debt defeased but still outstanding including principal and interest on the bonds is \$1,547,875, payable through February 2016.

#### Due from City

The Port Authority issued a loan to the City in 2012 for the Mall of America ramp lighting project. The amount due on that loan as of December 21, 2015 is \$847,098. At December 31, 2015, other payments due to the Port Authority were \$20,333.

#### Due to City

At December 31, 2015, the Port A vuthority owed the City \$17,062 for services, facilities provided and payments made by the City that are Port Authority related. In addition, the Port Authority owed the City \$1,066,533 for a portion of City projects that the Port Authority is contributing to the cost of building. The Port Authority also has a loan due to the City of \$3,058,198, the proceeds of which were used to catch up special assessments owed and \$2,000,000 for future special assessments that will be levied for public improvements. The expected repayment to the City in 2016 is \$498,186.

#### Payments to City

During 2015 the Port contributed \$3,383,930 to the City for the Lindau Lane and Old Cedar Avenue Bridge projects.

#### Loan Receivable

In 2014 the Port Authority loaned a developer \$2 million at an interest rate of four percent. Semi-annual principal payments are scheduled to begin in 2016 with the last payment scheduled in 2021. The balance at December 31, 2015, including interest, was \$2,121,600.

## Port Authority in and for the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)

## **Governmental Classifications**

At December 31, 2015, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

	General Fund		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable -							
Prepaid items	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted for -							
Debt service		-		278,318	-		278,318
Tax increment purposes		-		-	62,177,858		62,177,858
Committed -							
Capital purposes		-		-	151,319		151,319
Unassigned		36,549					36,549
Total fund balances	\$	36,549	\$	278,318	\$ 62,329,177	\$	62,644,044

### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

See Note 2 for a description of qualifying depositories, collateralization, qualifying investments, and investment categorization.

Minnesota Statutes require that all HRA deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described as follows, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations.

Cash balances at December 31, 2015 were:

Credit Risk Category	Bank Balances	Carrying Amount	
Insured or collateralized by securities held by the HRA or its agent in the HRA's name	\$ 537,740	\$ 101,871	
Investment balances at December 31, 2015 were:			Percentage
Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	of Total
Money market	01/01/16	\$ 5,714,710	100%
Total investments		5,714,710	100.0%
Total deposits		101,871	
Net cash, cash equivalents, and investments		\$ 5,816,581	

## Capital Assets and Land Held for Resale

Changes in general capital assets during 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Balance1/1/15Additions		ions	Retirements		Balance 12/31/15	
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 130,300	\$	_	\$	_	\$	130,300
Capital assets being depreciated -	\$ 150,500	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	150,500
Machinery and equipment	30,764		-		-		30,764
Less accumulated depreciation for -	(26.005)	( <b>0</b> )	(12)				(20, 500)
Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated, net	(26,995) 3,769		<u>513)</u> 513)		-		(29,508) 1,256
Tour captur assess comy approximed, net							1,200
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 134,069	\$ (2,5	513)	\$	-	\$	131,556
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated -							
Land	\$1,470,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	,470,000
Capital assets being depreciated -	2 205 (17					~	005 (17
Buildings and structures Less accumulated depreciation for -	3,285,617		-		-	3	,285,617
Buildings and structures	(1,887,268)	(98,1	170)		-	(1	,985,438)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,398,349	(98,1			-	<u> </u>	,300,179
Pusiness type activities conital assets not	\$2 868 340	\$ (091	170)	¢		¢	770 170
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$2,868,349	\$ (98,1	170)	\$	-	<b>پ</b> 2	,770,179

Land held for resale activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/15	Additions	Retirements	12/31/15
Land Held for Resale (Inventory)	\$ 873,285	\$ 102,876	_\$ (243,203)	\$ 732,958
Land Held for Resale (Inventory)	\$ 8/3,285	\$ 102,876	<u> </u>	<u>۲</u>

## Long-Term Debt and Obligations Due to Primary Government

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

	 Original Issue	Maturities	Rates	 Balance 12/31/15
Governmental activities - Due to primary government: 2011 Crossover Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,095,000	2016-2032	3.00 - 4.35%	\$ 2,850,000
Total	\$ 3,095,000			\$ 2,850,000
Business-type activities: Family Housing Fund Hennepin County-HOME Funds Hennepin County-HOME Funds Hennepin County-HOME Funds	\$ 175,000 419,450 730,270 250,000	2023 2023 2024 2030	0.0% 0.0 0.0 0.0	\$ 175,000 419,450 730,270 250,000
Total	\$ 1,574,720			\$ 1,574,720

The long-term debt outstanding related to business-type activities bears no interest rate. The HRA has not imputed interest on these obligations.

Changes in long-term debt during 2015 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 1/01/15	1	Additions	R	etirements	Balance 12/31/15	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Due to Primary Government-							
Bonds Payable	\$2,970,000	\$	-	\$	(120,000)	\$ 2,850,000	\$ 125,000
Business-type Activities -							
Enterprise Fund Loan							
Agreements	1,574,720		-		-	1,574,720	 -
Total	\$ 4,544,720	\$	-	\$	(120,000)	\$ 4,324,720	\$ 125,000

### Debt Service Payments

The following is a schedule of the total future debt service and tax increment payment requirements for the HRA:

Years ending	Governmental Activities		Business-ty		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	125,000	104,090	-	-	229,090
2017	135,000	100,190	-	-	235,190
2018	135,000	96,140	-	-	231,140
2019	140,000	92,015	-	-	232,015
2020	130,000	87,965	-	-	217,965
2021-2025	790,000	367,008	1,324,720	-	2,481,728
2026-2030	995,000	195,098	250,000	-	1,440,098
2031-2032	400,000	16,038	-	-	416,038
Total	\$ 2,850,000	\$ 1,058,544	\$ 1,574,720	\$ -	\$ 5,483,264

#### Fund Balance Classifications

At December 31, 2015 a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

	General Fund	Housing Develop	Redev	velop	Section 8 Vouchers	Housing Rehab	TIF Special Revenue		Capital rojects	Totals
Nonspendable:										
Long term receivables	\$ -	\$ 394,559	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 394,559
Prepaid items	-	-		-	334,436	-	-		-	334,436
Restricted for:										
Tax increment purposes	-	-		-	-	-	1,215,306		-	1,215,306
HUD rehab loans	-	-		-	-	69,899	-		-	69,899
Committed to:										
Development activities	-	6,986,693		-	-	-	-		-	6,986,693
Rehabilitation loans	-	-		-	-	1,324,361	-		-	1,324,361
Assigned	-	-		-	-	-	-		38,755	38,755
Unassigned	515,154	-		-	(285,497)	-	(4,475,719)		-	(4,246,062)
Total fund balances	\$ 515,154	\$ 7,381,252	\$	-	\$ 48,939	\$ 1,394,260	\$ (3,260,413)	\$	38,755	\$ 6,117,947
								-		

#### Due to the City

At December 31, 2015, the HRA owed the City \$136,154 for services and facilities provided to the HRA and \$125,000 for the current portion and \$2,803,353 for the long-term portion of the debt obligation.

#### Due to HRA

At December 31, 2015, the City owed a total of \$83,710 to the HRA for HRA rehabilitation loan program activities.

## Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the HRA has issued Housing Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of housing facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The HRA, the State, or any other political subdivision thereof is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2015, there is one series of Housing Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$2.0 million.

The following table shows the balance of the conduit debt obligations as of December 31, 2015:

		Beginning	Less	Ending	
	Original	Balance		Payments/	Balance
	Balance	1/01/15	Additions	Refinance	12/31/15
Masonic Homes	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$-	\$ (200,000)	\$ 2,000,000

#### Mortgages Receivable

The Neighborhood Home Improvement Loan (Neighborhood) program is funded primarily by the HRA tax levy, loan repayments and occasionally from Strategic Initiative funds granted to the HRA by the City of Bloomington. The Neighborhood loans are to be repaid at such time as the related properties are transferred or sold. A lien is placed against the property by the HRA to ensure principal and interest is repaid. Proceeds for the Neighborhood loans (including interest) from repayments will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. The Neighborhood loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$4,201,734 as of December 31, 2015. The Neighborhood loans have been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

The HRA entered into an agreement with Hennepin County to match funds for a rehabilitation program specifically focusing on foreclosed single family homes in 2009. Each entity provided \$200,000 in funds for a program total of \$400,000 with a maximum \$20,000 per property. The HRA reapplied in 2010 and entered into another agreement with Hennepin County for an additional \$200,000 to continue this successful program. Half of the amount provided to the homeowner from Hennepin County will become a grant if the homeowner remains in the home for a minimum of five years. The other half of the amount provided to the homeowner from the HRA is a five percent interest rate loan with the accrual of interest ceasing after ten years. Therefore, the proceeds from repayments for the amount loaned from the HRA is recognized as revenue when received. The foreclosure home (FHIP) loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$409,799 as of December 31, 2015. The outstanding balances are recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

In 2012, the HRA entered into another agreement with Hennepin County to match funds for the Community Enhancement Program II (CEPII). This program also provides funding for rehabilitation loans. The first round of funding in early 2012 provided \$250,000 each from the HRA and the County for loans. In late 2012, another agreement was entered into with \$200,000 being pledged from each entity. The third round of funding was committed in 2013 providing an additional \$233,934 from the HRA and the County. The HRA and County alternates the loans which are committed in terms of who is the mortgage holder. The CEPII loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$736,308 as of December 31, 2015. The HRA loans are recognized as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow on the balance sheet.

In 2005, the HRA entered into four mortgage note agreements for the Essex Knoll property. The funds were loaned to low-income families to allow them the ability to purchase a home at an affordable price. Each mortgage note receivable was for \$80,000, for a total of \$320,000. The interest rate on each loan is 0% and the term is 30 years. The mortgage note has been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

The HRA has a \$406,000 mortgage note receivable dated December 17, 1990, from the sale of land to a developer, Bloomington Family Townhomes LP. The funds were loaned to the developer for the purpose of constructing townhouse projects. The note accrues interest at 3% simple interest per year until the adjustment date, as defined in the note. The accumulated interest and principal was amended in 2008 to be due in the year 2025, or upon sale of the property. In 2015 the mortgage note and interest totaling \$710,967 was recognized on the balance sheet as a mortgage note receivable and deferred inflow. Proceeds will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. If the townhomes are no longer used as affordable units, the note will bear an interest rate of 9% on the adjusted balance from the adjustment date to the year 2025, or upon sale of the property.

In 2002, the HRA entered into two loan agreements with Bloomington Southview Limited Partnership (BSLP). The funds were used to facilitate the development of affordable housing, site demolition, and abatement of environmental hazards. Under the terms of the loan agreements, the HRA provided BSLP with \$165,000 and \$150,000 loans, recognized on the balance sheet as notes receivable. There are no interim payments due; the compounded interest on the \$165,000 loan is calculated at 3% and is recognized as revenue by the HRA as it accrues. The \$150,000 loan has no interim payments due, the interest rate is 0%, and the term is 30 years. The HRA has not imputed interest on this loan.

The HRA entered into two loan agreements with Bloomington Leased Housing Associates III Limited Partnership in 2007. The funds were used solely to assist with the payment of the purchase price of real property located at 10140 Lyndale Avenue also known as Blooming Glen and to rehabilitate a fifty-unit residential rental facility for low-income housing located on that property. The amounts of the loans are \$200,000 accruing interest at 3% simple interest per year payable at maturity and \$290,000 with a 0% interest rate. The principal and accumulated interest is due at maturity, August 18, 2037, or upon sale of the property for each loan. The mortgage notes and interest has been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

In 2008, the HRA entered into a loan agreement with Crossings at Valley View Limited Partnership (Crossings). Crossings received a \$600,000 loan from the HRA to assist with the cost of acquiring property located in the northeast quadrant of Portland Avenue and 88<sup>th</sup> Street in Bloomington. This land was used to construct fifty low income housing units. The interest rate on the \$600,000 loan is 0% and the term is 30 years.

	Balance 01/01/15	Additions	Interest	Payments Received	Balance 12/31/15
Neighborhood Loans	\$ 4,232,538	\$ 17,582	\$ 57,794	\$ (106,180)	\$ 4,201,734
Foreclosure Loans	441,404	12,344	17,305	(61,254)	409,799
CEP II Loans	470,212	279,661	23,728	(37,293)	736,308
Essex Knoll	320,000	-	-	-	320,000
<b>Bloomington Family</b>					
Townhomes	698,787	-	12,180	-	710,967
Bloomington Southview LP	150,000	-	-	-	150,000
Bloomington Southview LP	237,436	-	7,123	-	244,559
Blooming Glen	237,742	-	6,000	-	249,742
Blooming Glen	290,000	-	-	-	290,000
Crossings at Valley View	600,000	-	-	-	600,000
VEPP	1				1
Total	\$ 7,684,120	\$ 309,587	\$ 124,130	\$ (204,727)	\$ 7,913,110

The following table shows the balance of the mortgage loans receivable as of December 31, 2015:

#### Equity Participation/Contingent Repayment Agreements

The HRA has ten equity participation agreements with various developers of development sites in Bloomington. The developers are L.W. Fraser Independent Living Project II, Henry Court Inc., AHEPA/Penelope, NHHI/ASI Bloomington Inc. (Garfield Commons and the Meadows), NHHI/Catalpa, non-profit entities of the Presbyterian Homes of Bloomington Inc. (Newton Manor, Ridgeview Terrace, and Summer House), and Cornerstone Advocacy Services. The agreements contain equity-share provisions giving the HRA portions of certain proceeds upon subsequent sales of the development sites. Such proceeds, if any, will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. In 2008, the City increased its equity participation agreement with AHEPA/Penelope by contributing an additional \$50,000 to assist with construction of additional units of low income senior housing.

On April 11, 2001, the HRA entered into a contingent repayment agreement with Lyndale Avenue Townhomes, Limited Partnership for the purpose of constructing townhomes for low-income tenants. The townhomes are operated by a management company on behalf of the HRA.

#### Value in Excess of Purchase Price (VEPP) Agreements

The HRA owns one VEPP agreement with face values totaling \$5,000. The agreements defer payment for portions of property values that were underwritten by the HRA under various homeownership programs. Each agreement is secured by a promissory note and a second mortgage against the individual property. The notes are repaid when a property is sold, leased, or upon maturity of the note (31 years), whichever comes first. There are no interim installment payments required by the note. Proceeds will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received.

