COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT | FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



WE ARE BLOOMINGTON





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Prepared by the Finance Department

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SECTION I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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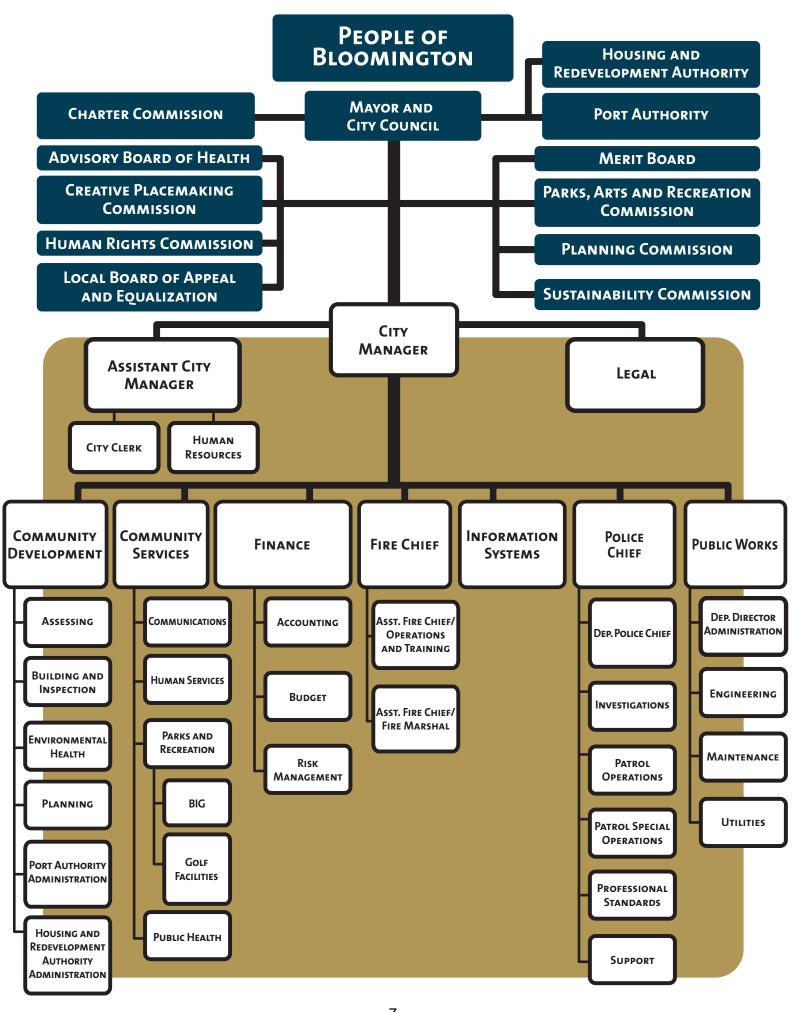
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DECEMBER 31, 2017

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

GENE WINSTEAD, MAYOR

JACK BALOGA	COUNCILMEMBER
TIM BUSSE	COUNCILMEMBER
DWAYNE LOWMAN	COUNCILMEMBER
JON OLESON	COUNCILMEMBER
ELDON SPENCER	COUNCILMEMBER
KIM VLAISAVLJEVICH	COUNCILMEMBER

JAMIE VERBRUGGE, CITY MANAGER



June 15, 2018

To the Citizens of the City of Bloomington, Mayor, Council Members, and City Manager

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is hereby submitted. The purpose of this report is to provide the Mayor, City Council, City staff, citizens, bondholders, and other interested parties with useful information concerning the City's operations and financial position.

This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Management assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, supporting schedules, and statistical tables contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for that purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it fairly sets forth the financial position and results of City operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Bloomington's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The organization, form and contents of this report were prepared in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor, and the City Charter.

The City and the City's Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA), a discrete component unit of the City, are required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and questioned costs, independent auditor's report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based upon the audit of the basic financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over compliance applicable to each major federal award program, are included in a separate single audit report.

Other Reporting Entity Components

In accordance with GASB pronouncements, the City's financial statements include all funds and departments of the City (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. As a result of applying the entity definition criteria of GASB, the following organizations have been included in the City's financial statements:

- 1. The Port Authority of the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)
- 2. Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA)

Note 1 to the financial statements gives further information about the component units included in the financial statements. Note 15 to the financial statements presents disclosure information for each of the discretely presented component units. The financial schedules of the Port Authority and the Housing and Redevelopment Authority are included within the City's CAFR in the Other Supplementary Information section under the Component Units tab.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Bloomington covers an area of 38.3 square miles and is situated wholly in Hennepin County. In six decades, Bloomington has grown from a rural village beyond the developing edge of Minneapolis to its current status as Minnesota's fourth largest city and the region's hospitality and retail hub. This growth was spurred by freeways reaching out from the metropolitan downtowns and further enhanced by its proximity to the Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport and the Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge.

Bloomington is also the terminus for the 12-mile METRO Blue Line (Hiawatha) light rail line which opened in 2004 to connect several popular Twin Cities destinations including Mall of America, VA Medical Center, Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport, Minnehaha Park, 11 neighborhoods, and Downtown Minneapolis.

The city has many well-known national and international corporations within its boundaries, including HealthPartners, Seagate Technology, Toro Company, Donaldson Company, Express Scripts, Thermo King, Skywater Technology, Ceridian Corporation, Polar Semiconductors, and Ziegler, Inc. Bloomington is home to the largest shopping and entertainment complex in the United States, Mall of America. It employs approximately 13,000 and attracts 42 million visitors each year. As the state's number one tourist attraction, Mall of America attracts more visitors than all other Minnesota tourist destinations combined.

In addition, with many entertainment facilities and 9,106 hotel/motel rooms, Bloomington is a major regional and national business and meeting center, employing an estimated 10,000 workers in the hospitality industry.

Housing is well-maintained throughout the city and Bloomington is fortunate to have a diversified tax base, which for payable 2017 is composed of approximately 53.7% commercial/industrial, 38.1% residential, and 8.2% apartments. Shopping areas are efficiently distributed, and Bloomington businesses provide two jobs for every Bloomington resident in the workforce. Bloomington also has plenty of room for new multi-family residential and commercial development and is experiencing significant additional growth in three districts located along I-494.

Current City Development

Total valuation for all building permits was \$304,605,776. Most of new development continues to focus on the I-494 corridor, where excellent access to employment, improving transit service, and focused land use plans position the City well for future growth. In 2017, the following development either opened or was under construction in Bloomington:

- Construction commenced on Palacio Del Sol, a new four-story, 32-unit market rate apartment building on Old Cedar Avenue.
- OATI, a software company serving the energy sector, opened their five-story, 110,000 square foot office building and data center along I-494 at Computer Avenue.
- Marriott AC, a 148-room, five-story hotel, opened in the South Loop District.
- The Preserve at Normandale Lake, a five-story, 179-unit apartment building, opened in the Normandale Lake District.
- Yardscapes, a 6,000 square foot office warehouse building, opened in the Central Industrial Area.
- Phase II of the Alpha B project, an 11,800 square foot multi-tenant center anchored by the restaurant Hazelwood, opened in the South Loop District.

- Bloomington Central Station completed construction of a new eight-level parking ramp in the South Loop District to prepare surface parking areas for future development.
- Great Wolf Hotels completed a full renovation of a hotel and water park on American Boulevard.

Mall of America Development

Mall of America, the largest shopping mall in the country, opened its doors in August 1992 and has become one of the most visited tourist destinations in the world.

Mall of America has three anchor department stores: Macy's, Nordstrom, and Sears, as well as more than 50 eateries and 520 specialty shops. In 2017, Mall of America welcomed Escape Game, UNTUCKit, Ulta Beauty, Chick-Fil-A, Evereve, Carlo's Bakery, Peloton, Dough Dough, Indochino, and Macarons by Maddie Lu.

Mall of America also teamed up with MyPark Technology to ease the stress of finding a parking spot at the mall on a busy day. Now with just the touch of a button, guests have the ability to choose where and when they want to park. Two connected luxury hotels, the 500-room Radisson Blu that opened on the south side in 2013 and the 342-room JW Marriott hotel that opened on the north side in 2015, offer outstanding amenities such as meeting rooms, on-site dining, fitness centers and more.

Mall of America also features an extensive entertainment complex that includes Nickelodeon Universe, a 7-acre indoor theme park. Newer attractions in the park include the longest indoor zip line in North America, flying thrill-seeking guests 405 feet across Nickelodeon Universe, and Shredders Mutant Masher, a giant pendulum ride that spins and swings riders more than 50 feet in the air

Other attractions at the mall include a nightly lightshow called "Universe of Light" that takes place in Nickelodeon Universe every evening, the newly-renovated LEGO Imagination Center featuring a LEGO Robot towering over 34 feet tall, several destination restaurants, as well as SEALIFE, a 1.2 million-gallon walk-through aquarium featuring four different lake and sea environments. Free parking is provided in two, 6,000-space, seven-level public parking facilities.

Mall of America is a regional asset, attracting 42 million visitors a year and generating significant income and sales tax revenues for the State of Minnesota. The Port Authority of the City of Bloomington financed the initial land acquisition and public infrastructure improvements. The total Phase I project was \$744 million, of which the Port Authority provided approximately \$108 million in public improvements for site work, parking facilities, structural roadway and bridge work, and land acquisition.

The mall is expanding in phases. Both the south side (Radisson Blu) and north side (Phase 1C) have seen expansions. The 500-room Radisson Blu opened in 2013 with a total project cost of \$137 million. In 2015, the \$292 million Phase 1C expansion opened on the north side, increasing total project area of Mall of America to 5.6 million square feet. The Phase 1C expansion added 735,000 square feet including a 342-room JW Marriott hotel, a ten-story office building anchored by the supercomputing company Cray, and 161,000 square feet of additional retail, restaurants, and a large gathering space.

Mall of America anticipates several additional expansion phases on both the north and east sides of MOA. The City has completed significant infrastructure improvements, such as the lowering of Lindau Lane, to facilitate further expansion of the mall.

Major Initiatives

Park Improvement Project

The City implemented a major park improvement project in 2017, an undertaking that required considerable effort in planning, financing, equipment selection and construction. The City had thirteen parks and an elementary school lot in which the age of equipment was approaching or exceeding the 25 year mark. In addition to standard funding, the City decided to utilize General Obligation Charter Bonds as a funding source in order to replace 14 playgrounds in a single year.

Funding details:

\$ 690,000	Park Capital Funds (four parks)
300,000	Neighborhood Enhancement Initiatives (one park)
60,000	Aquatics Fund (one beach)
 1,465,000	Bond proceeds including premium (seven parks & one school)
\$ 2,515,000	

Since they were purchasing an unusually large number of playground sets in one year, Parks and Recreation staff chose vendors who were either on the State of Minnesota contract or National Joint Powers Alliance (NJPA). A total of five Minnesota-based playground companies were awarded contracts, each assigned to two or three sites. Vendor contracts included playground equipment, safety surfacing, and installation. Two design options were presented for each park site on the City website, and the public had an opportunity to provide helpful input and opinions.

The City's Purchasing Division also advertised for sealed construction bids. Two contractors were hired for demolition and site work, which began in August. Steady progress continued at each site until late November, when inclement weather prevented further work. An impressive 13 playgrounds were completed in 2017. The one remaining playground will be completed in the spring of 2018, along with final site work at all parks which will include installing benches and picnic tables and restoring any damaged turf areas.



In the spirit of sharing, the City donated some of the old equipment to a non-profit organization to benefit children on a global level. The City worked with Kids Around the World to remove playground equipment from two sites for re-installation in Third World countries in areas affected by poverty, war, disease or natural disaster.

Pathways to Policing Program

In the fall of 2016, the suburban Minnesota cities of Bloomington and St. Louis Park worked together to develop an innovative, non-traditional police hiring program called Pathways to Policing. As the cities' residents were becoming more diverse, the police departments recognized the need to develop a new approach to hiring police officers that would help their cities keep pace with the changing community members and ensure that the police forces were more reflective of all people served.

The Pathways to Policing program removed barriers for candidates who are interested in pursuing a career in law enforcement but may not have the means to pay for or availability to attend a two-year program. This collaboration aimed to address: 1) a reduction in the number of officer applicants during a traditional hiring process, 2) officers leaving for another agency after a few years, and 3) matching the communities' ethnic makeup. The cities were joined in the initiative by four other agencies including the Metropolitan Airports Commission and the cities of Eagan, Maplewood, and Hastings.

Program discussions began in the fall of 2016. In early 2017, pulled from a pool of 482 applicants, more than 380 highly qualified candidates were interviewed in a joint hiring process between participating agencies. Panelists consisted of police officers, human resource professionals, and community members. They identified candidates who had unique qualities to bring to the profession, such as living or working with multicultural populations or those that could offer other experiences servicing customers with a wide variety of backgrounds. Final candidates completed three rounds of interviews and participating agencies conducted background checks on their final selections before presenting job offers and advancing their new hires into the program.

Modeled after a Minnesota State Patrol program, the 2016/2017 Pathways to Policing Program offered accelerated training through Hennepin Technical College for students who had an associate degree from an accredited college or university in any discipline, allowing completion of the training in four months rather than two years. Once the candidates were hired by their respective agency, the candidates were sent to a 17 week program. Each city paid approximately \$6,700 in tuition per cadet with wages and benefits paid to the cadets while in training. During the 2017 Legislative Session, as part of the police training bill, the law makers allocated a \$400,000 per year appropriation to help agencies offset the costs of this type of program. This funding will be available for future classes in 2018.

Full time training began in June of 2017 and continued through October. The participating police departments provided mentors to support the cadets and keep them engaged in their departments. Upon completion of the training program and the passing of the State of Minnesota Peace Officers Standards Training (POST) licensing exam, the graduates returned to their respective agencies and were sworn in to begin traditional orientation and field training. The City of Bloomington sponsored three cadets through this program. All three were sworn in as officers in October of 2017.

Early in 2018, the Bloomington Police Department, jointly with the St. Louis Park Police Department, was named as the large agency recipient of the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association (MCPA) Excellence in Innovation Award for the Alternative Pathways to Policing Program. The award will be presented in April during the MCPA's Executive Training Institute (ETI) Expo in Duluth. The successful results were recognized by other agencies, who have expressed a positive interest in participating in the next Pathways to Policing program in the fall of 2018.

Relevant Financial Policies

In accordance with the City's Budgetary and Financial Control Policy, the City strives to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures. The City also reviews and updates the schedule of fund balances, reserves, and working capital in all other operating funds and determine adequacy of those money balances, using specified guidelines and criteria in conjunction with the budgets set annually.

The City's Debt Policy confines long-term borrowing to capital improvements, equipment or projects that have a life of more than four years and cannot be financed from current revenues. The City endeavors to keep the total maturity length of general obligation bonds below twenty years and at least 50% of the principal is retired within ten years. Total net general obligation debt (after deducting sinking funds and reserves and net of any portion supported by utilities or others such as the State) shall not exceed 75% of the dollars per capita debt limit per year.

Budget Process

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than December 31 for the next year. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. The general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds have legally adopted annual budgets. All appropriation changes that occur during the year are approved by the City Council. Capital projects are approved on a project-by-project basis.

Liquidity

The following table shows previous year-end fund balances for the General Fund, as compared to original budget appropriations for the following year.

	General Fund	Fund Balance		
	Budget	Beginning	of Year	
	Appropriations	Amount	% of Budget	
2014	\$61,452,110	\$20,915,301	34.0%	
2015	63,990,692	24,643,306	38.5	
2016	68,155,122	27,959,764	41.0	
2017	70,996,190	28,809,712	40.6	
2018	72,553,238	30,942,840	42.6	

The City's General Fund working capital balance of \$29,226,494 at December 31, 2017 includes amounts committed for encumbrances, carryovers, and fair value adjustments for investments, which brings the total fund balance to \$30,942,840. The City anticipates that the 2018 year-end General Fund balance will remain constant (plus any commitments for carryovers or encumbrances), based upon budgeted 2018 revenues and expenditures and one-time transfers of fund balance to other funds for specific projects.

Debt Administration

General obligation bond debt statistics for the City of Bloomington at December 31, 2017 are as follows (primary government only):

ų 3 5			Bonded Deb	t per Capita
		% Market	Current	Prior
	Amount	Value	Year	Year
General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$ 5,520,000			
Improvement Bonds	54,392,867			
General Obligation Tax Increment	4,635,000			
Net Total	64,547,867			
Less Debt Service Funds	(21,701,505)			
Total Net Bonded Debt	42,846,362	.35%	\$ 499	\$ 512
Overlapping Debt (1)	172,984,122	1.44	2,015	1,672
Total – 2017 Year-End	\$ 215,830,484	1.79%	\$ 2,514	
Total - Prior Year-End	\$ 186,384,776	1.63%		\$ 2,184

⁽¹⁾ School, County, and other local taxing entities - see Table 11.

In 2017, the City retired \$6,330,000 of improvement, \$3,080,000 of general obligation, and \$135,000 of general obligation tax increment bonds. The City issued \$4,970,000 of improvement bonds, \$1,170,000 of water utility bonds, and \$1,420,000 of charter bonds in 2017.

The following table presents general obligation bonds issued during the recent fiscal years:

Date of		_	Average	Net Interest	Interest Cost Per Borrowed
Issue	Amount	Type	Life	Rate	Dollar
12/18/14	\$6,695,000	Improvement	5.70 years	1.79%	\$.12
12/18/14	770,000	Refunding Improvement	1.58	.84	.03
10/13/15	5,355,000	Improvement	6.65	1.81	.19
12/08/16	6,115,000	Improvement	6.85	2.01	.18
12/08/16	3,730,000	Refunding Improvement	6.44	1.92	.17
12/06/17	4,970,000	Improvement	5.99	1.96	.20
05/04/17	1,170,000	Water Utility	5.48	2.01	.16
05/04/17	1,420,000	Charter Bonds	5.37	2.00	.16

The City's bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's highest rating, upgraded from Aa1 in November 1998), AAA by Standard and Poor's (S&P's highest rating, upgraded in October 2000), and AAA by Fitch Ratings (Fitch's highest rating, awarded in October 2004). These "Triple Triple A" bond ratings were reaffirmed at the most recent bond issuance. The City believes that its 2017 financial results, combined with its prospects for the future, will result in continued excellent bond ratings. These excellent ratings have had a positive effect on the sale of the City's bonds, by broadening the City's market and lowering the interest rates for borrowing.

10-Year Capital Improvement Plan

The proceeds of general obligation bond issues; federal, state and local grants; and other local funding sources for capital projects are accounted for in capital projects funds until the particular projects are completed.

The City utilizes a ten-year Capital Improvement Plan, outlining projected costs and sources of funding for proposed capital improvement projects. Any unrestricted fund balances of the Park Development Fund and the Facility and Parks Maintenance Fund are identified for use as proposed in the Capital Improvement Plan, when and if such projects are ordered by the City Council.

The City's latest ten-year Capital Improvement Plan indicated the following totals for the ten-year period of 2018-2027:

Project Category	nated Amount n millions)	Approximate Sou of Funding	ırces
City Facilities, Parks and Park Development	\$ 170	Cash on Hand Bonds Grants, Other	7% 49 44
Alternative/Surface Transportation	206	Federal Funds Other Governments P.I.R. Bonds Municipal State Aid Franchise Fee Tax Abatement Other	10% 5 62 6 3 2
Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Facilities	90	Cash on Hand Bonds	86% 14
Economic Development and Redevelopment	41	Liquor/Lodging Tax	100%
Total	<u>\$ 507</u>		

Certificate of Achievement

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bloomington, Minnesota, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Bloomington has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 46 consecutive years. We believe this 2017 CAFR continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we will be submitting it to GFOA.

Independent Audit

State law provides that the City may arrange for examination of its books, records, accounts and affairs, or any part thereof, by the state auditor, or by certified public accountants. It has been a long-standing policy of the City to provide for a complete annual audit of City records by certified public accountants. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Acknowledgments

We wish to express our appreciation to the Finance Department staff, in particular Rose Ackerman, Jan Almquist, Kari Carlson, Mary Lee, and Amy Sevig, for their diligent work in preparing this report. We appreciate the cooperation and support from other City departments both in the preparation of this report and in budget management throughout the year. We also wish to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Lori Economy-Scholler, Chief Financial Officer

Finance Department

Juliana H. Vogel, Finance Manager

Finance Department



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Bloomington Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

SECTION II FINANCIAL SECTION



PRINCIPALS



Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management City of Bloomington, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information, other supplementary information – component units (including financial data schedules), and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements

The supplementary information and other supplementary information – component units (including financial data schedules) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

(continued)

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasewich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

June 15, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Bloomington (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found on pages 9 - 20 of this report, and the City's basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the 2017 fiscal year by \$579.9 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$92.7 million (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$37.4 million is restricted for debt service, \$23.6 million is restricted for tax increment, \$3.6 million is restricted for street reconstruction, \$5.2 million is restricted for other purposes, and \$417.5 million is the City's net investment in capital assets.
- The City's net position increased by \$30.6 million. The largest reasons for the increase in net position was the \$6.4 million decrease in Public Safety expenses as a result of a decrease in the Fire Pension liability due to better investment performance and changes in actuarial assumptions. The General revenues increase was Property Taxes of \$2.5 million from a levy increase, overall charges for services increased \$5.2 million due to various rate increases.
- As of December 31, 2017, the City's governmental funds had combined fund balances of \$122.7 million, an increase of \$4.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 56% of the combined committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available to meet the City's current and future needs. The remaining 44% is restricted for mostly grants, debt service, and capital projects.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$30.9 million, or 45% of actual total General Fund expenditures. This compares to \$28.8 million from the prior year, an increase of roughly \$2.1 million. The General Fund working capital goal policy states the City will strive to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures. As of December 31, 2017, the fund balance of the General Fund was within this range. \$1.8 million of this positive performance has been committed for budgeted carryover amounts unspent in 2017 and encumbrances for open purchase order contracts at the end of 2017 that were carried over to the 2018 budget.
- In 2017 the Net Pension liability decreased \$46.2 million due to significant changes in actuarial assumptions mostly with the Public Employers Police and Fire Fund. The pension related net deferred inflows and outflows decreased \$62.2 million effectively offsetting the large decrease in the net pension liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

- The estimated market value for all taxable property is at \$12.1 billion for assessment year 2016 (payable in 2017). After fifteen years of steadily increasing market values peaking in 2008 at \$11.8 billion, values declined as a result of the worldwide "Great Recession" before bottoming in assessment years 2012 and 2013 at \$9.9 billion. Total market value has been growing since and has now surpassed the 2008 peak. This growth trend is continuing as real estate markets have strengthened and significant new development is occurring.
- Entity-wide, the City recorded \$19.0 million in depreciation expense on its capital assets.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general services, development services, public works, public safety, and community services. The business-type activities of the City include water/wastewater, storm water, solid waste management, recreational facilities, contractual police services, and motor vehicle operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City (*known as the primary government*), but also two legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The *component units* are the Bloomington Housing and Redevelopment Authority and the Bloomington Port Authority. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City externally reports five major and eleven nonmajor governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Community Development Block Grant, Improvement Bonds, Capital Projects, and Improvement Construction Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water/wastewater, storm water, recreational facilities, solid waste, contractual police, and motor vehicle operations.