#### Subsequent Event

The HRA purchased property at 8000 Knox Avenue South for \$1,999,688 on February 1, 2016. It is one block east of the Penn & American land previously developed by the HRA. The intention is to work with a private development firm to redevelop the land and possibly create redevelopment and housing TIF districts in this area. Apartments and a hotel are tentatively planned for the site.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Buc	lget					Variance
		Original		Final		Actual	E	With Incl Budget
REVENUES		Original		Filldi		Actual	F	nal Budget
Property taxes	\$	39,258,742	\$	39,258,742	\$	39,091,646	\$	(167,096)
Fiscal disparities	Ψ	3,000,000	Ψ	3,000,000	Ψ	3,407,395	Ψ	407,395
Special assessments		-		-		24,726		24,726
Lodging and admissions tax		7,936,905		7,936,905		8,306,823		369,918
Business licenses		4,589,800		4,589,800		6,241,921		1,652,121
Fines and forfeitures		1,178,750		1,178,750		988,111		(190,639)
Intergovernmental		2,197,967		2,259,367		2,345,709		86,342
Program income		2,348,131		2,381,480		2,245,723		(135,757)
Interest		76,875		76,875		190,529		113,654
Net change in fair value of investments						(102,052)		(102,052)
Other		848,615		889,526		933,509		43,983
Total revenues		61,435,785		61,571,445		63,674,040		2,102,595
		01,400,700		01,071,440		00,07 +,0+0		2,102,000
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		575,887		592,087		523,680		68,407
City Manager		359,594		383,344		308,873		74,471
Legal		1,319,783		1,384,283		1,366,765		17,518
Human Resources		671,765		715,347		551,494		163,853
Finance		1,057,734		1,046,493		995,162		51,331
Public Safety		27,034,392		26,978,974		26,807,004		171,970
Community Development		6,712,942		6,712,942		6,406,626		306,316
Community Services		12,892,096		12,993,155		12,666,791		326,364
Public Works		10,859,205		10,756,479		10,038,572		717,907
Technical Services		2,786,071		2,762,758		2,675,488		87,270
Contingency/estmated unspent		(643,787)		(643,787)		20,000		(663,787)
Total expenditures		63,625,682		63,682,075		62,360,455		1,321,620
		00,020,002		00,002,070		02,000,100		1,021,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,189,897)		(2,110,630)		1,313,585		3,424,215
		(_,::::;:::)		(_, 0,000)		.,,		0, 12 1,2 10
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds		2,554,897		2,554,897		2,845,681		290,784
Transfers to other funds		(365,000)		(890,840)		(842,808)		48,032
Total other financing sources		2,189,897		1,664,057		2,002,873		338,816
		_,,		.,,		_,,		,
Net change in fund balance		-		(446,573)		3,316,458		3,763,031
Fund balance - January 1		20,691,737		19,297,582		24,643,306		5,345,724
Fund balance - December 31	\$	20,691,737	\$	18,851,009	\$	27,959,764	\$	9,108,755
	-	, ,	-	, ,	-	,,	Ţ	,,

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Community Development Block Grant

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	 Buc	lget			١	/ariance
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	With nal Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Program income Total revenues	\$ 715,634 400,000 1,115,634	\$	715,634 400,000 1,115,634	\$ 313,483 266,142 579,625	\$	(402,151) (133,858) (536,009)
EXPENDITURES Current -						
Development services Total expenditures	 1,080,634 1,080,634		1,080,634 1,080,634	 565,475 565,475		515,159 515,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	35,000		35,000	14,150		(20,850)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds	 (35,000)		(35,000)	 (14,150)		20,850
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
Fund balance - January 1	 16,537		16,537	 		(16,537)
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 16,537	\$	16,537	\$ -	\$	(16,537)

## CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress - Retiree Health Plan Year Ended December 31, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Asset (a)	Actuarial Accrued s Liability (AAL)* (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2012	\$	\$ 13,849,388	\$ 13,849,388	0.0%	\$ 36,760,000	37.7%
January 1, 2013		11,193,424	11,193,424	0.0%	37,374,000	29.9%
January 1, 2014		11,976,962	11,976,962	0.0%	38,776,000	30.9%
January 1, 2015		9,744,125	9,744,125	0.0%	39,887,000	24.4%

Using the entry age normal actuarial pay cost method.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability -General Employees Retirement Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Proportionate Share (Amount)		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
Measurement	Fiscal Year	Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension	of the Net Pension Liability	Covered- Employee Payroll	Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
Date	Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a/b)	Pension Liability
June 30, 2015	December 31, 2015	0.5389%	\$27,928,595	\$31,663,355	88.2%	78.2%

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered- Employee Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
December 31, 2015	\$2,414,889	\$2,414,889	\$0	\$32,198,520	7.5%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability -Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Proportionate Share (Amount)		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
Measurement	Fiscal Year	Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension	of the Net Pension Liability	Covered- Employee Payroll	Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
Date	Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a/b)	Pension Liability
June 30, 2015	December 31, 2015	1.2890%	\$14,646,056	\$11,806,022	124.1%	86.6%

#### CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Pension Contributions -Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered- Employee Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
December 31, 2015	\$1,995,234	\$1,995,234	\$ -	\$12,316,259	16.2%

#### CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios -Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

Fiscal Year Ending Measurement Date	December 31, 2015 December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014 December 31, 2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$3,141,630	\$3,047,649
Interest cost	8,072,050	7,443,533
Change of benefit terms	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(7,292,468)	(1,567,433)
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,883,583)	(4,566,912)
Net change in total pension liability	(962,371)	4,356,837
Total pension liability - beginning	133,798,748	129,441,911
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$132,836,377	\$133,798,748
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer	\$1,175,095	\$2,548,091
Contributions - State of Minnesota	540,186	622,164
Contributions - employee	-	-
Net investment income	(1,023,994)	9,982,524
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,883,583)	(4,566,912)
Administrative expense	(93,226)	(83,410)
Other	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(4,285,522)	8,502,457
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	152,114,148	143,611,691
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$147,828,626	\$152,114,148
Net pension liability / (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	(\$14,992,249)	(\$18,315,400)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.29%	113.69%
Covered-employee payroll*	\$10,773,375	\$10,110,384
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-139.16%	-181.15%

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

\* The Fire Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no actual payroll expenditures. Covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent salary rate of the highest paid non-office police officer in the City of Bloomington.

	Statutorily Required	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required	Contribution Deficiency	Covered- Employee	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee
Fiscal Year Ending	Contribution (a)	Contribution (b)	(Excess) (a-b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll* (b/c)
December 31, 2015	\$1,715,281	\$1,715,281	\$-	\$10,773,375	15.9%

The schedule is provided prospectively beginning with the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

\* The Fire Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no actual payroll expenditures. Covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent salary rate of the highest paid non-office police officer in the City of Bloomington.

#### NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgetary comparisons for the City's General Fund and the annually budgeted Community Development Block Grant are required supplementary information.

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The legal level of budgetary control for the General Fund is at the department level (such as General Government, City Manager's Office, Legal, and Human Resources) and at the fund level for the Community Development Block Grant Fund. Neither the General Fund nor the Community Development Block Grant Fund expenditures exceeded the legal level of budgetary control for fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

#### PENSION INFORMATION

#### PERA – General Employees Retirement Fund

There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as change of benefit terms or assumptions. With only one year reported in the RSI, there is no additional information to include in the notes. Details can be obtained from the financial reports of PERA.

#### PERA – Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as change of benefit terms or assumptions. With only one year reported in the RSI, there is no additional information to include in the notes. Details can be obtained from the financial reports of PERA.

#### Single Employer – Fire Relief Association

There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as change of benefit terms or assumptions. With only one year reported in the RSI, there is no additional information to include in the notes. Details can be obtained from the financial reports of the Fire Relief Association.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established to account for taxes and other revenues set aside for a particular purpose.

<u>Public Health Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for grant funds received for the operation of public health programs such as the Sage Clinic, which operates cancer screening programs for low income and underinsured women.

<u>Public Safety Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the seized cash and/or forfeited property, enhanced 911 services, public safety and fire grant funds, the balance of police pension reimbursement proceeds, and designated fire pension obligation funds.

<u>Communications Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for funds received from the franchise fee of the local cable television service.

<u>Park Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for grant funds received from the State's Natural Resources Fund to be used for operational and maintenance costs associated with the Hyland-Bush-Anderson Lakes Regional Park Reserve.

<u>Community Landscape Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for fees collected and designated for landscape planting on public land in lieu of planting on constrained, private development sites.

<u>South Loop Revolving Development Services Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for City funds for the Met Center Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and Alternative Urban Areawide Review (AUAR) for Airport South development.

<u>Cemetery Trust Fund</u> - This fund was established to provide for the perpetual care, maintenance, and improvement of the City cemetery. A portion of the monies received from the sale of lots shall be used for acquisition of additional cemetery lands with the balance placed in a perpetual care account.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Tax Increment Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of tax increment general obligation bonds and interest thereon.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of general obligation bonds and interest thereon.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

<u>Developer Escrow Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for various deposits (mainly contractors' deposits for park development and to guarantee payment of special assessments for water, sewer, streets, and other improvements) required by the City.

**CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

							Spec	cial Revenue				
	Pu	blic Health	Pu	blic Safety				Parks		mmunity	Sc	outh Loop
	Spec	ial Revenue	Spe	cial Revenue	Com	munications		Grants	Lar	ndscape	Rev	olving Dev
ASSETS												
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accrued interest receivable	\$	1,723 (422)	\$	1,881,465 7,054	\$	393,090 1,375	\$	255,900 839	\$	1,102 -	\$	221,045 938
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		8,440		540		362,271		-		-		37,698
Prepaids		4,085		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		339,212		124,789		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	353,038	\$	2,013,848	\$	756,736	\$	256,739	\$	1,102	\$	259,681
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	50,113	\$	101,902	\$	45,182	\$	3,500	\$	-	\$	252
Due to other funds		130,000		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		56,762		133,656		-		238,789		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		236,875		235,558		45,182		242,289		-		252
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		4,085		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		112,078		1,049,204		257,880		14,450		-		-
Committed		-		729,086		453,674		-		1,102		259,429
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		116,163		1,778,290		711,554		14,450		1,102		259,429
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	353,038	\$	2,013,848	\$	756,736	\$	256,739	\$	1,102	\$	259,681

#### EXHIBIT B-1

					D	ebt Service		Сар	ital Projects		Total Nonmajor
С	emetery		G.	.O. Tax		General		D	eveloper	Go	overnmental
	Trust	 Total	Inc	crement	Obli	gation Bonds	 Total		Escrow		Funds
\$	906,951 2,870	\$ 3,661,276 12,654	\$	9,402 30	\$	1,397,335 4,419	\$ 1,406,737 4,449	\$	923,416 2,686	\$	5,991,429 19,789
	2,070	12,004		50					2,000		
	-	-		-		(205)	(205)		-		(205
	-	408,949		-		-	-		-		408,949
	-	4,085		-		-	-		-		4,085
	-	 464,001		-			 -		-		464,001
\$	909,821	\$ 4,550,965	\$	9,432	\$	1,401,549	\$ 1,410,981	\$	926,102	\$	6,888,048
\$	-	\$ 200,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$		\$	200,949
	-	130,000		-		-	-		-		130,000
	-	429,207		-		-	-		-		429,207
	-	 -		-		-	 -		321,891		321,891
	-	 760,156		-		-	 -		321,891		1,082,047
	-	4,085		-		-	-		-		4,085
	909,821	2,343,433		9,432		1,401,549	1,410,981		-		3,754,414
		1,443,291		-,		-	-		-		1,443,291
	-	-		-		-	-		604,211		604,211
	909,821	 3,790,809		9,432		1,401,549	 1,410,981		604,211		5,806,001
		 				· · · ·	 				, ,
\$	909,821	\$ 4,550,965	\$	9,432	\$	1,401,549	\$ 1,410,981	\$	926,102	\$	6,888,048

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

							Specia	l Revenue		
	Public I	Health	Public	: Safety				Parks	Cor	nmunity
	Special F	Revenue	<u>Specia</u>	l Revenue	Com	munications		Grants	Lar	dscape
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fiscal disparities		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		263,582		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	,	08,114	1	,842,275		-		35,484		-
Program income		09,678		-		1,355		-		-
Interest		(1,170)		16,276		3,453		2,455		-
Net change in fair value of investments		1,235		9,001		(898)		(991)		-
Other		-		31,748		142,228		26,000		-
Franchise fees		-		-		1,400,108		-		-
Total revenues	1,3	17,857	2	,162,882		1,546,246		62,948		-
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General services		-		-		-		-		-
Development services		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-	2	,889,824		-		-		-
Community services	1,3	15,175		-		1,361,524		68,976		-
Debt service:										
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:										
Public safety		-		506,284		-		-		
Community services		_				73,766		_		_
Total expenditures	1.3	15,175	3	,396,108		1,435,290		68,976		<u> </u>
				,,		.,				
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under) expenditures		2,682	(1	,233,226)		110,956		(6,028)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from other funds		-	1	,403,567		122,124		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		(138,504)		-		-		-
Total other financing				· · ·						
sources (uses)		-	1	,265,063		122,124		-		-
Net change in fund balance		2,682		31,837		233,080		(6,028)		-
Fund balance - January 1	1	13,481	1	,746,453		478,474		20,478		1,102
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1	16,163	\$1	,778,290	\$	711,554	\$	14,450	\$	1,102

## EXHIBIT B-2

South Loop C Revolving Dev		Cemetery Trust Total				.O. Tax crement	ebt Service General gation Bonds	D	tal Projects eveloper Escrow	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	996,527	\$ 996,527	\$	-	\$	996,527
-		-		-		-		85,007	85,007		-		85,007
-		-		263,582		-		-	-		-		263,582
-		-		3,085,873		-		-	-		-		3,085,873
370,066		123,850		604,949		-		-	-		-		604,949
2,648		7,352		31,014		127		7,956	8,083		5,713		44,810
(1,672)		278		6,953		(19)		(3,126)	(3,145)		1,346		5,154
37,698		-		237,674		227,908		-	227,908		-		465,582
-		-		1,400,108		-		-	 -		-		1,400,108
 408,740		131,480		5,630,153		228,016		1,086,364	 1,314,380		7,059		6,951,592
-		86,764		86,764		143		286	429		-	\$	87,193
79,882				79,882		-		-	-		-	•	79,882
		-		2,889,824		-		-	-		-		2,889,824
-				2,745,675				_	-				2,745,675
-		-		2,743,075		_		-	-		-		2,743,073
				-		107,765		139,800	247,565		_		247,565
						120,000		885,000	1,005,000				1,005,000
-		-		-		120,000		885,000	1,005,000		-		1,005,000
-		-		506,284		-		-	-		-		506,284
-		-		73,766		-		-	-				73,766
 79,882		86,764		6,382,195		227,908		1,025,086	 1,252,994				7,635,189
 10,002		00,104		0,002,100		221,000		1,020,000	 1,202,004				7,000,100
 328,858		44,716		(752,042)		108		61,278	 61,386		7,059		(683,597)
-		-		1,525,691		-		-	-		-		1,525,691
 (108,000)		-		(246,504)		-		-	 -		-		(246,504)
 (108,000)				1,279,187		-			 				1,279,187
220,858		44,716		527,145		108		61,278	61,386		7,059		595,590
 38,571		865,105		3,263,664		9,324		1,340,271	 1,349,595		597,152		5,210,411
\$ 259,429	\$	909,821	\$	3,790,809	\$	9,432	\$	1,401,549	\$ 1,410,981	\$	604,211	\$	5,806,001

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Health Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget						١	/ariance
	Original		Final		Actual		Fir	With nal Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Program income Interest Net change in fair value of investments Total revenues	\$	1,243,634 70,668 - - 1,314,302	\$	1,350,133 91,893 - - 1,442,026	\$	1,208,114 109,678 (1,170) 1,235 1,317,857	\$	(142,019) 17,785 (1,170) 1,235 (124,169)
EXPENDITURES Current -								
Community services Total expenditures		1,351,560 1,351,560		1,479,284 1,479,284		1,315,175 1,315,175		(164,109) (164,109)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(37,258)		(37,258)		2,682		39,940
Fund balance - January 1		60,599		60,599		113,481		52,882
Fund balance - December 31	\$	23,341	\$	23,341	\$	116,163	\$	92,822

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Buc	dget		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Net change in fair value of investments Other	\$ 192,500 1,217,821 9,991 - -	\$ 192,500 1,971,292 9,991 - 118,036	\$    263,582 1,842,275 16,276 9,001 31,748	\$ 71,082 (129,017) 6,285 9,001 (86,288)
Total revenues	1,420,312	2,291,819	2,162,882	(128,937)
EXPENDITURES Current -				
Public safety	2,344,684	3,069,112	2,889,824	179,288
Capital outlay	579,161	716,709	506,284	210,425
Total expenditures	2,923,845	3,785,821	3,396,108	389,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,503,533)	(1,494,002)	(1,233,226)	260,776
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers to other funds	(138,500)	(138,500)	(138,504)	4
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,265,100	1,265,100	1,265,063	(37)
Net change in fund balance	(238,433)	(228,902)	31,837	260,739
Fund balance - January 1	1,654,337	1,593,309	1,746,453	(153,144)
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,415,904	\$ 1,364,407	\$ 1,778,290	\$ 413,883

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Communications

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget						V	ariance With	
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES								_	
Program income	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,355	\$	(1,145)	
Interest		-		-		3,453		3,453	
Net change in fair value of investments		-		-		(898)		(898)	
Other		110,400		110,400		142,228		31,828	
Franchise fees		1,416,000		1,416,000		1,400,108		(15,892)	
Total revenues		1,528,900		1,528,900		1,546,246		17,346	
EXPENDITURES Current -									
Community services		1,416,138		1,431,364		1,361,525		69,839	
Capital outlay		126,200		78,022		73,765		4,257	
Total expenditures		1,542,338		1,509,386		1,435,290		74,096	
Total oxpondituroo		1,012,000		1,000,000		1,100,200		7 1,000	
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over (under) expenditures		(13,438)		19,514		110,956		91,442	
		(10,100)		,		,		0.,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers from other funds		122,219		122,219		122,124		(95)	
		,		,		· · · ·			
Total other financing sources (uses)		122,219		122,219		122,124		(95)	
Net change in fund balance		108,781		141,733		233,080		91,347	
Fund balance - January 1		684,678		626,458		478,474		(147,984)	
Fund balance - December 31	¢	702 450	¢	769 104	¢	711 554	¢	(FC CO7)	
Fund balance - December 31	Э	793,459	\$	768,191	\$	711,554	\$	(56,637)	

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Park Grants

	Budget						V	ariance With	
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest Net change in fair value of investments Contributions Total revenues	\$	70,352 - - - 70,352	\$	48,447 - - 25,000 73,447	\$	35,484 2,455 (991) 26,000 62,948	\$	(12,963) 2,455 (991) 1,000 (10,499)	
EXPENDITURES Current -									
Community services		64,000		89,000		68,976		20,024	
Total expenditures		64,000		89,000		68,976		20,024	
Net change in fund balance		6,352		(15,553)		(6,028)		9,525	
Fund balance - January 1		(30,027)		(88,248)		20,478		108,726	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	(23,675)	\$	(103,801)	\$	14,450	\$	118,251	

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

South Loop Revolving Development Services

Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Bud	get				V	ariance
	Original			Final	Actual		Fin	With al Budget
REVENUES Program income Interest Net change in fair value of investments Other Total revenues	\$	270,000 50 - - 270,050	\$	270,000 50 - - 270,050	\$	370,066 2,648 (1,672) 37,698 408,740	\$	100,066 2,598 (1,672) 37,698 138,690
EXPENDITURES Current - Development services Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		40,550 40,550		79,882 79,882		(39,332) (39,332)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		270,050		229,500		328,858		99,358
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to other funds Total other financing		(150,000)		(150,000)		(108,000)		42,000
sources (uses)		(150,000)		(150,000)		(108,000)		42,000
Net change in fund balance		120,050		79,500		220,858		141,358
Fund balance - January 1		35,322		29,061		38,571		9,510
Fund balance - December 31	\$	155,372	\$	108,561	\$	259,429	\$	150,868

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Cemetery Trust Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget						١	ariance
	Original		Final		Actual		Fin	With al Budget
REVENUES								
Program income	\$	109,800	\$	109,800	\$	123,850	\$	14,050
Interest		8,498		8,498		7,352		(1,146)
Net change in fair value of investments		-		-		278		278
Total revenues		118,298		118,298		131,480		13,182
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
General services		80,377		80,377		86,764		6,387
Capital outlay		258,240		158,240		-		158,240
Total expenditures		338,617		238,617		86,764		164,627
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(220,319)		(120,319)		44,716		165,035
Fund balance - January 1		795,776		795,776		865,105		69,329
Fund balance - December 31	\$	575,457	\$	675,457	\$	909,821	\$	234,364



#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs are to be recovered primarily through user charges.

Solid Waste Management Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's recycling program.

<u>Contractual Police Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of police contractual services acquired by various establishments.

<u>Motor Vehicle Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's motor vehicle registration and licensing program.

EXHIBIT D-1

#### Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2015

		Solid Waste Management		ntractual Police		Motor Vehicle		Total
ASSETS								
Current assets:	•		•		•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	590,333	\$	1,899	\$	561,853	\$	1,154,085
Accrued interest receivable		1,690		-		1,554		3,244
Taxes receivable		30,523		-		-		30,523
Accounts receivable		244,381		634,087		-		878,468
Due from other governments		80,409		-		-		80,409
Total current assets		947,336		635,986		563,407		2,146,729
Noncurrent assets:								
Machinery and equipment		24,229		-		-		24,229
Accumulated depreciation		(23,017)		-		-		(23,017)
Total noncurrent assets		1,212		-		-		1,212
Total assets		948,548		635,986		563,407		2,147,941
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
		104,232		212 602		167,689		105 610
Accounts payable Due to other funds		104,232		213,692 420,000		107,009		485,613 420,000
Unearned revenue		- 8,638		420,000		-		420,000 8,638
Deposits payable		0,030		- 2,294		-		2,294
Total current liabilities		- 112,870		635,986		167,689		916,545
Total liabilities		112,870		635,986		167,689		916,545
Total habilities		112,070		030,900		107,009		910,545
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		1,212		-		-		1,212
Unrestricted		834,466	_	-		395,718		1,230,184
Total net position	\$	835,678	\$	-	\$	395,718	\$	1,231,396

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

	Busine	terprise Funds		
	Solid Waste Management	Contractual Police	Motor Vehicle	Total
Operating revenues -				
Charges for services	\$ 967,086	\$ 1,873,928	\$ 729,473	\$ 3,570,487
Other	46,525			46,525
Total operating revenues	1,013,611	1,873,928	729,473	3,617,012
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	115,325	1,504,128	541,074	2,160,527
Materials, supplies and service	1,780,112	172,018	127,704	2,079,834
Depreciation	2,423	-	-	2,423
Total operating expenses	1,897,860	1,676,146	668,778	4,242,784
Operating income (loss)	(884,249	) 197,782	60,695	(625,772)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Taxes	49,656	; -	-	49,656
Intergovernmental	310,909	48,853	-	359,762
Interest income	3,613	-	5,255	8,868
Net change in fair value of investments	1,295		(1,438)	(143)
Total nonoperating revenues	365,473	48,853	3,817	418,143
Income (loss) before transfers	(518,776	i) 246,635	64,512	(207,629)
Transfers from other funds	300,000	) –	-	300,000
Transfers to other funds		(246,635)	(30,000)	(276,635)
Change in net position	(218,776	i) -	34,512	(184,264)
Total net position - January 1	1,054,454	<u> </u>	361,206	1,415,660
Total net position - December 31	\$ 835,678	<u>\$</u>	\$ 395,718	\$ 1,231,396

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

		olid Waste anagement	Contractual Police		Motor Vehicle			Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash receipts from customers	\$	1,022,932	\$	1,400,858	\$	748,494	\$	3,172,284
Other cash receipts		-		-		-		-
Cash payments to other funds		(135,478)		-		(115,896)		(251,374)
Payments to employees		(111,937)		(1,146,938)		(536,998)		(1,795,873)
Payments to suppliers		(1,594,621)		(24,804)		(9,393)		(1,628,818)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(819,104)		229,116		86,207		(503,781)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACT	Ίνιτι	ES						
Grants		341,002		48,853		-		389,855
Transfers from other funds		300,000		-		-		300,000
Transfers to other funds		-		(246,635)		(30,000)		(276,635)
Taxes		49,656		-		-		49,656
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		690,658		(197,782)		(30,000)		462,876
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest income		4,908				3,817		8,725
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,908				3,817	-	8,725
		1,000				0,011		0,720
Net increase (decrease) in								
cash and cash equivalents		(123,538)		31,334		60,024		(32,180)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		713,871		(29,435)		501,829		1,186,265
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	590,333	\$	1,899	\$	561,853	\$	1,154,085
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cas								<i></i>
Operating income (loss)	\$	(884,249)	\$	197,782	\$	60,695	\$	(625,772)
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities -								
Depreciation		2,423		-		-		2,423
Changes in assets and liabilities:						( <b>-</b> ( <b>-</b> )		(
Customer receivables		9,321		(473,069)		(745)		(464,493)
Accounts payable - other		(6,838)		11,446		2,250		6,858
Accounts payable - supplier		56,852		121,080		19,932		197,864
Interfund payables		-		334,000		-		334,000
Salaries and benefits payable		3,387		37,877		4,075		45,339
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(819,104)	\$	229,116	\$	86,207	\$	(503,781)

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Information Systems Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the acquisition and maintenance of computer software and hardware.

<u>Equipment Division Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the acquisition and maintenance of motorized equipment. User charges are billed to the various City departments.

<u>Support Services Fund</u> - This fund accounts for printing, mailroom, and phone system activities. User charges are billed to various City departments.

<u>Public Safety Radio Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the purchase and maintenance of public safety radios. User charges are billed to various City departments.

<u>Self-Insurance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for payments of insurance premiums and claims and allocation of such costs to user departments.

<u>Benefit Accrual Fund</u> - This fund accounts for payment of unused vacation, personal leave and compensatory time, and allocation of such costs to respective departments.

<u>Insured Benefits Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the administration of employee benefits for insurance programs.

<u>Facilities and Parks Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for costs related to replacement and maintenance of the main City buildings and park structures.

<u>PERA Pension</u> – This fund accounts for payment of pension related benefits and allocation of such costs to respective departments.

**CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2015

	Information Systems	Equipment Division	Support Services	Public Safety Radio	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,869,754	\$ 5,880,913	\$ 192,471	\$ 931,195	
Accrued interest receivable	8,812	18,829	519	2,872	
Accounts receivable	65	2,601	15	-	
Prepaid items	433,481	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	
Inventory	-	178,361			
Total current assets	3,312,112	6,080,704	193,005	934,067	
Noncurrent assets:					
Land	-	-	-	-	
Buildings and structures	-	-	-	305,383	
Machinery and equipment	1,657,137	27,192,951	133,245	1,388,727	
Improvements	-	26,827	-	-	
Construction in progress	-	347,082	-	-	
Accumulated depreciation	(729,792)	(19,296,228)	(119,795)	(1,000,661)	
Total noncurrent assets	927,345	8,270,632	13,450	693,449	
Total assets	4,239,457	14,351,336	206,455	1,627,516	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows - related to pensions	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-			
Current liabilities:	000 400	000.000	0.004	40.450	
Accounts payable	232,103	308,822	6,894	18,158	
Estimated claims payable	-	-	-	-	
Benefits payable	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Current bonds payable	-	-	-	-	
Accrued interest payable Deposits payable	-	-	-	-	
Total current liabilities	232,103	308,822	6,894	18,158	
Noncurrent liabilities:	202,100	300,022	0,034	10,100	
Benefits payable	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	
Bonds payable	_	-	-	-	
Estimated claims payable	_	-	-	-	
Net pension liability	-	-	-	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	-			
Total liabilities	232,103	308,822	6,894	18,158	
		<i>,</i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>i</b>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows - related to pensions	-	-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources					
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	927,345	8,270,632	13,450	693,449	
Unrestricted	3,080,009	5,771,882	186,111	915,909	
Total net position	\$ 4,007,354	\$ 14,042,514	\$ 199,561	\$ 1,609,358	

EXHIBIT E-1

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits		ilities & Parks laintenance		ERA ension	Total	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$		\$	7,456	\$	\$	-	\$	110,332
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		317	-		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- 221,344	_		_	550		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-	-		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 3,717,268	12,408,050		2,746,010	 7,523,260		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-	11,432,262		-		11,432,262
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-	1,361,938		-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	-		-	-		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 -	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 -	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	 3,717,268	12,408,050		2,746,010	 47,323,425				86,619,517
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	-		-	-	7	,460,459		7,460,459
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-	-				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,992		12,986	313,246		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	702,403	- 605.017		-	-		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-			-	395 483		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		_			-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-			-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	-		50,564			-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 899,881	697,009			 1,390,957		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	13,205,331		-	-		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-		-	3,085,000		-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1,126,364	-		-	-				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	 -	-		-	 -				
-         -         -         5,678,628				-		42	2,574,651		
-         -         -         5,678,628         5,678,628           -         -         -         36,140,165         -         46,045,041           1,691,023         (1,494,290)         2,682,460         6,707,303         (40,792,820)         (21,252,413)	 2,026,245	13,902,340		63,550	 4,475,957	42	2,574,651		63,608,720
-         -         -         5,678,628         5,678,628           -         -         -         36,140,165         -         46,045,041           1,691,023         (1,494,290)         2,682,460         6,707,303         (40,792,820)         (21,252,413)	-	-		-	-	5	678,628		5,678,628
	-	-		-	 -				
1,691,023 (1,494,290) 2,682,460 6,707,303 (40,792,820) (21,252,413)					 				
	-	-		-			-		
<u>\$ 1,691,023</u> <u>\$ (1,494,290)</u> <u>\$ 2,682,460</u> <u>\$ 42,847,468</u> <u>\$ (40,792,820)</u> <u>\$ 24,792,628</u>									
	\$ 1,691,023	\$ (1,494,290)	\$	2,682,460	\$ 42,847,468	\$ (40	,792,820)	\$	24,792,628