Internal service funds are used to allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its support services, information systems, equipment, public safety radio, self-insurance, insured benefits, benefit accrual, facilities and parks maintenance, and PERA pension. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, some allocations have been

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

made to business-type activities. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water/wastewater, storm water, recreational facilities (which are considered to be major funds of the City), and solid waste, contractual police, and motor vehicle operations are combined and presented as nonmajor funds. The City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements (except for internal service fund amounts which are allocated to both the governmental and business-type activities) but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 70 - 123 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. Required supplementary information can be found on Exhibits A-1 through A-9 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds and internal service funds are presented in the *supplementary information* section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on Exhibits B-1 through F-2 of this report.

The other supplementary section includes additional information on the two component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

An analysis of the City's financial position begins with a review of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These two statements report the City's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth, and new regulations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$579,896,275 at December 31, 2017, as compared to \$549,257,684 at the end of 2016.

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON'S NET POSITION

Total

							Iotai
	Government	al activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	otal	Percentage
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	Change
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 252,347,016	\$ 226,844,246	\$ 17,605,217	\$ 15,018,821	\$ 269,952,233	\$ 241,863,067	11.6%
Capital assets	392,046,122	373,420,088	86,500,605	85,359,140	478,546,727	458,779,228	4.3%
Total assets	644,393,138	600,264,334	104,105,822	100,377,961	748,498,960	700,642,295	6.8%
Deferred outflows:							
Deferred outflows	35,665,561	62,740,968			35,665,561	62,740,968	(43.2)%
Total assets and deferred outflows	680,058,699	663,005,302	104,105,822	100,377,961	784,164,521	763,383,263	2.7%
Liabilities:							
Current and other liabilities	10,207,523	8,305,597	2,686,048	2,666,684	12,893,571	10,972,281	17.5%
Noncurrent liabilities	139,918,713	188,030,659	1,170,000	-	141,088,713	188,030,659	(25.0)%
Total liabilities	150,126,236	196,336,256	3,856,048	2,666,684	153,982,284	199,002,940	(22.6)%
Deferred inflows:							
Deferred inflows	50,285,962	15,122,639			50,285,962	15,122,639	232.5%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	200,412,198	211,458,895	3,856,048	2,666,684	204,268,246	214,125,579	(4.6)%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	332,133,255	310,750,929	85,330,605	85,359,140	417,463,860	396,110,069	5.4%
Restricted	69,744,412	73,405,143	-	-	69,744,412	73,405,143	(5.0)%
Unrestricted	77,768,834	67,390,335	14,919,169	12,352,137	92,688,003	79,742,472	16.2%
Total net position	\$ 479,646,501	\$ 451,546,407	\$ 100,249,774	\$ 97,711,277	\$ 579,896,275	\$ 549,257,684	

As of December 31, 2017, the City had a positive net position balance for the government as a whole.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position, \$417,463,860 (approximately 72%), reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment, distribution system, improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets as an integral part of providing services to citizens; consequently, these are not "liquid" assets and are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$69,744,412 (approximately 12%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$92,688,003 (approximately 16%), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The following schedule provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2017:

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended December 31, 2017

				A	_		Total
	Governmer 2017	ntal Activities 2016	Business-Ty 2017	/pe Activities 2016	2017	2016	Percent Change
REVENUES:	2017	2010	2017	2010	2017	2010	Change
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 10,921,006	\$ 10,609,600	\$ 42,959,432	\$ 38,083,291	\$ 53,880,438	\$ 48,692,891	10.7 %
Operating grants and contributions	7,405,866	7,838,532	371,202	335,884	7,777,068	8,174,416	(4.9)%
Capital grants and contributions	24,802,770	27,077,936	306,382	584,363	25,109,152	27,662,299	(9.2)%
General revenues:	_ ,,00_,,0	,0,000	000,002	33 .,333	20,100,102	2.,002,200	(0.2)70
Property taxes	53,080,612	51,260,264	2,112,584	1,427,984	55,193,196	52,688,248	4.8 %
Business taxes	16,274,658	16,936,341	_,,	-	16,274,658	16,936,341	(3.9)%
Grants and contributions not restricted	3,825,860	1,977,371	-	_	3,825,860	1,977,371	93.5 %
Gain on sale of capital assets	195,169	87,942	-	21,000	195,169	108,942	79.1 %
Interest and investment earnings	1,815,321	901,701	135,172	53,740	1,950,493	955,441	104.1 %
Total revenues	118,321,262	116,689,687	45,884,772	40,506,262	164,206,034	157,195,949	4.5 %
						·	
EXPENSES:							
General services	8,683,447	9,615,471	-	-	8,683,447	9,615,471	(9.7)%
Development services	16,976,729	18,533,117	-	-	16,976,729	18,533,117	(8.4)%
Public works	16,680,711	19,389,393	-	-	16,680,711	19,389,393	(14.0)%
Public safety	29,006,295	35,429,025	-	-	29,006,295	35,429,025	(18.1)%
Community services	17,298,796	18,455,451	-	-	17,298,796	18,455,451	(6.3)%
Interest on long-term debt	1,553,254	1,537,926	-	-	1,553,254	1,537,926	1.0 %
Water/wastewater utility	-	=	25,078,431	24,967,519	25,078,431	24,967,519	0.4 %
Storm water utility	=	-	3,691,245	3,693,302	3,691,245	3,693,302	(0.1)%
Recreational facilities	=	-	6,178,658	6,269,405	6,178,658	6,269,405	(1.4)%
Solid waste management	-	-	6,974,219	3,263,225	6,974,219	3,263,225	113.7 %
Contractual police services	=	-	737,598	1,801,638	737,598	1,801,638	(59.1)%
Motor vehicle	=	-	708,060	723,193	708,060	723,193	(2.1)%
Total expenses	90,199,232	102,960,383	43,368,211	40,718,282	133,567,443	143,678,665	(7.0)%
Change in net position before transfers	28,122,030	13,729,304	2,516,561	(212,020)	30,638,591	13,517,284	126.7 %
Transfers	(21,936)	(132,730)	21,936	132,730		-	- %
Change in net position	28,100,094	13,596,574	2,538,497	(79,290)	30,638,591	13,517,284	126.7 %
Net position - January 1	451,546,407	437,949,833	97,711,277	97,790,567	549,257,684	535,740,400	2.5 %
Net position - December 31	\$ 479,646,501	\$ 451,546,407	\$ 100,249,774	\$ 97,711,277	\$ 579,896,275	\$ 549,257,684	5.6 %

Expenses above include \$14,910,579 of depreciation expense for governmental activities under the full accrual basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Governmental activities

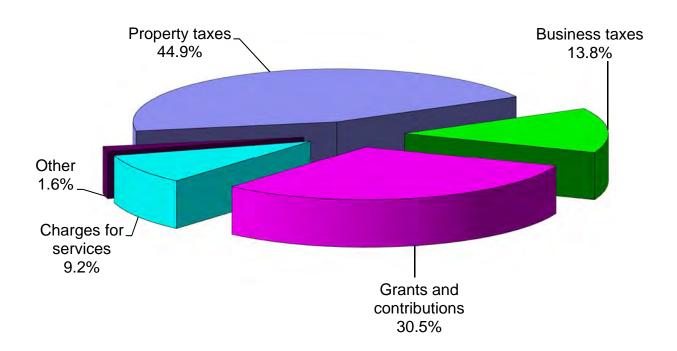
Internal service fund charges for services (program revenues of \$39,114,261) and expenses (\$40,451,341) were allocated to all the governmental and business-type activities. A comparison of revenue and expense changes from 2016 to 2017 follows:

Overall, governmental activities net position increased by \$28.1 million. Within this increase, general revenues increased overall by \$4.0 million in 2017 due to a combination of the following factors. Property taxes increased by \$1.8 million as a result of the levy and market value increases, and grants and contribution not restricted increased 1.8 million. The biggest change in this category was the decrease in Public Safety expenses of \$6.4 million due to the large decrease in the Fire pension liability.

Program revenues decreased by \$2.4 million in 2017. Operating grants and contribution decreased by \$432,666 primarily due to Fire grant for firefighters' training ending. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$2.3 million as a result of decreased capital projects.

Development services expenses decreased by \$1.6 million due to the completion of Old Cedar Avenue bridge reconstruction project in 2016.

City of Bloomington
2017 Revenue Sources - Governmental Activities

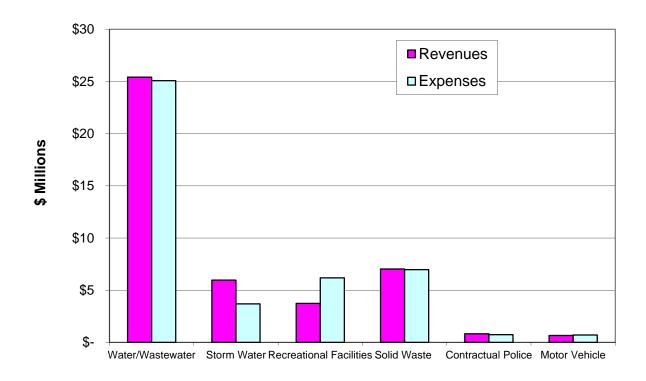


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Business-type activities

Business-type expenses increased in 2017 by \$2.6 million. These expenses include depreciation of capital assets that were funded in prior years. Where expenses exceeded revenues, there was a planned spend-down of net position.

City of Bloomington
2017 Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

At December 31, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$122,744,413, an increase of \$4.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Fund balance of \$54.1 million is *restricted* due to externally enforceable legal restrictions (creditors, grantors, contributors, and by law through constitutional provisions or enabling regulations).

Approximately, \$68.7 million or 56% of total fund balance constitutes *unrestricted fund balance* which is the total of *committed fund balance* (amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes by a formal action of the City Council), *assigned fund balance* (amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose as expressed by an official that has been delegated authority from the City Council), and *unassigned fund balance* (amounts that are available for any purpose in the General Fund). The following presents the amounts of unrestricted fund balance by various fund types:

Fund Type	Unrestricted Fund Balance
General fund	\$ 30,942,618
Special revenue funds	3,056,143
Capital projects funds	6,290,273
Improvement construction funds	28,369,857
Total	\$ 68,658,891

The following tables provide an overview of revenues by source and expenditures by function for all governmental funds:

Revenues by Source Governmental Funds

		2017				2016		Increase	
		Amount		Percent of Total		Amount	Percent of Total	_	(Decrease) Amount
Revenues by source:			_		_		_		
Taxes	\$	69,477,188		60.2%	\$	68,213,503	60.9%	9	1,263,685
Special assessments		3,820,155		3.3		3,943,212	3.5		(123,057)
Business licenses		5,191,270		4.5		4,743,748	4.2		447,522
Fines and forfeitures		1,243,454		1.1		1,057,518	.9		185,936
Intergovernmental		21,480,304		18.6		14,435,816	12.9		7,044,488
Program income		2,385,511		2.1		2,908,551	2.6		(523,040)
Interest and investment income		1,396,754		1.2		701,235	.6		695,519
Franchise fees		6,453,295		5.6		5,139,279	4.6		1,314,016
Contractual component unit		886,722		.8		8,626,710	7.7		(7,784,988)
Other	_	3,029,172	_	2.6		2,290,467	2.1		783,705
Total	\$	115,363,825	_	100.0%	\$	112,060,039	100.0%	\$	3,303,786

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds

		2017			2016	Increase		
			Percent of Total		Amount	Percent of Total	(Decrease) Amount	
Expenditures by Function								
General services	\$	7,487,434	6.3%	\$	7,431,274	6.5%	\$ 56,160	
Development services		10,987,159	9.3		14,926,374	13.1	(3,939,215)	
Public works		11,333,270	9.6		10,778,986	9.5	554,284	
Public safety		31,496,674	26.6		32,045,686	28.2	(549,012)	
Community services		16,410,862	13.9		16,131,465	14.2	279,397	
Debt service		10,696,775	9.1		8,655,180	7.6	2,041,595	
Capital outlay		29,780,396	25.2		23,736,119	20.9	6,044,277	
Total	\$	118,192,570	100.0%	\$	113,705,084	100.0%	\$ 4,487,486	

Please note that the governmental fund information shown above is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information on the government-wide statements is presented on the full accrual basis. The two formats are prepared differently as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). See the reconciliations of these statements on Exhibits 4 and 6.