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Information Systems		E	Equipment Division	Support Services		Pu	blic Safety Radio
Operating revenues:	•		•		•		•	
Charges for services	\$	4,706,918	\$	6,633,144	\$	413,693	\$	553,383
Other		3,908		34,370		-		-
Total operating revenues		4,710,826		6,667,514		413,693		553,383
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits		1,603,880		1,288,084		194,854		113,578
Materials, supplies and service		3,143,558		3,015,412		250,950		553,897
Depreciation		212,491		2,021,529		5,280		125,044
Total operating expenses		4,959,929		6,325,025		451,084		792,519
Operating income (loss)		(249,103)		342,489		(37,391)		(239,136)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Interest income		25,258		54,340		1,599		8,411
Net change in fair value of investments		(4,867)		(16,219)		242		(942)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		170,137		-		(12,327)
Interest expense		-		-		-		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		20,391		208,258		1,841		(4,858)
Income (loss) before transfers		(228,712)		550,747		(35,550)		(243,994)
Transfers from other funds		-		18,098		-		17,808
Transfers to other funds		(182,124)		-		-		(90,000)
Change in net position		(410,836)		568,845		(35,550)		(316,186)
Total net position - January 1		4,418,190		13,473,669		235,111		1,925,544
Prior Period Adjustment - see Note 15 Total net position - January 1, as restated		4,418,190		13,473,669		235,111		1,925,544
Total net position - December 31	\$	4,007,354	\$	14,042,514	\$	199,561	\$	1,609,358

Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits	Facilities & Parks Maintenance	PERA Pension	Total	
\$ 2,226,406 	\$ 1,642,998 	\$ 8,823,344 25,000 8,848,344	\$ 10,821,431 21,252 10,842,683	\$ 4,410,123 - 4,410,123	\$ 40,231,440 84,530 40,315,970	
- 1,236,563 - 1,236,563	1,914,550  	9,243,673 385 - 9,244,058	3,358,071 5,109,218 1,496,197 9,963,486	5,610,915 - - 5,610,915	23,327,605 13,309,983 <u>3,860,541</u> 40,498,129	
989,843	(271,552)	(395,714)	879,197	(1,200,792)	(182,159)	
 26,753 (10,732) 	110,327 (30,155) -	- 22,758 3,337 - -	- 60,881 (20,884) - (77,922)	116,010 - - - -	116,010 310,327 (80,220) 157,810 (77,922)	
16,021	80,172	26,095	(37,925)	116,010	542,015	
1,005,864	(191,380)	(369,619)	841,272	(1,084,782)	243,846	
500,004	500,004	30,504 (1,000,008)	120,000	- -	1,186,418 (1,272,132)	
1,505,868	308,624	(1,339,123)	961,272	(1,084,782)	158,132	
185,155	(1,802,914) - (1,802,914)	4,021,583	41,886,196  41,886,196	- (39,708,038) (39,708,038)	64,342,534 (39,708,038) 24,634,496	
\$ 1,691,023	\$ (1,494,290)	\$ 2,682,460	\$ 42,847,468	\$ (40,792,820)	\$ 24,792,628	

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Information Systems	Equipment Division	Support Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 4 606 759	¢ 6 656 074	Ф 442.66F
Cash from interfund services provided	\$ 4,696,758	\$ 6,656,274	\$ 413,665
Cash payments to other funds Payments to employees	(268,930) (1,602,794)	(1,175,936)	(184,856) (193,700)
Payments to suppliers		(1,281,207)	(193,700) (65,680)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,919,194) (94,160)	<u>(1,886,103)</u> 2,313,028	(30,571)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(94,100)	2,313,020	(30,371)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Grants	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	-	18,098	-
Transfers to other funds	(182,124)	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(182,124)	18,098	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING AC	TIVITIES		
Bond payments	-	-	-
Interest and other payments Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Purchase of capital assets	- (117,708)	218,406 (2,305,023)	- (14,945)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital	(117,700)	(2,305,025)	(14,945)
and related financing activities	(117,708)	(2,086,617)	(14,945)
	(111,100)	(_,000,011)	(1.1,0.10)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment income	20,391	38,121	1,841
Net cash provided by investing activities	20,391	38,121	1,841
Net increase (decrease) in			
cash and cash equivalents	(373,601)	282,630	(43,675)
			( - / /
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	3,243,355	5,598,283	236,146
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 2,869,754	\$ 5,880,913	\$ 192,471
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided Operating income (loss)	\$ (249,103)	\$ 342,489	\$ (37,391)
Adjustment to reconcile operating	$\psi$ (249,100)	φ 342,409	φ (57,591)
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)			
operating activities -			
Depreciation	212,491	2,021,529	5,280
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,	_,,	-,
Accounts receivable	(10,918)	(8,639)	(15)
Other operating receivables	(3,152)	(2,601)	(13)
Interfund receipts	-	-	-
Inventory	-	(13,132)	-
Accounts payable - other	(14)	3,197	414
Accounts payable - supplier	(44,550)	(36,692)	-
Net pension liabilty	-	-	-
Salaries and benefits payable	1,086	6,877	1,154
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-	-
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-	- (00 574)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (94,160)	\$ 2,313,028	\$ (30,571)

Public Safety Radio	Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits	Facilities & Parks Maintenance	PERA Pension	Total
\$ 552,567	\$ 2,228,560	\$ 1,626,112	\$ 8,851,844	\$ 10,945,336	\$ 4,410,123	\$ 40,381,239
(14,378)	(721,188)	-	-	(2,229,074)	-	(4,594,362)
(113,000)	-	(1,537,456)	(9,157,043)	(3,346,684)	(4,526,133)	(21,758,017)
(538,224)	(943,029)	-	(36,309)	(2,958,571)	-	(9,347,110)
(113,035)	564,343	88,656	(341,508)	2,411,007	(116,010)	4,681,750
-	_	-	-		116,010	116,010
17,808	500,004	500,004	30,504	120,000	-	1,186,418
(90,000)	- 000,00	- 000,004	(1,000,008)	-	-	(1,272,132)
(72,192)	500,004	500,004	(969,504)	120,000	116,010	30,296
(:_;:=)			(000,001)			
_	_	_	_	(575,000)	_	(575,000)
_				(373,000) (77,922)		(373,000) (77,922)
-	-	_	-	(11,322)	_	218,406
-	-	-	-	(806,463)	-	(3,244,139)
				(000,100)		(0,211,100)
-				(1,459,385)	-	(3,678,655)
7,468	16,020	80,172	26,096	39,997	-	230,106
7,468	16,020	80,172	26,096	39,997	-	230,106
,						
(177,759)	1,080,367	668,832	(1,284,916)	1,111,619	-	1,263,497
<u>.</u>			<u>.                                 </u>			
1,108,954	2,405,026	11,699,553	4,023,153	6,388,843		34,703,313
\$ 931,195	\$ 3,485,393	\$ 12,368,385	\$ 2,738,237	\$ 7,500,462	\$ -	\$ 35,966,810
\$ (239,136)	\$ 989,843	\$ (271,552)	\$ (395,714)	\$ 879,197	\$ (1,200,792)	\$ (182,159)
125,044	-	-	-	1,496,197	-	3,860,541
-	7,423	-	3,727	113,424	-	105,002
(815)	(5,269)	(16,887)	(228)	(10,771)	-	(39,736)
-	-	-	-	(35,953)	-	(35,953)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,132)
-	(431,252)	-	50,707	15,395	-	(361,553)
1,295	3,598	451,532	-	(57,929)	-	317,254
	-	-	-	-	2,866,613	2,866,613
577	-	(74,437)	-	11,447	-	(53,296)
-	-	-	-	-	(7,460,459)	(7,460,459)
\$ (113,035)	- \$ 564,343	- \$ 88,656	- \$ (341,508)	- \$ 2,411,007	<u>5,678,628</u> \$ (116,010)	5,678,628 \$4,681,750
φ (113,035)	\$ 564,343	φ 00,000	$\phi$ (341,300)	φ 2,411,007	\$ (116,010)	\$ 4,681,750

#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY**

Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the City as agent for the benefit of parties outside of the government.

<u>Convention Bureau Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for the collection of lodging taxes for the Bloomington Visitors and Convention Bureau.

<u>State Pass-Through Loans Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for loans between the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED) and local Bloomington businesses.

<u>City Fiduciary Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds received for other parties and governmental units including the police property room, Metro Mobility, AARP, Farmers Market, Creekside agreements, and youth summer programs.

### **City of Bloomington** Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds December 31, 2015

ASSETS	-	onvention Bureau	Pass	State -Through .oans	F	City Fiduciary	Total		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	325,047 291,024 616,071	\$	6,012 - 6,012	\$	496,840 - 496,840	\$	827,899 291,024 1,118,923	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Accounts payable		616,071		6,012		496,840		1,118,923	
NET POSITION	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

#### **City of Bloomington** Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Balance 1/1/2015		Additions		Deductions		Balance 12/31/2015	
CONVENTION BUREAU									
ASSETS	¢	206 025	¢	4 704 010	¢	4 706 600	¢	225 047	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	306,925 278,085	\$	4,724,812 291,024	\$	4,706,690 278,085	\$	325,047 291,024	
Total assets	\$	585,010	\$	5,015,836	\$	4,984,775	\$	616,071	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Convention Bureau	\$	585,010	\$	5,015,836	\$	4,984,775	\$	616,071	
STATE PASS-THROUGH LOANS ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	3,006 3,006	\$	36,072 33,066	\$	33,066 36,072		\$6,012 -	
Total assets	\$	6,012	\$	69,138	\$	69,138		6,012	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Loan Recipients	\$	6,012	\$	69,138	\$	69,138		6,012	
CITY FIDUCIARY ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	347,731	\$	908,465	\$	759,356		496,840	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Other Parties	\$	347,731	\$	908,465	\$	759,356		496,840	
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	657,662	\$	5,669,349	\$	5,499,112		827,899	
Accounts receivable		281,091		324,090		314,157		291,024	
Total assets	\$	938,753	\$	5,993,439	\$	5,813,269		1,118,923	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Convention Bureau Due to Loan Recipients	\$	585,010 6,012	\$	5,015,836 69,138	\$	4,984,775 69,138		616,071 6,012	
Due to Other Parties		347,731		908,465		759,356		496,840	
Total liabilities	\$	938,753	\$	5,993,439	\$	5,813,269		1,118,923	

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION –

# COMPONENT UNITS

#### PORT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

#### Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances December 31, 2015

		Gov	/ernm	ental Fund T	ypes	Totals			
				Debt	Capital				
	G	eneral		Service	Projects	2015	2014		
ASSETS									
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$	52,021 - 137	\$	290,749 - 569	\$ 65,122,828 5,627 130,622	\$65,465,598 5,627 131,328	\$ 47,420,686 5,830 19,519		
Prepaid items Due from primary government Loans receivable					- 867,431 2,121,600	- 867,431 2,121,600	16,500 2,785,056 2,040,000		
Total assets		52,158		291,318	68,248,108	68,591,584	52,287,591		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		2,509		13,000	1,790,238	1,805,747	1,342,689		
Due to primary government		13,100		-	4,128,693	4,141,793	3,577,943		
Total liabilities		15,609		13,000	5,918,931	5,947,540	4,920,632		
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-	-	-	16,500		
Restricted		-		278,318	62,177,858	62,456,176	47,162,557		
Committed		-		-	151,319	151,319	150,911		
Unassigned		36,549		-		36,549	36,991		
Total fund balances		36,549		278,318	62,329,177	62,644,044	47,366,959		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	52,158	\$	291,318	\$ 68,248,108	\$ 68,591,584	\$ 52,287,591		

### PORT AUTHORITY OF THE

## CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Gov	ernm	ental Fund Ty	/pes	Tot	als
	Genera			Debt Service	Capital Projects	2015	2014
REVENUES					i		
Property tax increment	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,093,532	\$ 22,093,532	\$ 23,209,171
Interest		253		641	345,696	346,590	12,548
Net change in fair value of investments		(43)		(348)	(37,024)	(37,415)	176,681
City contribution	260,	000		-	-	260,000	6,290,000
Other		-		-	-	-	150,929
Total revenues	260,2	210		293	22,402,204	22,662,707	29,839,329
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General services	277,	152		66,502	305,461	649,115	584,317
Development services		-		-	13,781,229	13,781,229	28,803,787
Debt service:							
Interest		-		-	120,609	120,609	259,774
Total expenditures	277,	152		66,502	14,207,299	14,550,953	29,647,878
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,	942)		(66,209)	8,194,905	8,111,754	191,451
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	3,214,651	3,214,651	-
Transfers out		-		-	(3,214,651)	(3,214,651)	-
Issuance of debt		-		344,527	6,805,473	7,150,000	-
Premium on bonds issued		-		-	15,331	15,331	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		344,527	6,820,804	7,165,331	
Net change in fund balance	(16,	942)		278,318	15,015,709	15,277,085	191,451
Fund balance - January 1	53,	491		-	47,313,468	47,366,959	47,175,508
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 36,	549	\$	278,318	\$ 62,329,177	\$ 62,644,044	\$ 47,366,959

EXHIBIT H-1

Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2015

400570	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	•	•	• - • • • • • •
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,305,102	\$ 511,479	\$ 5,816,581
Accounts receivable	7,943,722	-	7,943,722
Prepaid items	334,436	-	334,436
Due from primary government	83,710	-	83,710
Due from other government	159,639	-	159,639
Inventory - land held for resale	732,958	-	732,958
Land	130,300	1,470,000	1,600,300
Buildings and structures, net of accumulated depreciation	-	1,300,179	1,300,179
Machinery and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	1,256		1,256
Total assets	14,691,123	3,281,658	17,972,781
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	54,376	86,498	140,874
Due to primary government	245,278	15,876	261,154
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due to primary government -			
Bonds payable due in more than one year	2,803,353	-	2,803,353
Due in more than one year		1,574,720	1,574,720
Total liabilities	3,103,007	1,677,094	4,780,101
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	131,556	1,195,459	1,327,015
Restricted for:	,	.,,	.,,
Tax increment purposes	1,136,953	-	1,136,953
HUD rehab loans	69,899	-	69,899
Unrestricted	10,249,708	409,105	10,658,813
Total net position	\$ 11,588,116	\$ 1,604,564	\$ 13,192,680

#### EXHIBIT H-2

Schedule of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

				Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Governmental activities:	•	4 074 000	•	44.000	•	1 000 007	•		•	(000.470)	•		•	(000.470)
General services Development services Interest on long-term debt and amounts due to primary	\$	4,671,838 1,953,225	\$	14,963 402,309	\$	4,320,697 827,575	\$	-	\$	(336,178) (723,341)	\$	-	\$	(336,178) (723,341)
government - bonds payable		104,139		-		-				(104,139)		-		(104,139)
Total governmental activities		6,729,202		417,272		5,148,272				(1,163,658)		-		(1,163,658)
Business-type activities:														
Property management		271,298		211,416		-		-		-		(59,882)		(59,882)
Assisted rental		271,708		310,489		-		-		-		38,781		38,781
Total business-type activities	_	543,006		521,905				-		<u> </u>		(21,101)		(21,101)
Total	\$	7,272,208	\$	939,177	\$	5,148,272				(1,163,658)		(21,101)		(1,184,759)

General revenues: Property taxes	2,723,052	-	2,723,052
Interest and investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Transfers			
Total general revenues and transfers	2,723,052		2,723,052
Change in net position	1,559,394	(21,101)	1,538,293
Net position - January 1	10,028,722	1,625,665	11,654,387
Net position - December 31	\$ 11,588,116	\$ 1,604,564	\$ 13,192,680

Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances Governmental Funds

December 31, 2015

	(	General Fund	D	Housing evelopment	Redevelopme			ection 8 ouchers
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	542,071	\$	2,110,718	\$	-	\$	65,027
Taxes receivable		15,457		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		6,225		-		588
Mortgage receivable		-		1,425,527		-		-
Prepaid items Due from other funds		-		- 4,900,000		-		334,436
Due from primary government		-		4,900,000		-		-
Due from other govts		-		-		-		16,109
Inventory - land for resale		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	557,528	\$	8,442,470	\$	-	\$	416,160
LIABILITIES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	489	\$	16,105	\$	-	\$	11,568
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	300,000
Due to primary government		26,428		14,145		-		55,653
Total liabilities		26,917		30,250		-		367,221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflow-taxes		15,457		-		-		-
Deferred inflow-mortgages		-		1,030,968		-		-
Deferred inflow-land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,457		1,030,968		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Fund Balances (Deficits):								~~ ( ) ~~
Nonspendable		-		394,559		-		334,436
Restricted Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		6,986,693		-		-
Unassigned		- 515,154		-		-		- (285,497)
Total fund balances		515,154		7,381,252				48,939
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		0.0,.01		.,				.0,000
resources and fund balances	\$	557,528	\$	8,442,470	\$	-	\$	416,160

Housing Rehabilitation	TIF Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,195,403 - - -	\$    1,352,968 703 7,639	\$ 38,915 - - 1 120 742	\$ 5,305,102 16,160 14,452 7 013 110
5,347,841 - -	-	1,139,742 - -	7,913,110 334,436 4,900,000
83,710 143,530 -	- - 267,700	- - 465,258	83,710 159,639 732,958
\$ 6,770,484	\$ 1,629,010	\$ 1,643,915	\$ 19,459,567
\$ 4,331	\$ 21,723 4,600,000	\$ 160	\$ 54,376
- 24,052	4,000,000	-	4,900,000 120,278
28,383	4,621,723	160	5,074,654
_	_		\$ 15,457
5,347,841	-	1,139,742	7,518,551
-	267,700	465,258	732,958
5,347,841	267,700	1,605,000	8,266,966
-	-	-	728,995
69,899 1,324,361	1,215,306	-	1,285,205 8,311,054
	-	38,755	38,755
	(4,475,719)	-	(4,246,062)
1,394,260	(3,260,413)	38,755	6,117,947
\$ 6,770,484	\$ 1,629,010	\$ 1,643,915	\$ 19,459,567

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY **EXHIBIT H-4** IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances To the Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2015 FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ 6,117,947 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Schedule of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Cost of capital assets \$ 161,064 Less accumulated depreciation (29,508)131,556 Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred inflow in the fund financial schedules but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide schedules. 8,266,966 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (2,850,000)Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the government-wide schedules. (34, 201)Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the fund schedules. (44,152) NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 11,588,116



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	(	General Fund	I Housing Development		Red	evelopment
REVENUES				•		
Taxes:						
Regular	\$	281,404	\$	1,434,759	\$	-
Tax increment		-		32,456		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-
Sale of real property		-		-		-
Program		-		7,123		-
Interest		(845)		-		-
Other		900		6,225		-
Total revenues		281,459		1,480,563		-
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General services		256,317		-		-
Development services		-		329,385		173,924
Debt service:						
Administrative charges		-		-		5,472
Interest		-		-		-
Principal retirement		-		-		-
Capital outlay -						
Development services		-		-		-
Total expenditures		256,317		329,385		179,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		25,142		1,151,178		(179,396)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds		-		(132,000)		(44,494)
Transfers from other funds		-		44,494		-
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		-		(87,506)		(44,494)
Net change in fund balance		25,142		1,063,672		(223,890)
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1		490,012		6,317,580		223,890
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$	515,154	\$	7,381,252	\$	-

Section 8 Vouchers	Housing Rehabilitation	TIF Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 4,320,697 - - - 14,908 4,335,605	\$ 99,185 - 715,093 - 159,456 - - - 973,734	\$ - 875,520 112,482 - - - 7,639 995,641	\$ - - 211,971 - - - 211,971	<pre>\$ 1,815,348 907,976 5,148,272 211,971 166,579 (845) 29,672 8,278,973</pre>
4,413,008 - - - -	- 1,189,985 - - -	- 147,331 2,739 107,765 120,000	- 69,157 - - -	4,669,325 1,909,782 8,211 107,765 120,000
4,413,008	1,189,985	377,835	<u>    106,876                                   </u>	106,876 6,921,959
(77,403)	(216,251)	617,806	35,938	1,357,014
80,000	50,000		2,000	(176,494) 176,494
80,000	50,000	<u> </u>	2,000	<u> </u>
2,597	(166,251)	617,806	37,938	1,357,014
46,342	1,560,511	(3,878,219)	817	4,760,933
\$ 48,939	\$ 1,394,260	\$ (3,260,413)	\$ 38,755	\$ 6,117,947

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON Reconciliation of the Schedule of Revenues, Eexpenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Schedule of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2015		EXHIBIT H-6
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	1,357,014
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Schedule of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Schedule of Net Position, the cost of these assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense: Depreciation expense (2,513)	-	(2,513)
Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to delinquent property taxes that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(273)
Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to mortgages receivable that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		221,866
Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to Inventory - land held for resale that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(140,327)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) is an expenditure in the governmental funds but does not affect the Schedule of Activities.		120,000
Governmental funds report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Schedule of Activities.		2,126
Change in accrued interest on general long-term debt is reported in the Schedule of Activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		1,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	1,559,394

EXHIBIT H-7

#### Schedule of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2015

	ļ	Assisted Rental	Property anagement	Total
ASSETS			 	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	398,370	\$ 113,109	\$ 511,479
Total current assets		398,370	 113,109	 511,479
Noncurrent assets:				
Land		700,000	770,000	1,470,000
Buildings and structures		1,698,090	1,587,527	3,285,617
Accumulated depreciation		(1,022,483)	(962,955)	(1,985,438)
Total noncurrent assets		1,375,607	 1,394,572	 2,770,179
Total assets		1,773,977	 1,507,681	 3,281,658
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable		2,057	1,616	3,673
Due to primary government		8,795	7,081	15,876
Deposits payable		7,515	 75,310	 82,825
Total current liabilities		18,367	 84,007	 102,374
Noncurrent liabilities -				
Long-term debt		-	 1,574,720	 1,574,720
Total liabilities		18,367	 1,658,727	 1,677,094
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,375,607	(180,148)	1,195,459
Unrestricted		380,003	 29,102	 409,105
Total net position	\$	1,755,610	\$ (151,046)	\$ 1,604,564

EXHIBIT H-8

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Assisted Rental			Property anagement		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES Program income	\$	279,751	\$	190,685	\$	470,436	
Other	Ŧ	30,738	Ŧ	20,731	Ŷ	51,469	
Total operating revenues		310,489		211,416		521,905	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits		69,091		70,319		139,410	
Professional services		1,405		3,033		4,438	
City support services		3,336		163		3,499	
Purchased services		40,436		33,401		73,837	
Home rehabilitation		107,503		116,149		223,652	
Depreciation		49,937		48,233		98,170	
Total operating expenses		271,708		271,298		543,006	
Operating income (loss)		38,781		(59,882)		(21,101)	
Total net position - January 1		1,716,829		(91,164)		1,625,665	
Total net position - December 31	\$	1,755,610	\$	(151,046)	\$	1,604,564	

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON Schedule of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2015

	/	Assisted Rental		Property inagement		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Payments to other funds Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	356,760 (7,550) (69,091) (153,153) 126,966	\$	248,541 (3,270) (70,319) (149,223) 25,729	\$	605,301 (10,820) (139,410) (302,376) 152,695
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		126,966		25,729		152,695
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		271,404		87,380		358,784
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	398,370	\$	113,109	\$	511,479
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operatir	-		•	(70,000)	<u>^</u>	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	38,781	\$	(59,882)	\$	(21,101)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		49,937		48,233		98,170
Accounts payable		(289)		(6)		(295)
Deposits payable		(3,520)		3,366		(154)
Due to primary government		(4,214)		(3,107)		(7,321)
Customer receivables		46,271		37,125		83,396
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	126,966	\$	25,729	\$	152,695

EXHIBIT H-9

EXHIBIT H-10

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General Fund

	Budget						V	ariance With
	Original Final			Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Taxes -								
Regular	\$	280,290	\$	280,290	\$	281,404	\$	1,114
Interest		1,000		1,000		(845)		(1,845)
Other		-		-		900		900
Total revenues		281,290		281,290		281,459		169
EXPENDITURES Current -								
General services		281,290		291,290		256,317		34,973
Net change in fund balance		-		(10,000)		25,142		35,142
Fund balance - January 1		490,012		490,012		490,012		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	490,012	\$	480,012	\$	515,154	\$	35,142

EXHIBIT H-11

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Housing Development Fund

	Budget						Variance With Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual			
REVENUES		0						<u> </u>
Taxes:								
Regular	\$	1,446,546	\$	1,431,546	\$	1,434,759	\$	3,213
Tax increment		32,456		32,456		32,456		-
Sale of real property		150,000		-		-		-
Program		7,123		7,123		7,123		-
Other		6,225		6,225		6,225		-
Total revenues		1,642,350		1,477,350		1,480,563		3,213
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
Development services		182,399		332,399		329,385		3,014
Capital outlay -								
Development services		1,459,951		1,459,951		-		1,459,951
Total expenditures		1,642,350		1,792,350		329,385		1,462,965
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		(315,000)		1,151,178		1,466,178
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers to other funds		-		(132,000)		(132,000)		-
Transfers from other funds				50,000		44,494		(5,506)
Total other								
financing uses		-		(82,000)		(87,506)		(5,506)
Net change in fund balance		-		(397,000)		1,063,672		1,460,672
Fund balance - January 1		6,317,580		6,317,580		6,317,580		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	6,317,580	\$	5,920,580	\$	7,381,252	\$	1,460,672

EXHIBIT H-12

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Redevelopment Fund

	Budget						Variance	
	Original		Final		Actual		With Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes -	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Regular Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total revenues						-		
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
Development services		-		176,000		173,924		2,076
Debt service:								
Administrative charges		-		6,000		5,472		528
Total expenditures		-		182,000		179,396		2,604
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		_		(182,000)		(179,396)		2,604
				(102,000)		(110,000)		2,001
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers to other funds		-		(45,000)		(44,494)		(506)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		-		(45,000)		(44,494)		(506)
Net change in fund balance		-		(227,000)		(223,890)		3,110
				,				
Fund balance - January 1		223,890		223,890		223,890		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$	223,890	\$	(3,110)	\$	-	\$	3,110

EXHIBIT H-13

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Section 8 Vouchers Fund

	Budget						V	ariance With
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	4,183,000	\$	4,283,000	\$	4,320,697	\$	37,697
Interest		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Other		14,000		14,000		14,908		908
Total revenues		4,198,000		4,298,000		4,335,605		37,605
EXPENDITURES Current -								
General services		4,198,000		4,443,000		4,413,008		29,992
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		(145,000)		(77,403)		67,597
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers from other funds		-		80,000		80,000		-
Net change in fund balance		-		(65,000)		2,597		67,597
Fund balance - January 1		46,342		46,342		46,342		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	46,342	\$	(18,658)	\$	48,939	\$	67,597

EXHIBIT H-14

#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Housing Rehabilitation Fund

	Budget						Variance With	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES Taxes -								
Regular Intergovernmental Program Total revenues	\$	100,000 1,381,085 160,000 1,641,085	\$	100,000 711,085 160,000 971,085	\$	99,185 715,093 159,456 973,734	\$	(815) 4,008 (544) 2,649
EXPENDITURES Current -								
Development services		1,641,085		1,291,085		1,189,985		101,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(320,000)		(216,251)		103,749
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds		<u> </u>		50,000		50,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		(270,000)		(166,251)		103,749
Fund balance - January 1		1,560,511		1,560,511		1,560,511		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,560,511	\$	1,290,511	\$	1,394,260	\$	103,749



#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Combining Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances

TIF Special Revenue Fund

December 31, 2015

	Oxboro O-4		France & Old Shakopee		Penn & American		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,665	\$	39,685	\$	86,420	
Taxes receivable		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		7,639		-		-	
Inventory - land for resale		-		267,700	_	-	
Total assets	\$	17,304	\$	307,385	\$	86,420	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Current liabilities -	¢	17.004	¢	<u></u>	¢	4 004	
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	17,304	\$	623	\$	1,201	
Total liabilities		17,304		1,000,000 1,000,623		3,600,000 3,601,201	
rotar habinties		17,304		1,000,023		3,001,201	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflow-land held for resale		-		267,700		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		267,700		-	
FUND BALANCES							
Fund Balances:							
Restricted		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		(960,938)		(3,514,781)	
Total fund balances		-		(960,938)		(3,514,781)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	17,304	\$	307,385	\$	86,420	
	Ψ	17,504	Ψ	307,303	Ψ	00,420	

Ir	GO Tax ncrement nds 2004A	Ir	GO Tax ncrement nds 2003A		Total
\$	883,115 703 - - 883,818	\$	334,083	\$	1,352,968 703 7,639 267,700 1,629,010
Ψ	000,010	Ψ		<u>Ψ</u>	1,023,010
\$	1,611 - 1,611	\$	984 - 984	\$	21,723 4,600,000 4,621,723
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		267,700 267,700
	882,207 - 882,207		333,099 - 333,099		1,215,306 (4,475,719) (3,260,413)
\$	883,818	\$	334,083	\$	1,629,010

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#### HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances TIF Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

REVENUES	Oxboro O-4		France & Old Shakopee		Penn & American	
Taxes - Tax increment Intergovernmental Other Total revenues	\$	19,331 - 7,639 26,970	\$	24,128 - - 24,128	\$	400,206 112,482 - 512,688
EXPENDITURES Current - Development services Debt service:		26,970		2,919		117,442
Administrative charges Interest Principal retirement Total expenditures		- - - 26,970		2,919		- - - 117,442
Net change in fund balance		-		21,209		395,246
Fund balance - January 1		-		(982,147)		(3,910,027)
Fund balance - December 31	\$	-	\$	(960,938)	\$	(3,514,781)

TIF Special Revenue							
Oxb	oro		GO Tax	(	GO Tax		
0-3 B	onds	lr	ncrement	In	crement		
19	97	Bo	nds 2004A	Bor	nds 2003A		Total
\$	-	\$	348,436	\$	83,419	\$	875,520
	-		-		-		112,482
	-		-		-		7,639
	-		348,436		83,419		995,641
	_		-		-		147,331
							,
	-		1,683		1,056		2,739
	-		79,665		28,100		107,765
	-		90,000		30,000		120,000
	-		171,348		59,156		377,835
	-		177,088		24,263		617,806
	-		705,119		308,836		(3,878,219)
\$	_	\$	882,207	\$	333,099	\$	(3,260,413)