Following is a discussion of the major governmental funds that had large increases or decreases of fund balances:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$30,942,840 which was comprised of \$1,799,132 of committed fund balance, \$222 of nonspendable fund balance and \$29,143,486 of unassigned fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 42.5% of total General Fund expenditures. It is important to note that the General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$29,143,486 is designated in its entirety for a working capital goal of \$29,492,356. The committed amount of \$1,799,132 consists of a budget carryover amount of \$1,068,303, and encumbrance rollover amount of \$730,829. The budget carryover represents 2017 budgeted amounts that were unspent in 2017 and were carried over to the 2018 budget. The encumbrance rollover amount represents encumbrances for open purchase order contracts at the end of 2017 that were carried over to the 2018 budget. The increase in capital outlay of \$6,044,277 is due to park improvement projects in 2017. The project replaces playground equipment in various parks and elementary schools.

Overall, General Fund revenues increased from \$66.2 million in 2016 to \$68.4 million in 2017. Of this increase, that largest factor was an increase in property tax revenue by \$1.7 million as a result of increased market values and tax levy. General Fund expenditures increased from \$67.2 million in 2016 to \$68.6 million in 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The Improvement Bonds Funds fund balance had a small net decrease of \$128,440, only a small issuance of debt of \$74,846 was recorded.

The Improvement Construction fund balance increased \$3.2 million due to bond debt issuance in 2017 for Series 51 Bonds.

The fund balance of the City's Nonmajor Governmental Funds decreased by \$1.0 million due to a current refunding of the 2000 Art Center Bonds.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As discussed earlier, the City reports two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. The following sections describe the key balances and transactions for the different fund types.

The net position of the enterprise funds increased by \$2.7 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change include:

- The Water/Wastewater Utility Fund had an increase in net position of \$773,000 due to an increase in service charges.
- The Storm Water Fund had an increase in net position of \$2.4 million due mostly to a modest increase in charges for services to finance future storm water improvements.

The net position of the internal service funds decreased by \$1.2 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change include:

- The Self Insurance Fund had an increase of \$1.2 million due to increase in service charges.
- Facilities Parks and Maintenance net position increased \$1.3 million as some projects were delayed.
- PERA Pension decreased \$3.8 million due to a decrease in Net Pension liabilities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$1.07 million increase in appropriations and can be briefly summarized as follows:

• The council approved transfers out to Strategic Priorities in the amount of \$1.4 million as a result of 2016 positive performance.

The actual results compared to the final budget showed a \$2.97 million favorable variance due to better than budgeted revenues as well as conservative spending. Significant details are as follows:

- Lodging and admissions tax revenue exceeded budget by \$739,036 million due to a better than expected recovery in the local hotel and entertainment industries as well as new hotels opening.
- Public Works expenditures were \$585,306 under budget due to delayed street projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

 Development Services and Community Services expenditures were \$911,278 under budget due to savings from unfilled positions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017 amount to \$478,546,727 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment, and distribution systems. Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year include the following:

- The City's Utilities Division improved the water, wastewater, and storm water distribution systems at a cost of \$4,732,656.
- The 2017 Pavement Management Program expended \$7,613,861. These improvements included 5.27 miles of reconstructed streets and 7.07 miles of overlaid streets.
- The City's Improvement Construction Fund spent \$13,779,462 on street improvement projects in 2017.

The City's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$63,265,000 as compared to \$65,250,000 in the prior year. This amount is comprised of \$62,095,000 related to governmental activities and \$1,170,000 in debt related to business-type activities. It should be noted that \$3,730,000 of the total bonded debt outstanding is refunding debt which will refund other bonded debt in February of 2018.

In 2017, the City issued \$4,970,000 of General Obligation Permanent Improvement Revolving (PIR) Bonds. In addition the City issued \$1,420,000 of General Obligation Charter Bonds and \$1,170,000 of General Obligation Water Utility Bonds. In 2017 the City retired a total of \$9,545,000 resulting in \$63,265,000 in bonds payable as of December 31, 2017.

The City maintains an "Aaa" rating from Moody's, an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's, and an "AAA" rating from Fitch Ratings. The City is one of only 37 cities nationwide to hold this "Triple A" bond ratings combination. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following key indicators provide highlights of the City's economic outlook and future budget impact:

- At December 2017, the unemployment rate in Bloomington was 2.8%, down 0.6% from a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's December unemployment rate of 3.4% and the national rate of 3.9%.
- As of January 2017 the assessor's estimated market value for Bloomington turned up an additional 6.0% on top of 5.4% growth in 2016 to a total of \$12.8 billion. This is a 77% increase in total City market value since 2000, and the total is now 8.6% above the previous peak in 2008. The City's diverse tax base, approximately half commercial and half residential, will provide stability in the coming year.
- The City's contract with its health care provider included a rate decrease of 6.5% for the year 2017 and a 10% rate cap for 2018.
- The proposed Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) pension costs to the City for 2018 are estimated at roughly \$4.62 million.
- Property tax reforms and budget deficits at the state level significantly reduced general state government aid and market value homestead credit payments made to the City. In the late 1990s, the City created a prioritized list of downturn strategies. Starting with the 2002 budget process to address the "dot.com" downturn, the City has conservatively utilized these strategies to mitigate large fluctuations in the year-to-year revenues and expenditures. These strategies were again used during the most recent recession. The budgets, starting with the year 2013, began replenishing reserve funds used for the downturn.
- The 2018 budget was approved without the need to reduce existing service levels. In the approved 2018 budget, there was a 2.50% salary increase for City employees.
- The City uses a ten-year General Fund financial model to determine levels of service and to respond to short-term economic and financial changes to make good decisions for the long term. Other funds are modeled for ten to fifteen years to moderate fee increases and to plan for pay-as-you-go capital improvements.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Bloomington's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or the requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Bloomington Civic Plaza, 1800 West Old Shakopee Road, Bloomington, Minnesota, 55431.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

ent Units	Housing and Redevelopment	Authority	\$ 7,544,346	10,433,299	57,415	4,321,321			1,600,300	2,704,139	•	25,060,520		102,192 51,348		- 668.993		4,134,947	1,574,720	6,532,200	·	6,532,200	1,129,419	1.661.209	, co cu	15,683,857 18,528,320	
Component Units	Port	Authority	\$ 67,914,595	1,938,566	60,826	17,150,000		•	•	- 00 630 78		87,063,987		526,852 90,934		2.109.266			7,150,000	9,877,052	,	9,877,052	•	- 77,146.598		40,337	
	ī t	lotal	\$ 168,969,715 4 648 550	50,359,893 815,612		6,964,554 8,200,811		29,993,098	107,590,391	478,546,727	35,665,561	784, 164, 521		10,645,658 710,977	1,418,695	118,241		14,904,670	75,127,325 51,056,718	153,982,284	50,285,962	204,268,246	417,463,860	37,378,617 23.600,990	3,565,059	92,688,003	
Primary Government	Business-type	Activities	\$ 13,087,323	9,059,377	ī		- (4,541,483)	•	5,089,066	86,500,605		104,105,822		2,546,122 23,746	116,180			110,000	1,060,000	3,856,048	•	3,856,048	85,330,605		•	14,919,169	
	Governmental	Activities	\$ 155,882,392 4 648 550	41,300,516 815,612	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6,964,554 8,200,811	4,541,483	29,993,098	102,501,325	392,046,122		680,058,699		8,099,536 687,231	1,302,515	118,241		14,794,670	74,067,325 51,056,718	150,126,236		200,412,198	332,133,255	37,378,617 23.600.990	3,565,059	77,768,834 \$ 479,646,501	÷
		ASSETS	Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Cash with account agent	Receivables, net	Due from primary government	Due from component units Inventory	Offier assets Internal balances	Net pension asset Capital assets:	Capital assets - nondepreciable	Odpital assets Total coope	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	LIABILITIES	Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued interest payable	Due to other governments Unearned revenue	Due to component units Due to primary government	Noncurrent liabilities: Due to primary government -	Bonds payable due in more than one year Due within one year	Due in more than one year Net pension liability	Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of resources	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	Debt service Tax increment	Street reconstruction	Unrestricted Total net position	

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2017

(432,300)(432,300)Redevelopment 39,348 15,357,183 3,564,089 3,171,137 3,603,437 Housing and Authority Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position (2,571,407)(2.571,407)15,044,844 708,458 13,181,895 63,731,533 273.507 15.753.302 Authority Port S (27,288,953) (10,093,459) 341,355 2,272,665 (1,553,254)(2,440,462)84,728 (3,697,708) (9,547,861)(46,800,785)5,111,645 (47,069,590)56,473 (45.954)55,193,196 16,274,658 3,825,860 195,169 1,950,493 77,439,376 549,257,684 30,638,591 268.805 Total 341,355 2,272,665 (2,440,462)84,728 (45.954)268,805 2,112,584 56,473 268,805 135,172 21,936 269,692 97,711,277 2,538,497 Business-type Activities တ (27,288,953) (10,093,459) (47,069,590)(3,697,708)(1,553,254)(9,547,861)5,111,645 (21,936)(47,069,590 16,274,658 3,825,860 195,169 53,080,612 28,100,094 451,546,407 1,815,321 75,169,684 Governmental Activities 61,945 36,195 929,784 24.802.770 \$ 25,109,152 2,168,503 21,642,538 270,187 Contributions 306,382 **Grants and** Capital Total general revenues and transfers Prior period adjustment - see Note 15 Grants and contributions not restricted Program Revenues Interest and investment earnings 584,476 1,081,012 109,746 30,337 50,000 Contributions 614,730 5,125,648 7,405,866 181,119 7,777,068 350,000 5,208,893 5,558,893 Operating Grants and 371,202 Gain on sale of capital assets Net position - January 1 Change in net position \$ \$ တ S General revenues: **Business taxes** 636,330 772,326 2,841,116 Property taxes 4,675,889 149,818 2,017,744 10,921,006 3,707,859 6,813,378 53,880,438 2,841,116 3,441,225 662,106 25,149,599 5,854,164 42,959,432 Charges for Services **Transfers** \$ 'n တ 29,006,295 17,298,796 2,921,407 8,482,309 1,553,254 90,199,232 737,598 3,691,245 11,403,716 6,178,658 6,974,219 133,567,443 16,976,729 16,680,711 708,060 8,683,447 25,078,431 43,368,21 Expenses s တ \$ Housing and Redevelopment Authority Total governmental activities Total business-type activities Total primary government Total component units Interest on long-term debt Solid Waste Management Water/Wastewater Utility Governmental activities: Development Services Business-type activities: Recreational Facilities Community Services Primary Government: Storm Water Utility Contractual Police **General Services** Functions/Programs Component units: Motor Vehicle Public Works Public Safety Port Authority

- 45 -

See notes to the basic financial statements.

15,357,183 18,528,320

64,005,040

549,257,684

97,711,277

451,546,407

Net position - January 1, as restated

Net position - December 31

8

\$ 77,186,935

579,896,275

\$

100,249,774

\$

\$ 479,646,501



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established to account for taxes and other revenues set aside for a particular purpose.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for funds received under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Improvement Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on general obligation improvement bonds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the construction and financing of large capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for funds and monies required for financing land acquisitions, park development, and construction and equipment related to public facilities.

<u>Improvement Construction Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold for the purpose of street, trails, sewer, water, and state aid construction.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

ACCETO		General Fund	D	Community evelopment Block Grant	In	nprovement Bonds
ASSETS	Φ	00.075.000	Φ	0.550	Φ	40 400 000
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	30,975,909	\$	2,559	\$	16,199,223
Cash with fiscal agent		400.000		(400)		4,648,550
Accrued interest receivable		103,333		(190)		64,055
Taxes receivable		323,462		-		15,393
Accounts receivable		1,802,097		38,663		11,500
Mortgages receivable		-		10,579,056		-
Prepaids items		222		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-
Due from other funds		223,000		-		-
Due from component units		180,155		-		-
Due from other governments		281,617		40,263		-
Special assessments receivable		2,107,550		<u>-</u>		16,364,343
Total assets	\$	35,997,345	\$	10,660,351	\$	37,303,064
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,083,148	\$	15,880	\$	17,600
Retainage payable	Ψ	_,000,110	Ψ	-	Ψ	
Due to other funds		_		8,000		_
Due to component units		60,826		57,415		_
Unearned revenue		517,745		57,415		
Deposits payable		5,645		_		
Total liabilities		2,667,364		81,295		17,600
Total habilities		2,007,304		01,293		17,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - mortgages		-		10,579,056		-
Deferred inflows - taxes		279,591		-		-
Deferred inflows - state aid		· <u>-</u>		_		-
Deferred inflows - special assessments		2,107,550		-		16,364,343
Deferred inflows - land held for resale		, , -		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,387,141		10,579,056		16,364,343
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		222		_		_
Restricted				_		20,921,121
Committed		1,799,132		_		20,921,121
		1,799,132		-		-
Assigned Unassigned		20 142 496		-		-
Total fund balances		29,143,486		<u>-</u>		20 021 121
rotai tunu balances		30,942,840		<u>-</u>		20,921,121
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	35,997,345	\$	10,660,351	\$	37,303,064

EXHIBIT 3

Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 26,966,036	\$ 34,254,329	\$ 6,808,983	\$ 115,207,039
75.000	-	-	4,648,550
75,699	116,184	22,368	381,449
248	787	1,351	341,241
257,397	1,238,607	452,182	3,800,446
10.000	-	-	10,579,056 18,222
18,000	- 606 477	-	,
7,418,047	606,477	-	8,024,524 223,000
2,068,104	-	-	2,248,259
868,605	4,572,203	- 244,771	6,007,459
1,472,329	296,906	244,771	20,241,128
1,472,323	230,300		20,241,120
\$ 39,144,465	\$ 41,085,493	\$ 7,529,655	\$ 171,720,373
\$ 820,976	\$ 1,620,036	\$ 170,600	\$ 4,728,240
65,418	1,077,548	Ψ 170,000	1,142,966
-	1,077,040	70,000	78,000
_	_	70,000	118,241
-	428,417	281,352	1,227,514
21,635	-	519,383	546,663
908,029	3,126,001	1,041,335	7,841,624
-	-	-	10,579,056
-	-	-	279,591
-	2,010,037	-	2,010,037
1,472,329	296,906	-	20,241,128
7,418,047	606,477		8,024,524
8,890,376	2,913,420		41,134,336
18,000	-	-	18,222
23,653,496	6,676,215	2,816,468	54,067,300
5,738,295	-	2,937,896	10,475,323
-	28,369,857	733,956	29,103,813
(63,731)			29,079,755
29,346,060	35,046,072	6,488,320	122,744,413
\$ 39,144,465	\$ 41,085,493	\$ 7,529,655	\$ 171,720,373



EXHIBIT 4

\$

479,646,501

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	122,744,413
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds:			
Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 502,179,343 (158,774,445)	_	343,404,898
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.			(663,059)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services provided to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Internal service fund net position per statements Add allocation to business-type activities	14,754,442 4,756,008	_	19,510,450
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			(59,605,000)
A portion of the annual required contribution for other post employment benefits was not paid in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.			(7,938,262)
Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds at the time of issuance. In the Statement of Net Position, these costs are amortized over the life of the debt issue.			(2,452,867)
Amounts due from component units-bonds payable are not reflected in the governmental funds and, therefore, must be added to reconcile to the total net position of governmental activities.			4,713,997
Amounts pertaining to the Bloomington Fire Relief Association pension plan are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governemental funds:			
Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	29,993,098 444,674 (11,440,177)	_	18,997,595
Other long-term assets related to delinquent property taxes, land held for resale, and special assessments are not available to pay for current period expenditures and,			40.004.000
therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds.			40,934,336

See notes to the basic financial statements.

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 General Fund	Deve	nmunity lopment k Grant	In	nprovement Bonds
REVENUES		•		_	
Property taxes	\$ 43,645,095	\$	-	\$	3,192,523
Fiscal disparities	3,119,896		-		223,811
Special assessments	39,860		-		3,617,854
Lodging and admissions tax	9,393,619		-		-
Business licenses	5,191,270		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	885,524	1	002 050		-
Intergovernmental Program income	2,655,199 2,008,249	'	,003,859		-
Interest	168,981		852		135,975
Net change in fair value of investments	82,786		(852)		46,482
Other	1,222,935		(002)		29,090
Franchise fees	- ,222,000		_		-
Contractual payments from component unit	_		-		_
Total revenues	68,413,414	1	,003,859		7,245,735
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General services	7,215,551		-		73,091
Development services	6,840,119		974,727		-
Public works	11,317,071		-		-
Public safety	29,546,240		-		-
Community services	13,575,977		-		-
Debt service:					4.055.040
Interest	-		-		1,355,018
Principal retirement	-		-		6,330,000
Capital outlay: Development services					
Public works	110,168		-		-
Public safety	110,100		_		_
Community services	31,980		_		_
Total expenditures	 68,637,106		974,727		7,758,109
	 00,007,100	-	314,121		7,730,103
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over (under) expenditures	 (223,692)		29,132		(512,374)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from other funds	3,917,820		-		1,034,512
Transfers to other funds	(1,561,000)		(29,132)		(725,424)
Issuance of debt	-		-		74,846
Premium on bonds issued			-		
Total other financing			_		_
sources (uses)	 2,356,820		(29,132)		383,934
Net change in fund balance	2,133,128		-		(128,440)
Fund balance - January 1	 28,809,712				21,049,561
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 30,942,840	\$	_	\$	20,921,121

Note: The General Fund is budgeted at the department level, as reported on Exhibit A-1, rather than by function. See notes to the basic financial statements.

EXHIBIT 5

Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 672,374	\$ 867,604	\$ 1,313,075	\$ 49,690,671
18,588	58,999	90,565	3,511,859
162,441	-	-	3,820,155
6,881,039	-	-	16,274,658
-	-	-	5,191,270
-	-	357,930	1,243,454
1,545,078	14,246,866	2,029,302	21,480,304
-	-	377,262	2,385,511
449,221	331,865	42,982	1,129,876
37,654	71,964	28,844	266,878
421,784	995,150	360,213	3,029,172
-	4,956,931	1,496,364	6,453,295
886,722	-		886,722
11,074,901	21,529,379	6,096,537	115,363,825
	0.7.0.70	470.440	
- 407 400	25,650	173,142	7,487,434
2,497,480	738	674,095	10,987,159
-	16,199	1 050 424	11,333,270 31,496,674
105,499	-	1,950,434 2,729,386	16,410,862
105,499	-	2,729,300	10,410,002
17,520	166,441	207,796	1,746,775
-	-	2,620,000	8,950,000
		,,	-,,
4,227,945	138,024	-	4,365,969
-	21,872,911	-	21,983,079
-	-	125,739	125,739
2,960,456		313,173	3,305,609
9,808,900	22,219,963	8,793,765	118,192,570
1,266,001	(690,584)	(2,697,228)	(2,828,745)
1,575,004	725,424	1,822,883	9,075,643
(4,024,403)	(2,184,512)	(174,488)	(8,698,959)
1,392,353	4,895,154	27,647	6,390,000
79,871	448,421	- ,	528,292
	- ,		, -
(977,175)	3,884,487	1,676,042	7,294,976
288,826	3,193,903	(1,021,186)	4,466,231
29,057,234	31,852,169	7,509,506	118,278,182
\$ 29,346,060	\$ 35,046,072	\$ 6,488,320	\$ 122,744,413



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2017 **EXHIBIT 6**

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

4.466.231

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized (subject to the City's capitalization policy) and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlays	\$ 29,780,396	
Capital outlay not capitalized	(100,734)	
Capital Contribution from Component Unit	-	
Depreciation expense	(10,682,947)	
Loss on disposal of assets	(1,099)	18,995,616

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds payable) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Debt issued	(6,390,000)
Principal paid	8,950,000 2,560,000

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

(263,708)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This includes the change in accrued interest payable and the net other post employment benefits (OPEB) obligation.

(996, 327)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services provided to individual funds. The net revenues of certain activities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.

Change in internal service fund net position per statements	(1,184,061)	
Add allocation to business-type activities	200,562	(983,499)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

2,375,479

Interest revenue on Due from Component Units is not recorded in the governmental funds until received but reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.

4,600

Governmental Funds report Fire Department pension contribution as expenditures, however pension expense is reported in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which pension expense exceeded pension contributions.

Pension Expense 2,076,702

Repayments of Due from Component Units are treated as revenues in the governmental funds but reported as a reduction of the receivable in the Statement of Net Position. Bond proceeds loaned to the component unit are treated as expenditures in the governmental funds but reported as an increase in the receivable in the Statement of Net Position.

(135,000)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 28,100,094



MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs are to be recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Water/Wastewater Utility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City-owned water and sewer systems.

<u>Storm Water Utility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations and improvements of the storm water drainage system.

<u>Recreational Facilities Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's ice garden, golf courses, aquatic recreation facilities and art center operations.