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

# SECTION III

# STATISTICAL INFORMATION



# CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Bloomington's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	194
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property tax.	
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These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	206
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
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These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$233,313,606	\$234,297,444	\$232,922,311	\$235,909,200
Restricted	18,287,861	26,841,630	27,895,072	32,235,051
Unrestricted	101,101,321	106,939,521	124,055,525	123,811,008
Total governmental activities net position	\$352,702,788	\$368,078,595	\$384,872,908	\$391,955,259
Business-type activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$75,763,507	\$78,786,554	\$81,918,711	\$82,916,273
Restricted	183,500	183,500	183,500	183,500
Unrestricted	19,306,154	16,299,438	14,147,711	14,605,681
Total business-type activities net position	\$95,253,161	\$95,269,492	\$96,249,922	\$97,705,454
Primary government:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$309,077,113	\$313,083,798	\$314,841,022	\$318,825,473
Restricted	18,471,361	27,025,130	28,078,572	32,418,551
Unrestricted	120,407,475	123,238,959	138,203,236	138,416,689
Total primary government net position	\$447,955,949	\$463,347,887	\$481,122,830	\$489,660,713

Fisca	l Year				
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$237,427,493	\$239,452,569	\$247,436,963	\$269,230,824	\$283,643,717	\$300,117,784
32,602,549	78,893,688	82,269,101	91,045,904	67,294,971	68,599,352
127,671,490	84,444,842	80,282,505	73,886,361	87,228,094	69,232,697
\$397,701,532	\$402,791,099	\$409,988,569	\$434,163,089	\$438,166,782	\$437,949,833
\$83,743,321	\$84,427,251	\$84,300,863	\$84,457,359	\$86,185,438	\$85,388,894
183,500	183,500	183,500	-	-	-
13,691,701	13,264,850	14,968,340	14,056,641	11,782,412	12,401,673
\$97,618,522	\$97,875,601	\$99,452,703	\$98,514,000	\$97,967,850	\$97,790,567
\$321,170,814	\$323,879,820	\$331,737,826	\$353,688,183	\$369,829,155	\$385,506,678
32,786,049	79,077,188	82,452,601	91,045,904	67,294,971	68,599,352
141,363,191	97,709,692	95,250,845	87,943,002	99,010,506	81,634,370
\$495,320,054	\$500,666,700	\$509,441,272	\$532,677,089	\$536,134,632	\$535,740,400

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses				
Governmental activities:	A.C. 01.C. 0.0.5		AT 550 001	
General services	\$6,216,805	\$6,551,564	\$7,552,801	\$7,749,164
Development services	10,640,623	12,936,734	11,446,884	10,440,313
Public works Public safety	14,402,209	15,879,366	18,618,172	16,483,155
5	21,401,304	22,163,979	22,690,239	23,123,311
Community services	10,434,867	11,085,832	11,204,261	11,501,567
Interest on long-term debt	1,847,762	2,169,550	1,928,534	2,254,770
Total governmental activities expenses	64,943,570	70,787,025	73,440,891	71,552,280
Business-type activities:				
Water/wastewater	19,173,632	20,241,555	20,445,586	21,095,746
Storm water	2,368,189	2,741,346	3,022,346	2,940,357
Recreational facilities	4,916,572	5,035,848	5,244,075	5,180,193
Other activities	1,762,678	1,868,510	2,515,841	2,190,527
Total business-type activities expenses	28,221,071	29,887,259	31,227,848	31,406,823
Total primary government expenses	\$93,164,641	\$100,674,284	\$104,668,739	\$102,959,103
rogram revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General services	\$2,661,425	\$2,821,039	\$2,721,079	\$2,716,248
Development services	3,379,723	3,763,403	2,743,925	2,833,463
Public works	314,316	709,361	250,770	1,275,586
Public safety	953,783	889,046	835,721	759,798
Community services	1,857,661	1,947,222	2,067,333	2,165,263
Operating grants and contributions	4,808,672	5,275,523	5,323,062	5,532,596
Capital grants and contributions	15,197,852	16,640,764	20,075,161	16,448,770
Total governmental activities program revs	29,173,432	32,046,358	34,017,051	31,731,724
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water/wastewater	18,166,058	18,958,895	19,870,545	21,262,140
Storm water	3,990,285	3,903,039	4,152,024	4,463,832
Recreational facilities	3,456,326	3,412,322	3,747,232	3,694,046
Other activities	1,550,438	1,663,392	1,905,193	1,991,306
Operating grants and contributions	266,916	286,829	783,997	39,369
Capital grants and contributions			-	-
Total business-type activities program revs	27,430,023	28,224,477	30,458,991	31,450,693
Total primary government program revs	\$56,603,455	\$60,270,835	\$64,476,042	\$63,182,417
Vet (expense) revenue:				
Governmental activities	(35,770,138)	(38,740,667)	(39,423,840)	(39,820,556)
Business-type activities	(791,048)	(1,662,782)	(768,857)	43,870
Total primary gov't net (expense) revenue	(\$36,561,186)	(\$40,403,449)	(\$40,192,697)	(\$39,776,686)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Governmental activities: Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$36,663,093	\$39,924,520	\$40,957,857	\$41,263,207
Toperty taxes				5 000 660
Business taxes	6,068,647	6,529,409	6,818,771	5,808,668
	6,068,647 1,265,422	6,529,409 1,267,909	6,818,771 1,203,893	5,808,668 1,179,388
Business taxes				
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,265,422		1,203,893	1,179,388
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets	1,265,422 114,928	1,267,909	1,203,893 30,545	1,179,388 7,491
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731	1,267,909 6,377,834	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269)	1,267,909 6,377,834 16,602	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000)	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927)
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269)	1,267,909 6,377,834 16,602	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000)	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927)
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities: Taxes	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552	1,267,909 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities:	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552	1,267,909 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712 945,526	1,267,909 6,377,834 <u>16,602</u> 54,116,274 751,318	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712	1,267,909 6,377,834 <u>16,602</u> 54,116,274 751,318 944,397	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967 775,794	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809 272,539
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712 - 945,526 75,269	1,267,909 6,377,834 16,602 54,116,274 751,318 944,397 (16,602)	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967 775,794 24,000	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809 272,539 265,927
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712 - 945,526 75,269 1,735,507	1,267,909 - 6,377,834 16,602 54,116,274 751,318 - 944,397 (16,602) 1,679,113	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967 - 775,794 24,000 1,568,761	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809 272,539 265,927 1,411,662
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities usiness-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in net position:	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712 - 945,526 75,269 1,735,507 \$50,750,059	1,267,909 6,377,834 16,602 54,116,274 751,318 - 944,397 (16,602) 1,679,113 \$55,795,387	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967 775,794 24,000 1,568,761 \$57,492,566	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809 272,539 265,927 1,411,662 \$52,053,608
Business taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Investment earnings Transfers Total business-type activities	1,265,422 114,928 4,977,731 (75,269) 49,014,552 714,712 - 945,526 75,269 1,735,507	1,267,909 - 6,377,834 16,602 54,116,274 751,318 - 944,397 (16,602) 1,679,113	1,203,893 30,545 6,936,739 (24,000) 55,923,805 768,967 - 775,794 24,000 1,568,761	1,179,388 7,491 2,649,119 (265,927) 50,641,946 872,387 809 272,539 265,927 1,411,662

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
2010	2011	2012	2015	2014	2015
\$6,755,313	\$7,255,182	\$7,185,895	\$7,527,901	\$7,702,188	\$7,574,5
10,201,540	9,993,980	9,686,546	12,006,241	23,261,857	11,120,0
16,918,065	16,787,405	14,229,217	15,162,908	15,620,844	15,922,8
26,208,360	26,751,391	26,245,526	28,124,185	29,695,195	30,927,4
12,593,495	12,532,613	14,787,079	15,894,544	15,720,340	15,987,9
			, ,		
2,312,818	2,140,825	2,236,062	3,145,420	1,767,122	1,587,9
74,989,591	75,461,396	74,370,325	81,861,199	93,767,546	83,120,8
21,186,738	21,876,605	21,927,951	22,804,577	23,004,075	23,091,12
3,207,573	3,205,055	3,181,680	3,229,686	3,446,390	3,453,0
5,193,546	5,290,940	5,372,380	5,459,451	5,781,663	5,620,2
2,097,085	2,272,292	2,294,436	2,479,382	2,851,567	4,285,6
31,684,942	32,644,892	32,776,447	33,973,096	35,083,695	36,450,1
5106,674,533	\$108,106,288	\$107,146,772	\$115,834,295	\$128,851,241	\$119,570,9
\$3,034,137	\$3,002,960	\$2,999,283	\$3,117,163	\$3,500,551	\$3,906,5
2,844,876	3,482,579	3,601,313	3,692,808	5,166,271	5,788,4
795,439	926,935	433,640	352,955	385,274	85,8
916,777	623,482	564,118	664,015	511,613	559,6
2,298,546	2,141,239	2,378,476	2,294,859	2,150,551	2,084,0
7,765,315	7,250,512	5,407,043	6,277,517	6,524,865	7,103,2
11,273,508	13,390,833	14,166,562	32,781,014	16,172,833	17,377,3
28,928,598	30,818,540	29,550,435	49,180,331	34,411,958	36,905,2
20,920,390	50,818,540	29,550,+55	49,100,551	34,411,938	50,903,2
19,974,684	19,800,214	20,954,786	20,575,176	20,578,287	21,412,9
4,491,970	4,373,221	4,519,242	4,736,151	4,873,273	5,269,1
3,695,146	3,485,848	3,445,419	3,412,602	3,448,585	3,710,6
1,949,741	2,119,848	2,349,498	2,137,718	2,264,970	3,617,0
16,768	78,763	267,591	592,432	854,174	519,8
-	179	36	-	-	245,6
30,128,309	29,858,073	31,536,572	31,454,079	32,019,289	34,775,2
\$59,056,907	\$60,676,613	\$61,087,007	\$80,634,410	\$66,431,247	\$71,680,4
(46,060,993)	(44,642,856)	(44,819,890)	(32,680,868)	(59,355,588)	(46,215,5
(1,556,633)	(2,786,819)	(1,239,875)	(2,519,017)	(3,064,406)	(1,674,9
(\$47,617,626)	(\$47,429,675)	(\$46,059,765)	(\$35,199,885)	(\$62,419,994)	(\$47,890,5
\$41,994,611	\$40,962,947	\$43,284,520	\$44,775,678	\$46,752,023	\$48,881,4
6,200,706	6,874,548	7,010,018	8,906,394	14,222,910	14,412,2
1,167,739	1,593,424	1,232,810	1,202,154	1,850,619	2,877,9
99,283	82,023	58,760	70,765	4,275	163,5
2,562,594	2,002,925	1,551,127	513,017	1,508,213	1,061,3
(217,667)	(1,783,444)	(1,535,643)	(189,469)	(978,759)	(5,2)
51,807,266	49,732,423	51,601,592	55,278,539	63,359,281	67,391,2
51,007,200	-12,132,723	51,001,572		05,559,201	07,571,2
	1,092,948	1,253,288	1,366,798	1,451,140	1,414,12
1,001,875			-	-	-
7,481	6,367 161 139	20.046	24 047		70 1
7,481 242,678	161,139	28,046	24,047	88,357	
7,481		28,046 	24,047 <u>189,469</u> 1,580,314	88,357 <u>978,759</u> 2,518,256	5,2
7,481 242,678 217,667 1,469,701	161,139 <u>1,783,444</u> <u>3,043,898</u>	1,535,643 2,816,977	<u>189,469</u> 1,580,314	<u>978,759</u> 2,518,256	<u>5,2</u> 1,497,6
7,481 242,678 217,667	161,139 1,783,444	1,535,643	189,469	978,759	78,2 5,2 1,497,6 \$68,888,9
7,481 242,678 217,667 1,469,701	161,139 <u>1,783,444</u> <u>3,043,898</u>	1,535,643 2,816,977	<u>189,469</u> 1,580,314	<u>978,759</u> 2,518,256	5,2 1,497,6 \$68,888,99
7,481 242,678 217,667 1,469,701 \$53,276,967	161,139 <u>1,783,444</u> <u>3,043,898</u> \$52,776,321	1,535,643 2,816,977 \$54,418,569	189,469 1,580,314 \$56,858,853	978,759 2,518,256 \$65,877,537	5,2

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
General Fund:				
Reserved	\$389,770	\$622,847	\$316,429	\$261,546
Unreserved	16,703,081	18,300,838	19,388,591	19,650,614
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total general fund	\$17,092,851	\$18,923,685	\$19,705,020	\$19,912,160
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved	\$8,847,003	\$15,911,503	\$11,866,315	\$12,561,450
Unreserved, designated, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	6,053,338	5,266,190	4,989,824	4,615,480
Capital projects funds	48,346,797	59,561,910	72,251,099	71,551,551
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in -				
Special revenue funds	-	(96,377)	-	-
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$63,247,138	\$80,643,226	\$89,107,238	\$88,728,481

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. Information for years prior to 2011 is presented in accordance with fund balance classifications in effect at the time.