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$1,204,351 \$6,992,877 Accrued interest receivable \$11,589 \$22,636 Taxes receivable \$271,156 \$-1,200 Accounts receivable \$5,217,954 \$1,480,790 Prepaid items \$-1,200 Due from other funds \$359,530 \$-1,200 Due from other funds \$359,530 \$-1,200 Due from other governments \$-1,200 Inventory \$-1,200 Total current assets \$-2,280,001 \$478,858 Buildings and structures \$18,436,732 791,438 Machinery and equipment \$1,539,505 179,571 Improvements \$2,133,283 1,850,326 Distribution system \$97,134,315 \$44,987,326 Construction in progress \$374,450 \$-1,477,67 30,808,867 Total ancourrent assets \$46,747,767 30,808,867 Total ansets \$46,747,767 30,908,867 Total ancourrent assets \$46,747,767 30,908,867 Total ancourrent assets \$-1,200 \$-1,200 Defered outflows related to pensions \$-1,200 Total deferred inflows of resources \$-1,200 Defered outflows related to pensions \$-1,200 Total deferred inflows of resources \$-1,200 Due to other funds \$-2,200 Retainage payable \$-2,200 Benefits payable \$-2,200 Concurrent liabilities \$-2,3746 \$-2,3746 \$-2,3746 Concurrent liabilities \$-2,3746		Water/Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility
Cash and cash equivalents	ASSETS		
Accourd interest receivable 271,156 3-	Current assets:		
Taxes receivable	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,204,351	\$ 6,992,877
Accounts receivable 5,217,954 1,480,790 Prepaid items 359,530 35	Accrued interest receivable	11,589	22,636
Prepaid items	Taxes receivable	271,156	-
Due from other funds	Accounts receivable	5,217,954	1,480,790
Due from other governments	Prepaid items	-	-
Total current assets	Due from other funds	359,530	-
Total current assets	Due from other governments	-	-
Noncurrent assets:	•	<u> </u>	
Land		9,064,580	8,496,303
Buildings and structures	Noncurrent assets:		
Machinery and equipment 1,539,505 179,571 Improvements 2,133,283 1,850,326 Distribution system 97,134,315 44,987,305 Construction in progress 374,450	Land		·
Improvements	<u> </u>		
Distribution system 97,134,315 44,987,305 Construction in progress 374,450 17,478,691 Accumulated depreciation (75,150,519) (17,478,691) Total noncurrent assets 46,747,767 30,808,867 Total assets 55,812,347 39,305,170 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,121,776 225,039 Estimated claims payable - - Benefits payable - - Due to other funds - - Retainage payable - 7,397 Unearned revenue 89,143 - Bonds payable 110,000 - Accrued interest payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities - - Benefits payable			·
Construction in progress 374,450 (75,150,519) (17,478,691) Accumulated depreciation (75,150,519) (17,478,691) 30,808,867 Total assets 55,812,347 39,305,170 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - - Accounts payable 1,121,776 225,039 Estimated claims payable - - Enerifits payable - - - Due to other funds - - - - Retainage payable - - 7,397 - Unearned revenue 89,143 - - - Bonds payable 110,000 - - - Accrued interest payable 11,232 - - - Deposits payable 1,355,897 232,436 - - - - -			
Accumulated depreciation			44,987,305
Total noncurrent assets	. •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - related to pensions - - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - - Current liabilities: - - - Accounts payable 1,121,776 225,039 Estimated claims payable - - - Benefits payable - - - - Due to other funds -<			
Deferred outflows - related to pensions	Total assets	55,812,347	39,305,170
Deferred outflows - related to pensions	DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,121,776 225,039 Estimated claims payable - - Benefits payable - - Due to other funds - - Retainage payable - 7,397 Unearned revenue 89,143 - Bonds payable 110,000 - Accrued interest payable 23,746 - Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities: - - Benefits payable 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total inoncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - - Total deferred inflows of resources - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 1,121,776 225,039 Accounts payable - - Estimated claims payable - - Benefits payable - - Due to other funds - - Retainage payable - 7,397 Unearned revenue 89,143 - Bonds payable 110,000 - Accrued interest payable 23,746 - Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities: 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - - Estimated claims payable - - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - - Estimated claims payable - - - Net pension liability - - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436	•	- _	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,121,776 225,039 Estimated claims payable - - Benefits payable - - Due to other funds - - Retainage payable - 7,397 Unearned revenue 89,143 - Bonds payable 110,000 - Accrued interest payable 23,746 - Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total inoncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - <t< td=""><td>rotal deferred inflows of resources</td><td></td><td><u>-</u>_</td></t<>	rotal deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u> _
Bonds payable 110,000 - Accrued interest payable 23,746 - Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION - - Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867	Current liabilities: Accounts payable Estimated claims payable Benefits payable Due to other funds Retainage payable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· - -
Accrued interest payable 23,746 - Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867		-	-
Deposits payable 11,232 - Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Total current liabilities 1,355,897 232,436 Noncurrent liabilities: - - Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Noncurrent liabilities: Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867			232 436
Benefits payable - - Bonds payable 1,060,000 - Estimated claims payable - - Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867		1,555,691	232,430
Bonds payable		_	_
Estimated claims payable		1 060 000	_
Net pension liability - - Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867		-	_
Total noncurrent liabilities 1,060,000 - Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Very color of the position of the p		<u>-</u>	_
Total liabilities 2,415,897 232,436 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Value of the color of the		1.060.000	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pensions - - Total deferred inflows of resources - - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867			232,436
NET POSITION 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867			<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867	Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>	
Net investment in capital assets 45,577,767 30,808,867 Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867			
Unrestricted 7,818,683 8,263,867			
		· ·	
Total net position \$ 53,396,450 \$ 39,072,734			
	Total net position	\$ 53,396,450	\$ 39,072,734

Governmental

			Activities -
	Nonmajor		Internal
Recreational	Proprietary		Service
Facilities	Funds	Total	Funds
Facilities	<u> </u>	Total	Funds
1,273,779	¢ 4.040.240	Ф 40.007.000	Ф 40.07F.2F2
	\$ 1,616,316	\$ 13,087,323	\$ 40,675,353
4,485	5,496	44,206	122,313
1,727	32,875	305,758	
206,296	1,676,338	8,581,378	29,725
-	-	-	797,390
-	-	359,530	-
-	128,036	128,036	-
4 400 007		-	176,287
1,486,287	3,459,061	22,506,231	41,801,068
1,955,757	-	4,714,616	11,432,262
16,933,137	-	36,161,367	40,151,539
1,495,080	24,229	3,238,385	38,938,408
2,675,741	,5	6,659,350	2,550,932
_,0.0,	-	142,121,620	_,000,00_
_	_	374,450	147,951
(14,115,744)	(24,229)	(106,769,183)	(44,579,868
8,943,971	(24,220)	86,500,605	48,641,224
10,430,258	3,459,061	109,006,836	90,442,292
10,100,200			00,112,202
_	_	_	35,220,887
			35,220,887
200,603	973,581	2,520,999	1,681,071
-	-	-	838,933
-	-	-	741,163
-	145,000	145,000	359,530
-	-	7,397	-
27,037	-	116,180	75,000
-	-	110,000	605,000
-	-	23,746	24,172
	6,500	17,732	594
227,640	1,125,081	2,941,054	4,325,463
-	-	-	14,082,101
-	-	1,060,000	1,885,000
-	-	-	713,669
-	-	-	51,056,718
-	-	1,060,000	67,737,488
227,640	1,125,081	4,001,054	72,062,951
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	38,845,786
-	-	-	38,845,786
		0E 220 60E	AG 454 004
0 042 074	- 2,333,980	85,330,605 10,675,177	46,151,224
8,943,971		19,675,177_	(31,396,782
1,258,647			¢ 44754440
	\$ 2,333,980	105,005,782	\$ 14,754,442
1,258,647 10,202,618		105,005,782	\$ 14,754,442
1,258,647 10,202,618 adjustment to reflect	\$ 2,333,980	105,005,782	\$ 14,754,442

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water/Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility	
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 25,092,543	\$ 5,853,162	
Other	57,056	1,000	
Total operating revenues	25,149,599	5,854,162	
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	5,417,878	1,349,925	
Materials, supplies and service	6,560,431	863,957	
Depreciation	2,180,330	1,462,738	
Water purchased	3,592,884	-, 102,100	
Wastewater disposal cost	7,210,121	_	
Total operating expenses	24,961,644	3,676,620	
rotal operating expenses	21,001,011	0,010,020	
Operating income (loss)	187,955	2,177,542	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Taxes	203,652	_	
Fiscal disparities		_	
Intergovernmental	_	109,746	
Interest income	31,281	60,751	
Net change in fair value of investments	(1,574)	6,831	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(1,07.1)	-	
Other	66,535	_	
Interest expense	(23,746)	_	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	276,148	177,328	
rotal fromoporating rotoriado (exponedo)	270,110	,020	
Income (loss) before transfers	464,103	2,354,870	
Transfers from other funds	309,000	_	
Transfers to other funds	<u>-</u>		
Change in net position	773,103	2,354,870	
	,	, .	
Total net position - January 1	52,623,347	36,717,864	
Total net position - December 31	\$ 53,396,450	\$ 39,072,734	

EXHIBIT 8

<i>P</i>	Activities -
	Internal
	Service
	Funds
\$	39,028,23
	86,03
	39,114,26
	22 110 50
	22,119,58
	14,104,12
	4,227,63
	40 451 27
	40,451,34
	(1,337,08
	14,28
	313,84
	106,84
	175,56
	(58,90
	551,63
	(785,44
	386,50
	(785,12
	(1,184,06
	15,938,50
\$	14,754,44
	\$

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water/Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	
Cash from interfund services provided	\$ -	\$ -
Cash receipts from customers	24,899,475	5,747,396
Cash payments to other funds	(3,293,381)	(761,087)
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	(5,477,076)	(1,348,616)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(13,676,925)</u> 2,452,093	3,637,693
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,432,093	3,037,093
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grants	47,110	165,169
Transfers from other funds	309,000	-
Transfers to other funds		-
Subsidy from endowment fund	-	-
Taxes	203,652	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	559,762	165,169
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING AC	CTIVITIES	
Bond payments	-	-
Bond proceeds	1,060,000	-
Insurance proceeds	66,535	-
Interest and other payments	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets	(2.501.501)	- (2 EAE 679)
Net cash used in capital	(2,591,591)	(2,545,678)
and related financing activities	(1,465,056)	(2,545,678)
and related infancing activities	(1,400,000)	(2,343,070)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment income	29,708	67,580
Net increase (decrease) in		
cash and cash equivalents	1,576,507	1,324,764
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	1,627,844	5,668,113
Cash and each equivalents. December 21	¢ 2.204.251	¢ 6,002,977
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 3,204,351	\$ 6,992,877
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provide	d by (used in) operating a	ctivities:
Operating income (loss)	\$ 187,955	\$ 2,177,542
Adjustments to reconcile operating		
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,180,330	1,462,738
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(
Accounts receivable	(245,134)	(99,455)
Other current assets	(4,990)	(7,310)
Inventory	-	-
Accounts payable	333,932	104,178
Interfund payables	-	-
Net pension liability	-	-
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,452,093	\$ 3,637,693
The cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Ψ ∠,≒υ∠,υσυ	ψ 3,037,033

EXHIBIT 9

			Governmental Activities -
	Nonmajor	_	Internal
Recreational	Proprietary		Service
Facilities	Funds	Total	Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,140,723
3,756,897	8,087,447	42,491,215	-
(1,826,744)	(314,089)	(6,195,301)	(4,873,074)
(2,462,820)	(1,404,241)	(10,692,753)	(17,796,760)
(1,279,750)	(7,058,055)	(22,014,730)	(9,638,803)
(1,812,417)	(688,938)	3,588,431	6,832,086
30,337	230,929	473,545	22,636
50,004	99,996	459,000	386,508
-	(437,064)	(437,064)	(785,128)
12,113	-	12,113	-
2,112,585	36,195	2,352,432	-
2,205,039	(69,944)	2,860,026	(375,984)
			(505,000)
-	-	4 000 000	(595,000)
-	-	1,060,000	-
-	-	66,535	(EQ 00E)
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	(58,905) 200,305
(114,691)	- -	(5,251,960)	(3,882,792)
(114,691)		(4,125,425)	(4,336,392)
8,843	29,040	135,171	420,693
0,043	23,040	133,171	420,093
286,774	(729,842)	2,458,203	2,540,403
987,005	2,346,158	10,629,120	38,134,950
	_,,,,,,,,,		
\$ 1,273,779	\$ 1,616,316	\$ 13,087,323	\$ 40,675,353
\$ (2,401,048)	\$ (161,035)	\$ (196,586)	\$ (1,337,080)
+ (=, : = :, = : =)	(101,000)	ψ (100,000)	ψ (1,001,000)
407 400		4.440.400	4 007 000
467,430	-	4,110,498	4,227,632
62,598	(160,364)	(442,355)	48,773
(1,446)	(100,304)	(13,746)	(22,307)
(1,770)	-	(10,170)	(8,355)
60,049	(392,539)	105,620	136,836
,	25,000	25,000	-
-	, -	, <u>-</u>	(46,236,830)
-	-	-	22,747,531
<u>-</u>			27,275,886
\$ (1,812,417)	\$ (688,938)	\$ 3,588,431	\$ 6,832,086



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City as trustee or agent for the benefit of parties outside of the government.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> – This fund was established with the receipt of a \$1,000,000 donation to the City. The interest earnings from this endowment fund are to be used to offset operating costs of the Bloomington Center for the Arts.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for the collection and disbursement of funds received and disbursed for other parties and governmental units.