Fiscal	Year				
2010	2011 2012		2013	2014	2015
\$328,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
19,122,276	-	-	-	-	-
_	_	-	-	3,952	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,007,844	712,554	571,066	1,250,496	1,259,003
-	18,997,494	19,979,183	20,344,235	23,388,858	26,700,76
\$19,450,283	\$20,005,338	\$20,691,737	\$20,915,301	\$24,643,306	\$27,959,764
\$13,047,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
8,152,553	_	_	_	_	_
65,668,487	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	20,58
-	58,933,054	63,348,535	73,455,034	49,590,387	51,864,82
-	13,096,599	12,621,177	11,155,740	6,375,212	6,494,36
-	21,312,731	17,996,032	16,211,514	19,649,729	21,353,92
-	_	-			
\$86,868,089	\$93,342,384	\$93,965,744	\$100,822,288	\$75,615,328	\$79,733,69

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year	
—	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$36,635,384	\$38,604,975	\$40,277,913	\$41,277,481
Lodging and admissions taxes	6,068,647	6,529,409	6,818,771	5,808,668
Licenses, fees and permits	3,913,055	4,562,365	3,774,304	3,732,882
Fines and penalties	1,556,778	1,375,256	1,277,684	1,185,711
Charges for services	2,907,522	2,594,882	2,669,727	2,726,102
Special assessments	2,206,193	2,048,460	2,572,993	2,873,470
Intergovernmental	12,287,406	13,248,739	9,145,167	9,120,682
Investment earnings	3,684,855	4,980,416	5,651,222	2,100,221
Other revenues	7,024,906	8,780,360	10,544,436	9,691,594
Total revenues	76,284,746	82,724,862	82,732,217	78,516,811
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General services	5,213,619	5,513,732	5,624,310	6,024,864
Development services	8,522,035	9,569,608	8,481,077	7,996,300
Public works	10,759,575	11,175,235	11,491,947	11,756,830
Public safety	20,420,001	21,067,496	21,748,003	22,617,035
Community services	9,323,145	9,962,691	10,380,435	10,754,056
Debt service:	7,525,115	9,902,091	10,500,155	10,75 1,050
Paying agent fees	25,123	191,853	60,689	76,932
Interest	1,563,055	1,708,961	2,196,443	1,936,789
Principal retirement	4,055,000	3,125,000	9,345,000	4,610,000
Capital outlay:	1,055,000	5,125,000	9,515,000	1,010,000
General services	_	_	22,522	_
Development services	2,258,896	162,767	4,251,155	3,182,677
Public works	10,511,219	10,542,665	9,944,230	9,787,120
Public safety	904,876	276,882	281,249	125,671
Community services	659,250	270,224	1,061,763	912,968
District decertified - repayment of tax increments	1,008,680	1,054,532	1,001,705	)12,900
Total expenditures	75,224,474	74,621,646	84,888,823	79,781,242
	13,224,474	74,021,040	04,000,025	79,701,242
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,060,272	8,103,216	(2,156,606)	(1,264,431)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bonds issued	5,855,000	11,505,000	9,570,000	7,835,000
Bond premiums	86,519	89,705	213	(59,155)
Bond discounts	-	-	-	-
Proceeds capital assets	-	-	2,194,455	-
Transfers in	10,159,209	4,540,495	6,059,851	7,860,345
Transfers out	(11,684,757)	(5,011,494)	(6,543,471)	(10,804,337)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,415,971	11,123,706	11,281,048	4,831,853
Net change in fund balance	\$5,476,243	\$19,226,922	\$9,124,442	\$3,567,422
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.3%	8.1%	16.5%	9.9%
Debt service as percentage of total expenditures	7.5%	6.5%	13.6%	8.2%

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
			2010		2010
\$42,020,340	\$41,365,118	\$43,092,371	\$45,485,284	\$46,756,493	\$48,852,186
6,200,709	6,874,548	7,010,018	8,906,395	14,222,909	14,412,263
3,623,605	4,474,072	4,648,260	4,679,509	5,864,807	6,241,921
1,515,366	1,376,797	1,283,725	1,493,871	1,216,254	1,251,693
2,894,200	2,744,425	2,961,413	2,771,138	3,021,925	3,116,814
3,210,522	3,809,554	4,438,899	3,738,367	3,645,884	4,469,106
9,041,238	9,804,326	10,125,744	14,575,098	14,745,267	17,553,679
2,054,891	1,645,392	1,239,085	448,813	1,250,209	833,337
8,132,865	8,961,650	8,077,401	21,432,708	8,612,823	9,870,031
78,693,736	81,055,882	82,876,916	103,531,183	99,336,571	106,601,030
5,368,743	5,332,137	5,741,888	6,301,804	6,804,893	6,741,110
15,408,814	7,454,595	11,742,179	9,548,984	19,400,112	8,479,242
11,909,318	11,613,863	9,362,745	10,007,731	10,464,616	9,989,225
25,500,113	26,191,631	25,733,989	27,490,143	28,984,753	29,692,500
11,658,659	11,683,752	13,979,633	14,983,442	14,709,288	15,396,539
88,308	227,284	281,170	136,333	43,887	-
1,961,215	2,203,535	2,074,532	2,342,029	1,973,965	1,697,056
4,335,000	5,020,000	7,765,000	8,720,000	17,645,000	7,895,000
-	-	-	_	238,249	-
2,797,431	1,800,019	2,735,526	17,709,054	12,057,284	14,577,484
8,553,896	11,780,955	11,225,868	8,076,371	11,681,648	9,044,239
759,463	640,353	269,002	607,105	80,704	510,613
865,036	1,310,704	964,706	750,975	1,779,496	979,392
- 89,205,996	- 85,258,828	91,876,238	106,673,971	- 125,863,895	- 105,002,400
				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
(10,512,260)	(4,202,946)	(8,999,322)	(3,142,788)	(26,527,324)	1,598,630
8,445,000	12,720,000	11,515,000	9,315,000	7,465,000	5,355,000
15,426	202,010	882,240	476,462	177,674	400,749
(18,998)	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	- 4,213,697	- 7,268,816
-	7 500 692	5 749 700		4.213.09/	
- 14,113,607	7,509,683	5,748,790	6,205,652		
(14,365,044)	(9,199,397)	(7,836,949)	(7,351,067)	(6,808,000)	(7,188,369
					(7,188,369
(14,365,044)	(9,199,397)	(7,836,949)	(7,351,067)	(6,808,000)	(7,188,369)
(14,365,044) 8,189,991	(9,199,397) 11,232,296	(7,836,949) 10,309,081	(7,351,067) 8,646,047	(6,808,000) 5,048,371	(7,188,369) 5,836,196

### TAX CAPACITY VALUE AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Residential Property <sup>(a)</sup>	Commercial/ Industrial Property	All Other <sup>(b)</sup>	Total Tax Capacity <sup>(c)</sup>	Less: Fiscal Disparity Contribution <sup>(d)</sup>
2006	\$74,284,170	\$58,402,855	\$1,737,668	\$134,424,693	\$13,240,303
2007	79,432,988	64,100,590	1,603,052	145,136,630	14,054,146
2008	81,208,773	74,938,304	1,626,746	157,773,823	15,034,222
2009	79,090,466	78,899,492	1,603,754	159,593,712	22,292,418
2010	74,813,460	73,876,662	1,541,063	150,231,185	23,270,711
2011	70,275,703	66,648,996	1,642,367	138,567,066	21,615,548
2012	63,662,004	66,632,744	1,616,795	131,911,543	19,235,462
2013	60,099,901	69,646,814	1,792,190	131,538,905	18,610,390
2014	59,132,614	70,232,985	2,004,039	131,369,638	15,255,532
2015	64,894,848	70,943,301	2,072,962	137,911,111	11,956,404

Source: City of Bloomington Assessing Division

By State Statute, property taxes are calculated and collected based on the prior year's assessor market value. For example, the tax capacity and market value figures for payable 2015 above relate to the January 2, 2014 assessment.

<sup>(a)</sup> Includes single-family homes, condominiums, townhouses, cooperatives, apartments and residential vacant land.

<sup>(b)</sup> Includes personal property accounts and utilities/machinery classification.

<sup>(c)</sup> Includes properties in tax increment financing (TIF) districts, the majority of which are commercial/industrial.

<sup>(d)</sup> Figure represents fiscal disparities contribution net of fiscal disparities distribution.

<sup>(e)</sup> Figure represents total tax capacity less net fiscal disparities. Note that total direct tax rate in the next column is calculated based on total tax capacity less fiscal disparities contribution and less tax capacity in TIF districts.

Adjusted Tax Capacity Value <sup>(e)</sup>	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Market Value (EMV)	Tax Capacity as a Percent of EMV
\$121,184,390	33.82	\$10,353,417,000	1.17%
131,082,484	32.89	11,095,431,100	1.18%
142,739,601	31.97	11,786,153,600	1.21%
137,301,294	34.34	11,792,231,200	1.16%
126,960,474	38.10	11,121,834,800	1.14%
116,951,518	41.27	10,318,566,800	1.13%
112,676,081	42.94	10,111,784,800	1.11%
112,928,515	45.49	9,927,891,400	1.14%
116,114,106	48.68	9,874,797,100	1.18%
125,954,707	45.67	10,435,859,700	1.21%

# CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Ra	te - City of Bloc	omington	(	Overlapping Rates	*	
Fiscal				School		Other	
Year	Operating	Debt	Total	District	County	Districts	Total
2006	31.47	2.35	33.82	16.33	41.02	9.42	100.59
2007	30.31	2.58	32.89	15.61	39.11	9.73	97.34
2008	29.65	2.32	31.97	17.26	38.58	9.82	97.63
2009	31.65	2.69	34.34	17.42	40.41	9.93	102.10
2010	35.41	2.69	38.10	19.31	42.64	11.10	111.15
2011	37.96	3.31	41.27	21.90	45.84	12.30	121.31
2012	39.48	3.46	42.94	22.46	48.23	12.75	126.38
2013	41.68	3.80	45.48	26.76	49.46	13.21	134.91
2014	44.42	4.26	48.68	28.18	49.96	13.92	140.74
2015	41.98	3.69	45.67	25.74	46.40	12.76	130.57

Sources: Hennepin County and City of Bloomington Assessing Division

\*Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners. Although County property tax rates apply to all City property owners, the Other Districts rates apply only to property owners whose property is located within certain geographic boundaries.

For example, a small percentage of Bloomington taxpayers pay school district taxes to schools in neighboring communities. Also, the Other Districts rates include Watershed taxing districts, of which there are four different rates depending on location of parcels in Bloomington.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Pay	able 2015		Pa	yable 2006	
Taxpayer	Taxable Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Capacity Value	Taxable Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Capacity Value
Mall of America	\$13,873,450 <sup>(a)</sup>	1	10.06%	\$11,147,976 <sup>(a)</sup>	1	8.29%
Metropolitan Life Insurance	6,055,980 <sup>(b)</sup>	2	4.39%	1,335,374 <sup>(b)</sup>	6	0.99%
Kraus-Anderson	1,956,460	3	1.42%	1,427,216	4	1.06%
Carlson Companies	1,524,410	4	1.11%	-	-	-
CB Richard Ellis	1,411,780	5	1.02%	-	-	-
Liberty Property LP	1,316,628	6	0.95%	1,345,338	5	1.00%
Frauenshuh	1,046,375	7	0.76%	-	-	-
Gateway Lake Properties	1,017,260	8	0.74%	892,258	9	0.66%
Artis REIT	931,220	9	0.68%	-	-	-
Founders Properties	843,640	10	0.61%	-	-	-
Teachers Insurance and Annuity	-	-	-	3,825,660 <sup>(b)</sup>	2	2.85%
United Properties	-	-	-	2,157,402	3	1.60%
Bloomington Central Station	-	-	-	1,006,646	7	0.75%
Duke Realty LP	-	-	-	949,462	8	0.71%
Bloomgate Holdings	-	-	-	799,654	10	0.59%
Total	\$29,977,203		21.74%	\$24,886,986		18.50%
Total All Property	\$137,911,111			\$134,424,693		

Source: City of Bloomington Assessing Division

Note: Tax capacity values above relate to the prior year's assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(a)</sup> Market value in the existing Mall of America TIF districts will become part of the local tax base starting in 2017 for Phase I and 2019 for Phase II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(b)</sup> Normandale Lake Office Park sold by Teachers Insurance to Equity Group in August 2012.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected Within The Fiscal Year of the Levy		Delinquent Collections in	Total Collect	ions to Date
Ended	For The		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
December 31,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years <sup>(a)</sup>	Amount	of Levy
2006	\$37,167,181	\$36,964,084	99.45%	\$114,613	\$37,078,697	99.76%
2007	38,800,770	38,607,066	99.50%	66,373	38,673,439	99.67%
2008	40,853,864	40,456,342	99.03%	207,117	40,663,459	99.53%
2009	41,936,879	41,636,622	99.28%	138,949	41,775,571	99.62%
2010	43,230,933	42,603,925	98.55%	52,061	42,655,986	98.67%
2011	43,002,753	42,520,657	98.88%	(438,381)	42,082,276	97.86%
2012	44,441,371	44,134,422	99.31%	(224,425)	43,909,997	98.80%
2013	46,641,219	46,450,282	99.59%	(86,072)	46,364,210	99.41%
2014	48,049,784	47,836,890	99.56%	(156,495)	47,680,395	99.23%
2015	49,971,775	49,888,157	99.83%	(25,883)	49,862,274	99.78%

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

<sup>(a)</sup> Negative amounts in the "Collection in Subsequent Years" column reflect reductions of assessed property values.

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Go	wernmental Acti	vities		Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Improvement Bonds	Tax Increment Bonds	Total Governmental Activities	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>(a)</sup>	Per Capita <sup>(a)</sup>
2006	\$6,680,000	\$26,105,000	\$7,590,000	\$40,375,000	\$1,530,000	\$41,905,000	1.3%	\$488
2007	11,715,000	30,100,000	6,940,000	48,755,000	1,165,000	49,920,000	1.4%	585
2008	5,590,000	37,210,000	6,180,000	48,980,000	865,000	49,845,000	1.4%	585
2009	5,285,000	41,580,000	5,340,000	52,205,000	615,000	52,820,000	1.5%	629
2010	13,050,000	44,630,000	4,535,000	62,215,000	455,000	62,670,000	1.8%	755
2011	12,680,000	50,440,000	6,795,000	69,915,000	300,000	70,215,000	1.9%	837
2012	11,335,000	56,668,281	6,175,000	74,178,281	150,000	74,328,281	1.9%	864
2013	9,940,000	61,570,377	3,095,000	74,605,377	-	74,605,377	1.8%	864
2014	8,515,000	52,451,706	2,970,000	63,936,706	-	63,936,706	1.5%	741
2015	7,055,000	51,139,974	2,850,000	61,044,974	-	61,044,974	1.4%	707

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(a)</sup>See Table 14 for personal income and population data.

# CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ge	neral Obligation	Debt	_				Net
<b>F</b> '1	General	T	Tax		Less	NL	Percentage of	Bonded
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Improvement Bonds	Increment Bonds	Total	Debt Service Fund Balance	Net Bonded Debt	Estimated Market Value of Property <sup>(a)</sup>	Debt Per Capita <sup>(b)</sup>
1 eai	Donus	Bolius	Donus	Total	Fund Balance	Bolided Debt	value of Floperty	Capita
2006	\$6,680,000	\$26,105,000	\$7,590,000	\$40,375,000	\$8,035,432	\$32,339,568	0.31%	377
2007	11,715,000	30,100,000	6,940,000	48,755,000	15,040,665	33,714,335	0.30%	395
2008	5,590,000	37,210,000	6,180,000	48,980,000	10,943,810	38,036,190	0.32%	446
2009	5,285,000	41,580,000	5,340,000	52,205,000	11,586,697	40,618,303	0.34%	483
2010	13,050,000	44,630,000	4,535,000	62,215,000	12,016,405	50,198,595	0.45%	605
2011	12,680,000	50,440,000	6,795,000	69,915,000	17,950,997	51,964,003	0.50%	619
2012	11,335,000	56,668,281	6,175,000	74,178,281	23,572,558	50,605,723	0.50%	588
2013	9,940,000	61,570,377	3,095,000	74,605,377	27,682,370	46,923,007	0.47%	544
2014	8,515,000	52,451,706	2,970,000	63,936,706	17,590,028	46,346,678	0.47%	537
2015	7,055,000	51,139,974	2,850,000	61,044,974	18,208,674	42,836,300	0.41%	496

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(a)</sup>See Table 5 for estimated market value data.

<sup>(b)</sup>See Table 14 for population data.