EXHIBIT 10

City of Bloomington Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust		 Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$	990,919 - 7,961	\$ 798,253 376,080	
Total assets		998,880	1,174,333	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Accounts payable			 1,174,333	
NET POSITION Held in trust	\$	998,880	\$ -	

City of Bloomington Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust	
ADDITIONS Investment earnings - Interest	\$	10,610
DEDUCTIONS Current: General services		12,113
Change in net position		(1,503)
Net position - January 1		1,000,383
Net position - December 31	\$	998,880



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Bloomington, Minnesota (the City) operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The governing body (the City Council) consists of six council members and the Mayor. Four of the council members are elected by district and two of the council members and the Mayor are elected at large. All serve four-year staggered terms, subject to redistricting every ten years, which results in two 2-year terms through that transition. The City Manager, the chief administrative officer, is selected by the City Council to serve an indefinite term. The City Manager controls and directs the administration of the City's affairs and supervises all departments and divisions.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles), as applied to governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

In accordance with GASB pronouncements and generally accepted accounting principles, the City's financial statements include all funds, organizations, and departments of the City and the City's component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body, and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As a result of applying the entity definition criteria established by GASB, certain organizations have been included with the City's financial statements, as follows:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> - Entails reporting the component unit financial data in columns separate from the financial data of the City:

Port Authority of the City of Bloomington (Port Authority)

The Port Authority was created by the City in 1981 to provide a coordinated, cost-effective approach for private and public development within various development districts that may be established throughout the City. This goal is accomplished in many cases through the use of Tax Increment Financing, to be issued as needed to effect orderly development. The Port Authority is governed by commissioners appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council, and its boundaries encompass the entire City of Bloomington. The Port Authority has limited taxing powers, but extensive authority to issue bonds or notes for public improvements and land development. These are subject to approval by the City Council prior to issuance. The City Council appoints the Port Authority board, guarantees certain Port Authority debt, and contractually provides staff to manage the Port Authority's day-to-day operations; it is, therefore, considered a discretely presented component unit of the City.

Housing and Redevelopment Authority in and for the City of Bloomington (HRA)

The HRA is a statutory organization established in 1971 to provide housing and redevelopment assistance to Bloomington citizens. Assistance is provided through the administration of various programs. The HRA's boundaries encompass the entire City of Bloomington. The City Council appoints the members of the HRA board, and City employees on contract to the HRA manage the HRA's day-to-day operations; it is, therefore, considered a discretely presented component unit of the City.

Financial information for the Port Authority and HRA is provided in the Other Supplementary section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report. Separate financial statements are not issued for the component units.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND ACCOUNTING

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

The government-wide statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government in the two categories of governmental and business-type activities. In this statement, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources measurement focus, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of the government is broken down into three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. The City generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's activities. This statement demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The operating grants and contributions column includes operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants and contributions column includes capital-specific grants.

The governmental funds' major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile both the ending net position and the change in net position.

The focus of the government-wide and fund accounting reporting model is on the City as a whole and the City's major funds, including both governmental funds and proprietary funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Major governmental funds - The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund records revenues such as property tax revenues, licenses and permits, fines and penalties, intergovernmental revenues, and interest earnings. Most of the current day-to-day operations of the governmental units are financed from this fund.
- Community Development Block Grant Fund This fund was established to account for funds received under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. Revenues of the fund are restricted for housing and development purposes.
- Improvement Bonds Fund This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on general obligation improvement bonds.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund accounts for funds and monies required for financing land acquisitions, construction, park development, and equipment related to public facilities. This fund also accounts for the state allotment of gasoline tax collections for road construction and for transitional costs for capital construction.
- *Improvement Construction Fund* This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold for the purpose of street, sewer, water, and state aid construction.

Major proprietary funds - The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water/Wastewater Utility Fund This fund accounts for the operations of the City-owned water and sewer systems.
- Storm Water Utility Fund This fund accounts for the operations and improvements of the storm water drainage system.
- Recreational Facilities Fund This fund accounts for the operations of the City's ice garden, golf courses, aquatic recreation facilities, and art center operations.

Other funds - The City reports the following other funds:

Internal Service Funds - The Internal Service Funds are used to account for information systems, equipment, support services, public safety radios, self-insurance, benefit accruals, insured benefits, facilities and parks maintenance, and PERA pension, all provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has allocated the statement of fund net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances between various governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

Private-Purpose Trust and Agency Funds - The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to report the trust activity with the Bloomington Arts Center which benefits from the income earned on the principal of the endowment. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. They account for collection and disbursement of lodging taxes for the Bloomington Visitors and Convention Bureau, State pass-through loans, and funds received for other parties and governments. These fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

Governmental Funds:

Measurement Focus - Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements represent increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Basis of Accounting - Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Revenues - Major revenues that are susceptible to accrual include property taxes (excluding delinquent taxes received over 60 days after year-end), special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and interest on investments. Major revenues that are not susceptible to accrual include fees and miscellaneous revenues; such revenues are recorded only as received because they are not measurable until collected.

Unavailable Revenues – Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Such amounts are classified as deferred inflows of resources within governmental funds.

Unearned Revenues – Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when all revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures - Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds:

Measurement Focus - Proprietary funds and private-purpose trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, including capital assets, and all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, associated with fund activity are included on the statement of net position. The net position of the fund is broken down into three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Basis of Accounting - All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded at year-end.

Operating versus Non-operating Items - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the General and the following special revenue funds: Community Development Block Grant, Public Health, Public Safety, Communications, Park Grants, South Loop Revolving Development Services, Creative Placemaking, and Cemetery Trust.

Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council, if such action was taken. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are approved by the City Council.

Encumbrances represent purchase commitments. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed fund balances.

Carryovers of prior-year budget appropriations are allowed when projects have been approved, but not completed, and funding has not been provided in the following year's budget. Budget carryovers at year-end are reported as committed fund balances.

<u>Legal Compliance - Budgets</u>

The City follows the procedures below in establishing the budget reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The General and special revenue funds are legally adopted through the budgetary process as documented herein.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Both the General Fund and special revenue fund budgets are legally enacted through passage of resolutions.
- 4. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level within each activity. Budgetary monitoring, by department, division, and by category is required by the City Charter. Management may alter the budget within a department but cannot exceed the total budgeted expenditures for that department unless approved by the City Council. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between departments or funds. These budget amendments must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions. Budgetary control for capital projects funds is accomplished through the use of project controls.
- 6. General Fund expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. Special revenue fund expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

E. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in authorized investments (see Note 2). Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices at the reporting date, except for investments in external investment pools that meet GASB 79 requirements, which are stated at amortized cost. Cash and cash equivalents consist of available cash, cash deposits, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity date at the time of purchase of three months or less. The City accounts for its investments in an entity-wide cash management pool, which is used essentially as a demand deposit account. Restricted cash and investments are included with cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds and between the primary government and component units for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due from primary government/component unit" and "due to other funds" or "due to primary government/component unit," respectively, on the balance sheet (see Note 8).

G. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventory is valued at average cost based on physical counts for all fund types. In the General Fund, inventory is not significant and is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. In the proprietary funds, inventory is recorded as an expense when consumed.

Assets held for resale represent various property purchases made by the City with the intent to sell in order to increase tax base or to attract new businesses. These assets are stated at the lower of cost or acquisition value. During the year ended December 31, 2017 management has reviewed the cost value reported for these assets and has indicated the properties are fairly presented for financial reporting purposes.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the City's fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Capital outlays are capitalized in the City's government-wide statement of net position, which uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively to 1980. Carrying value of prior infrastructure assets is considered to be insignificant to the overall value of capital assets of the City. Depreciation on the City's capital assets (including infrastructure) is recorded on a government-wide basis. All capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the acquisition value as of the date received. The City's policy is to only capitalize capital assets exceeding \$10,000.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings and structures	15-95
Distribution system	36
Equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	5-48

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City compensates all employees upon termination for unused vacation up to a maximum of 480 hours based upon length of service. The City also compensates employees for unused personal time up to a maximum of 1,000 hours. Personal leave balances in excess of 600 hours upon termination are converted to a health care retirement account with the State Board of Investments. Such pay is accrued as an expenditure/expense as it is earned in all funds. The liability for all compensated absences is recorded in the Benefit Accrual Fund within the internal service funds.

J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations are recorded in the City's government-wide statement of net position when they become a liability of the City. Long-term obligations are recognized as a liability of a governmental fund only when due, or when resources have been accumulated in a debt service fund for payment early in the following year. Long-term obligations expected to be financed from proprietary funds are accounted for in those funds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial and Housing Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, housing, and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. A bank or financing institution finances this transaction, and the terms and conditions are contracted between the lender and the borrower. Neither the City, nor the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2017, there were three series of Industrial and Housing Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$58.9 million.

L. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by Resolution of City Council.

Assigned – consists of internally imposed constraints for the specific purpose of the City's intended use. Pursuant to the City's Fund Balance Classification Policy, intent can be expressed by the government body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. At this time the City Council has not delegated the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – is the residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

M. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Interfund transactions within the respective categories of governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities are eliminated. The internal balances caption on the government-wide statement of net position represents interfund receivables or payables between the two types of activities: governmental and business-type.

N. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to Hennepin County (the County) for collection in the following year. In the state of Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes.

The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Property taxes are accrued and recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements for collections within 60 days after year-end, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes are required by state statute to be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes are required to be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts in July, December, and January.

Taxes levied which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as taxes receivable and are fully offset by deferred inflows in the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures. Delinquent property taxes are recorded as earned in the government-wide statements, less a \$200,000 allowance for uncollectible accounts.

O. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications did not have an effect on fund net position or change in net position, as previously reported.

P. DEFICIT NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The PERA Pension internal service fund had a negative net position balance of \$54,681,617 on December 31, 2017 as a result of following accounting required by GASB 68. Future pension contributions and investment earnings will reduce the negative net position in the PERA Pension internal service fund. The Benefit Accrual internal service fund had a negative net position balance of \$1,598,678 on December 31, 2017. This fund accounts for the compensated personal and vacation leave balances. Over the next few years, the City will increase internal charges and transfer funds to eliminate the deficit

in this fund. The HRA TIF Special Revenue fund had a negative balance of \$1,182,324 as of December 31, 2017. This fund accounts for Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts' activity. The negative balance will be covered in the future, primarily by TIF funding. The HRA Property Management fund has a deficit net position of \$177,766. The HRA will be transferring funds in future years to eliminate this deficit.

Q. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported on the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

R. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA)

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

PERA has a special funding situation created by a direct aid contribution made by the state of Minnesota. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund into the PERA on January 1, 2015.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at national or state banks within the state, as authorized by the City Council.

At December 31, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$(417,381) and the bank balances totaled \$665,005.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. City policy does not further add any restrictions to address custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2017, the bank balance of the City's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance or covered by collateral pledged and held in the City's name.