## **CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

December 31, 2015

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>(a)</sup>	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
School Districts:			
ISD No. 271	\$53,870,000	99.94%	\$53,837,678
ISD No. 272	66,315,000	0.48%	318,312
ISD No. 273	176,255,000	1.58%	2,784,829
Other debt:			
Hennepin County	706,625,000	8.19%	57,872,588
Hennepin County Park District	63,510,000	11.16%	7,087,716
Hennepin Regional RR Authority	34,695,000	11.16%	3,871,962
Metropolitan Council	206,020,000	3.80%	7,828,760
Subtotal - overlapping debt			133,601,845
City direct debt <sup>(b)</sup>	61,044,974	100.00%	61,044,974
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$194,646,819

Source: Hennepin County

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>(a)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the taxable market values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's and school district's taxable market value that is within the City's boundaries.

<sup>(b)</sup> Excludes revenue bonded indebtedness.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2006	2007	2008	2009
Debt limit	\$221,908,622	\$235,806,328	\$353,327,586	\$353,157,039
Total net debt applicable to limit <sup>(a)</sup>	5,161,497	4,931,655	5,009,500	4,638,800
Legal debt margin	\$216,747,125	\$230,874,673	\$348,318,086	\$348,518,239
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.33%	2.09%	1.42%	1.31%

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Under State finance law, Minnesota Statute 475.53, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 3% of total assessed market value. The general obligation debt subject to the limitation is offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

In 2008, the debt limit increased from 2% of total assessed market value to 3% of total assessed market value.

For example, in 2015 the debt limit was \$313,075,791, the total net debt applicable to the limit was \$5,039,777, and the City could issue up to an additional \$308,036,014 of general obligation debt and still be in compliance with the above statute.

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$333,655,044	\$309,557,004	\$303,353,544	\$297,836,742	\$296,243,913	\$313,075,791
6,457,546	10,924,513	9,493,644	8,047,547	6,557,605	5,039,777
\$327,197,498	\$298,632,491	\$293,859,900	\$289,789,195	\$289,686,308	\$308,036,014
1.94%	3.53%	3.13%	2.70%	2.21%	1.61%

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2015

Market value	\$10,435,859,700
Debt limit (3% of market value)	313,075,791
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	7,055,000
Less: Amount set aside for repayment	
of general obligation debt	(2,015,223)
Total net debt applicable to limit	5,039,777
Legal debt margin	\$308,036,014

#### **CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Enterprise Reven	ue Bonds <sup>(a)</sup>		
Final	Pledged	Less	Net	Dalet Ca		
Fiscal Year	Service Charges	Operating Expenses	Available Revenue	Debt Se Principal	Interest	Coverage
I cai	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Timeipai	Interest	Coverage
2006	\$7,446,610	\$5,622,407	\$1,824,203	\$505,000	\$67,443	3.19
2007	7,360,667	6,094,601	1,266,066	365,000	54,676	3.02
2008	7,899,256	6,521,853	1,377,403	300,000	41,496	4.03
2009	8,117,878	6,444,332	1,673,546	250,000	30,260	5.97
2010	1,432,860	1,085,440	347,420	160,000	21,998	1.91
2011	1,420,357	1,136,811	283,546	155,000	15,739	1.66
2012	1,344,365	1,135,713	208,652	150,000	3,188	1.36
2013	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2014	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2015	-	-	-	-	-	0.00

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

<sup>(a)</sup> Storm water utility bonds were paid off in 2009. From 2010 to 2012, the remaining enterprise bonds had pledged revenues from the Ice Garden activity in the Recreational Facilities Fund.

<sup>(b)</sup> Both improvement bonds and tax increment bonds are general obligation bonds and have tax levy authority to cover all debt requirements.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

	Improvemen	t Bonds <sup>(b)</sup>			Tax Increment	nt Bonds <sup>(b)</sup>	
Special Assessment	Debt Se	ervice		Tax Increment	Debt Se	ervice	
Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
\$2,181,414	\$2,630,000	\$799,015	0.64	\$857,010	\$620,000	\$413,208	0.83
2,048,460	1,920,000	711,974	0.78	1,147,754	650,000	387,888	1.11
2,518,754	2,460,000	1,043,280	0.72	1,414,486	760,000	354,440	1.27
2,836,610	3,465,000	1,356,869	0.59	1,282,134	840,000	311,380	1.11
3,176,372	3,185,000	1,453,531	0.68	1,189,685	805,000	266,984	1.11
3,693,237	3,815,000	1,539,217	0.69	1,004,967	835,000	222,090	0.95
4,420,188	6,335,000	1,562,573	0.56	827,103	620,000	181,475	1.03
3,718,701	4,810,000	1,805,825	0.56	455,351	165,000	139,573	1.50
3,440,152	16,660,000	1,576,016	0.19	723,577	125,000	111,440	3.06
4,278,664	6,890,000	1,329,972	0.52	885,766	120,000	107,765	3.89

#### **CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Total Personal	Per Capita Personal	Public School	Unemployme	ent Rate (4)
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Metropolitan Area	Bloomington
2006	85,832	\$3,335,345,688	\$38,859	10,434	3.9%	3.7%
2007	85,389	\$3,503,852,226	41,034	10,359	4.5	4.1
2008	85,238	\$3,645,799,736	42,772	10,307	6.4	6.2
2009	84,034	\$3,491,780,768	41,552	10,170	7.2	7.0
2010	83,038	\$3,557,597,034	42,843	10,242	6.5	6.2
2011	83,896	\$3,747,802,112	44,672	10,240	5.5	5.2
2012	86,033	\$3,977,047,491	46,227	10,228	5.1	4.9
2013	86,319	\$4,130,882,064	47,856	10,030	4.3	4.1
2014	86,314	\$4,204,441,254	48,711	10,005	3.2	3.0
2015	86,435	\$4,368,511,335	50,541	9,980	3.2	2.9

Sources: (1) U.S. Census estimates were used for 2010 through 2014 and Metropolitan Council estimates were used for prior years (2) Minnesota per capita income, as published by Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Bloomington School Districts #271

(4) Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, based on December rates

### **CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA** PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		<b>2</b> 01 <b>7</b>			• • • • •	
		2015	Percentage		2006	Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			City			City
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Employment (2)	Employees (1)	Rank	Employment (2)
Mall of America Tenants	13,000	1	15%	13,000	1	14%
HealthPartners	2,792	2	3%	1,540	5	2%
Bloomington School District #271	1,893	3	2%	1,769	3	2%
Seagate Technology	1,700	4	2%	2,300	2	3%
Toro Company	1,020	5	1%	982	7	1%
NCS Pearson	1,018	6	1%	-	-	-
Donaldson Company	1,016	7	1%	1,200	6	1%
Express Scripts	722	8	1%	1,700	4	2%
Normandale Community College	675	9	1%	577	10	-
Minnesota Masonic Home	626	10	1%	-	-	-
Thermo King/Ingersoll Rand Corp.	-	-	-	950	8	1%
Holiday Companies		-		900	9	1%
Total	24,462		28%	24,918		27%
Total City Employment	87,259			90,681		

Sources: (1) City of Bloomington Finance Department

(2) Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (average annual City employment)

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities:				
General services	81	81	80	80
Development services	64	71	71	71
Public works	114	118	121	117
Public safety	153	153	153	153
Community services	56	55	56	58
Total governmental activities	468	478	481	479
Business-type activities:				
Water/wastewater	53	54	54	54
Storm water	9	11	11	12
Recreational facilities	16	16	15	16
Solid waste management	1	1	1	1
Contractual police	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle	6	6	5	5
Total business-type activities	85	88	86	88
Total	553	566	567	567

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
80	80	80	80	80	8
71	71	72	74	74	6
116	117	118	117	117	11
153	152	152	155	155	16
60	61	62	60	60	6
480	481	484	486	486	48
54	54	54	54	54	5
11	12	11	12	12	1
16	16	16	18	18	1
1	1	1	1	1	
- 6	5	5_	- 5	- 5	_
88	88	87	90	90	ç
568	569	571	576	576	57

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisc	al Year	
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities:				
General services:				
New full-time employees hired	32	34	23	19
Criminal case appearances	11,663	10,621	10,800	13,400
Purchase orders issued	2,386	2,307	2,047	1,912
Development services:	_,	_,	_,	-,
Permits issued	11,386	12,940	11,443	10,061
Estimated value of permits	\$203,712,920	\$268,529,230	\$168,211,851	\$173,870,423
Fire inspections	2,338	1,995	1,972	2,121
Fire investigations	2,556	52	73	2,121
Public works:	78	52	15	12
Street resurfacing (miles)	45	52	46	46
-	3,100	3,967	3,447	40
Street sweeping (tons of material) Public safety:	5,100	5,907	3,447	4,558
Bookings	2,536	2,515	2,358	2,469
DWI's	690	625	630	624
Part 1 crimes <sup>(a)</sup>	3,230	3,463	3,399	3,459
Fire department average response time	4:22	4:18	4:17	4:2
Fire emergency responses	1,207	1,305	1,309	1,089
Fires extinguished	289	238	1,509	1,039
Community services:	207	250	172	170
	*	*	*	:
City website pageviews Number of E-Subscribers	N/A			3,050
Human services volunteers	N/A 406	N/A 431	N/A 390	3,050
Influenza immunizations	4,351	4,927	4,875	9,630
Client cancer screenings	919	1,141	1,079	1,347
Business-type activities:				
Average doily consumption (college)	12,410,000	12,270,000	11 200 000	11 700 000
Average daily consumption (gallons)	8,850,000	8,789,000	11,800,000 8,550,000	11,700,000 8,190,000
Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)	8,850,000	8,789,000	8,550,000	8,190,000
Storm water utility:	C	6	2	
Storm mains inspected (miles)	6	6	3	6
Recreational facilities:	0.6.000	01.002	07.554	02.620
Golf course rounds played	96,289	91,002	87,556	83,638
Ice garden hours	8,618	8,041	8,766	9,553
Solid waste management:	2.1.66	1.0.62	1.626	1 504
Annual trash clean-up (tons)	2,166	1,963	1,626	1,796
Contractual police:				
Overtime hours billed	8,589	8,062	8,126	8,309
Motor vehicle:				
DNR transactions	2,971	2,913	2,734	2,676
Drivers license transactions	17,824	17,095	18,371	17,170
Motor vehicle transactions	60,129	59,969	58,130	56,743

Sources: Various City of Bloomington departments.

\*Certain statistical data was not tracked in this format in prior years and is, therefore, unavailable.

The City of Bloomington will gather this information going forward.

<sup>(a)</sup> Part 1 crimes include homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, theft, auto theft, and arson.

<sup>(b)</sup> In 2015 the City launched a redesigned website with dramatically fewer pages.

<sup>(c)</sup> In 2009 the City implemented E-Subscribe, a free news service to send electronic notifications to registered subscribers.

<sup>(d)</sup> In 2009 and 2010, the new H1N1 vaccine was separate, and beginning in 2011, H1N1 was included in the regular influenza vaccine.

<sup>(e)</sup> In 2015, Mall of America Security significantly increased their use of police contractual services.

		Fiscal			
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15	33	43	44	44	51
15 12,200	14,200	16,000	20,000	18,000	20,000
1,788	14,200	1,875	1,457	1,382	1,026
1,700	1,090	1,075	1,437	1,562	1,020
11,179	11,254	11,362	16,119	14,413	12,313
\$128,201,819	\$263,305,005	\$198,432,583	\$201,614,610	\$342,190,790	\$485,208,914
1,909	1,730	2,111	2,643	2,724	2,851
61	105	152	152	117	105
41	26	42	21	26	40
41 4,552	36 3,784	43 4,263	31 3,477	36 3,834	40 2,635
4,552	3,784	4,203	3,477	5,654	2,033
2,420	2,153	2,262	2,349	2,350	2,218
624	593	512	451	425	362
3,309	3,358	3,443	3,524	3,423	3,118
4:31	4:36	4:31	4:23	4:16	4:00
1,168	1,184	1,161	1,221	1,317	1,510
153	142	177	159	149	184
*	1,776,135	1,814,332	1,948,674	1,911,818	1,468,653
4,100	5,673	7,565	9,706	12,191	14,593
405	284	309	317	350	324
6,780	4,101 <sup>(d)</sup>	3,506	4,488	3,851	3,216
1,170	1,234	1,213	1,139	574	396
10,500,000	10,720,000	11,700,000	11,202,000	10,700,000	10,300,000
8,285,000	8,570,000	8,130,000	8,078,000	8,175,000	7,920,000
9	9	8	8	9	11
76,209	66,180	62,852	51,658	61,355	62,392
9,888	9,342	9,206	9,635	9,440	9,793
1,689	1,717	1,497	1,300	1,789	1,758
6,552	8,308	9,399	9,270	7,739	23,481
2,730	2,543	2,879	2,876	2,641	2,581
17,346	18,209	21,610	20,439	20,727	20,092
55,900	61,878	64,265	61,835	66,061	66,569

#### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Governmental activities:					
Public works:					
Streets (miles)	343	343	342	342	
Streetlights	4,118	4,148	4,148	4,118	
Traffic signals	149	149	149	147	
Emergency outdoor warning sirens	22	22	22	22	
Emergency vehicle pre-emption systems	121	121	121	121	
Public safety:					
Police stations	1	1	1	1	
Patrol units - marked and unmarked	37	37	37	37	
Police investigator vehicles	26	27	27	27	
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	
Community services:					
Community center	1	1	1	1	
Skate park	1	1	1	1	
Playgrounds/playlots	46	46	54	54	
Baseball/softball diamonds	74	74	62	61	
Soccer/football fields	36	36	22	22	
Tennis courts	57	53	52	51	
Picnic shelters/gazebos	15	15	19	22	
Business-type activities:					
Water/wastewater utility:					
Water mains (miles)	489	489	490	489	
Fire hydrants	4,514	4,529	4,556	4,565	
Storage capacity (gallons)	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	
Sanitary sewers (miles)	380	380	382	383	
Storm water utility:					
Storm sewers (miles)	250	250	250	253	
Recreational facilities:					
Swimming beaches	1	1	1	1	
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	
Golf courses	2	2	2	2	
Indoor ice rinks	3	3	3	3	

Sources: Various City of Bloomington departments.

<sup>(a)</sup> In 2008, the City conducted a Park Master Plan Update, which provided a more accurate classification and accounting of park amenities. Also, park fields utilized for multiple activities are now only counted for one function.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general services, development services, solid waste, contractual police, or motor vehicle functions.

Fiscal Year						
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
341	341	342	342	342	34	
4,339	4,339	4,339	4,339	4,339	4,36	
147	147	147	144	144	14	
22	22	22	22	22	2	
121	121	121	121	121	12	
1	1	1	1	1		
37	37	37	37	37	3	
27	27	27	27	27	2	
6	6	6	6	6		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
54	54	54	54	54	5	
61	61	61	61	62	6	
22	22	22	22	22	2	
51	50	50	49	49	5	
22	22	22	22	22	2	
489	489	495	496	496	49	
4,570	4,599	4,589	4,617	4,617	4,66	
44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,00	
383	384	384	384	384	38	
	50-	50-			50	
253	253	253	253	251	25	
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
2	2	2	2	2		
3	3	3	3	3		