B. INVESTMENTS

The City may also invest funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and its investment policy as follows:

• U.S. Treasury obligations including bonds, notes, Treasury bills, or other securities which are direct obligations of the United States. Instruments sold and issued by the U.S. Government carry the full faith guarantee of the U.S. Government. These instruments provide the highest quality available to purchase and are highly liquid.

- U.S. Agency securities Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSE's) are instrumentalities, or
 organizations created by an act of Congress. GSE securities have the implied guarantee of the United
 States Government and are privileged to certain access to capital and support of government
 programs. The most common GSE issuers are Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home
 Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Farm Credit Bureau (FFCB), and Federal National
 Mortgage Association (FNMA).
- General obligation bonds of state or local governments must have a taxing power rating of A, AA, or AAA. Tax exempt or taxable bonds qualify as long as they meet the rating standards.
- Banker's acceptances of United States banks, eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System, that mature in 270 days or less. Evaluation of the financial strength of the accepting bank is necessary through purchasing acceptances only from banks with a minimum A (very strong bank) rating by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Money market mutual funds which are rated Aa or higher by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization, invests in securities with a final maturity no longer than 13 months and for which the Investment Committee has obtained and reviewed the fund prospectus.
- Savings/demand deposits. A financial institution that is qualified as a "depository" of public funds of government entities. The City may hold balances in qualified bank deposits. Funds may be held in savings accounts at approved depository banks. If balances are greater than the FDIC limit, collateral of 110 percent will be held for the excess balances.
- Commercial paper is short term unsecured debt which has been issued by a United States corporation or their Canadian subsidiaries and is not a limited liability corporation (LLC) to fund their day-to-day operational needs. Maturities typically range from one day to 270 days. The City may only buy paper that meets the Minnesota Statute 118A with the exception that no Asset Backed or Structured Investment Vehicle (SIV) Commercial Paper are allowed. Only commercial paper with the highest quality rating of A1, P1, F1 and the underlying issuer of the commercial paper must have a long-term debt rating of AAA to be utilized.
- The City may enter into repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements consisting of collateral allowable in Minnesota Statute, Chapter 118A.
- Investment products that are considered as derivatives are specifically excluded from approved direct investment purchases at this time.

As of December 31, 2017, the City had the following investments and maturities:

In and the second To the	F-:- V-1		Less than		One Year to		Five Years to		
Investment Type	Fair Value		One Year			Five Years		Ten Years	
Money Market	\$	22,459,896	\$	22,459,896	\$	_	\$	-	
4M Term Series		5,000,000		5,000,000		-		-	
Commercial Paper Sweep		1,299,097		1,299,097		-		-	
Treasury Notes		23,607,360		19,603,600		4,003,760		-	
Farmer Mac		3,056,950		-		3,056,950		-	
Federal Agriculture Mortgage									
Corporation		8,870,026		-		8,870,026		-	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		23,838,765		11,968,070		11,870,695		-	
Federal Home Loan Bank		17,147,582		4,988,300		12,159,282		-	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage									
Corporation		26,868,940		10,062,800		16,806,140		-	
Federal National Mortgage									
Association		20,062,667		8,587,405		11,475,262		-	
Municipal Bonds		23,613,535		5,894,258		14,313,538		3,405,739	
Total investments		175,824,818	\$	89,863,426	\$	82,555,653	\$	3,405,739	
Total deposits		(417,381)							
Total investments and deposits	\$	175,407,437							

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy has three levels. Level 1 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted prices for similar assets or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 investments are valued using inputs that are unobservable.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

			Fair Value Measuremen					ıts Using		
Investments by fair value level	12/31/17		Level 1		Level 2			Level 3		
4M Term Series	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$	5,000,000	\$	-		
Commercial Paper Sweep		1,299,097		-		1,299,097		-		
Treasury Notes		23,607,360		-		23,607,360		-		
Farmer Mac		3,056,950		-		3,056,950		-		
Federal Agriculture Mortgage										
Corporation		8,870,026		-		8,870,026		-		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		23,838,765		-		23,838,765		-		
Federal Home Loan Bank		17,147,582		-		17,147,582		-		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage										
Corporation		26,868,940		-		26,868,940		-		
Federal National Mortgage										
Association		20,062,667		-		20,062,667		-		
Municipal Bonds		23,613,535		-		23,613,535		-		
Subtotal		153,364,922	\$	-	\$	153,364,922	\$			
Investments not categorized										
External investment pools:										
US Bank Money Market		18,818,358								
4M Fund Money Market		3,641,538								
Bank Deposits	_	(417,381)	_							
Total	\$	175,407,437								

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments – For investments in securities, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2017, all investments of the City were insured, registered, and held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Investments in money market accounts are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form, and therefore are not subject to custodial credit risk. The City has no policy for credit risk beyond what is provided by Minnesota state law.

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy requires the City to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity. The policy also states the City's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City will attempt to match its investment maturities with anticipated cash flow liquidity demands (static liquidity). Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding 5 years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds. In no event does the City invest in securities with maturities exceeding 10 years.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by at least two of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investments in money market funds, Federal Farm Credit, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association Notes were all rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and the municipal investments are all rated A+ or better by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The City does not have a policy on credit risk beyond State law.

The City's external investment pool investment is with the 4M fund which is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M fund is an unrated pool and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The pool is managed to maintain a portfolio weighted average maturity of no greater than 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1. The pool measures their investments in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, at amortized cost.

The 4M Liquid Asset Fund has no redemption requirements. The 4M Plus Fund requires funds to be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period are subject to a penalty equal to 7 days interest on the amount withdrawn.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City diversifies its investments to substantially reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, institution, or class of securities, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools. No more than 50% of the entity's total investment portfolio is invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. More than 5% of the City's investments are in the following governmental agencies: Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (5%), Federal Farm Credit (14%), Federal Home Loan Bank (10%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (15%), Federal National Mortgage Association (11%), and United States Treasuries (13%).

The following table reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and investments to the basic financial statements at December 31, 2017:

Governmental funds	\$ 115,207,039
Proprietary funds:	
Enterprise	13,087,323
Internal service	40,675,353
Government-wide	168,969,715
Fiduciary funds	1,789,172
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investment	170,758,887
Add: restricted cash and investments	4,648,550
Net cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 175,407,437

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

During 2017 the City's capitalization threshold was \$10,000. Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Primary Government				
	Balance at	-		Balance at	
	1/1/17	Additions	Retirements	12/31/17	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated -					
Land	98,575,405	1,034,811	_	99,610,216	
Construction in progress	701,457	2,402,577	(212,925)	2,891,109	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	99,276,862	3,437,388	(212,925)	102,501,325	
Capital assets being depreciated:		-,,	(= :=, ===)	,,	
Buildings and structures	68,876,077	-	(39,570)	68,836,507	
Machinery and equipment	43,261,165	3,782,457	(990,637)	46,052,985	
Improvements	14,253,378	3,913,216	(321,042)	17,845,552	
Infrastructure	337,521,748	22,642,318	-	360,164,066	
Total capital assets being depreciated	463,912,368	30,337,991	(1,351,249)	492,899,110	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		<u> </u>			
Buildings and structures	(38,452,675)	(1,436,600)	38,469	(39,850,806)	
Machinery and equipment	(30,702,801)	(3,253,059)	965,899	(32,989,961)	
Improvements	(6,045,339)	(724,883)	321,042	(6,449,180)	
Infrastructure	(114,568,329)	(9,496,037)	-	(124,064,366)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(189,769,144)	(14,910,579)	1,325,410	(203,354,313)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	274,143,224	15,427,412	(25,839)	289,544,797	
Governmental capital assets, net	373,420,086	18,864,800	(238,764)	392,046,122	
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated -	4.744.040			4 74 4 04 0	
Land	4,714,616	-	(47.054)	4,714,616	
Construction in progress	47,654	374,450	(47,654)	374,450	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,762,271	374,450	(47,654)	5,089,066	
Capital assets being depreciated:	26 464 267			26 464 267	
Buildings and structures	36,161,367	133,610	-	36,161,367	
Machinery and equipment	3,104,775 137,388,964	4,732,656	-	3,238,385	
Distribution system			(49,600)	142,121,620	
Improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	6,649,050 183,304,156	58,900 4,925,166	(48,600)	6,659,350 188,180,722	
Less accumulated depreciation for:	103,304,130	4,925,100	(40,000)	100,100,722	
Buildings and structures	(16 511 620)	(613,984)		(17,125,613)	
Machinery and equipment	(16,511,629) (2,035,084)	(121,787)	-	(2,156,871)	
Distribution system	(80,103,238)	(3,276,462)	-	(83,379,700)	
Improvements	(4,057,334)	(3,276,462)	48 600	(4,106,999)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(102,707,285)	(4,110,498)	48,600 48,600	(106,769,183)	
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net	80,596,871	814,668	40,000	81,411,539	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	85,359,141	1,189,118	(47,654)	86,500,605	
business-type activities capital assets, fiet	00,008,141	1,109,110	(47,004)	00,000,000	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions at December 31, 2017 as follows:

General services	\$ 1,603,541
Development services	3,060,719
Public works	8,540,310
Public safety	1,021,552
Community services	 684,457
Total depreciation expense	\$ 14,910,579

4. COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2017 encumbrances totaled \$730,829 and are reported as a committed fund balance within the General Fund. At December 31, 2017, the City had commitments for thirteen uncompleted construction contracts with a remaining balance of \$17,240,269.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City acts as a self-insurer for workers' compensation claims. Property, casualty, and automobile insurance coverage are provided through a pooled insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portions. These deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements. The risk management activities of the City are accounted for by the Self-Insurance Fund, an internal service fund that charges its costs to user departments. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages from coverage in the prior year. No settlement amounts exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The liability recorded in the Self-Insurance Fund includes estimated settlements for claims reported but not settled as of year-end, as well as an estimate of claims incurred but not reported. When a new claim is filed with the City, the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust establishes an estimated loss reserve. This reserve is expensed at year end and then increased or decreased annually.

	2016	2017
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$1,888,849	\$1,983,037
Claims paid	(1,279,025)	(430,435)
New claims	1,373,213	-
Unpaid claims at end of year	\$1,983,037	\$1,552,602

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

			Balance at
Type of Bonds	Maturities	Rates	12/31/17
Governmental activities:			
Governmental funds:			
General obligation (G.O.) bonds	2018-2027	2.00 - 5.00%	\$ 3,030,000
G.O. improvement bonds	2018-2037	.80 - 5.70	51,940,000
G.O. tax increment bonds	2018-2032	.80 - 4.30	4,635,000
Total governmental funds			59,605,000
Internal service funds:			
G.O. capital improvement bonds	2018-2021	.60 - 2.60	2,490,000
Total governmental activities			62,095,000
Business-type activities			
General Obligation (G.O.) bonds	2018-2027	2.00 - 5.00	1,170,000
Total bonds			\$ 63,265,000

Changes in long-term liabilities during 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance at	Alter		Balance at	Due Within
	01/01/17	Additions	Retirements	12/31/17	One Year
Governmental activities:					
G.O. bonds	\$ 7,180,000	\$ 1,420,000	\$ 3,080,000	\$ 5,520,000	\$ 1,140,000
G.O. improvement bonds	53,300,000	4,970,000	6,330,000	51,940,000	11,255,000
G.O. tax increment bonds	4,770,000	-	135,000	4,635,000	530,000
Unamortized bond prems	2,189,159	528,292	264,584	2,452,867	289,574
Benefits payable	14,354,090	1,948,854	1,479,680	14,823,264	741,163
Estimated claims payable	1,983,037	-	430,435	1,552,602	838,933
OPEB liability	6,960,825	1,283,850	306,413	7,938,262	-
Net pension liability	97,293,548	10,006,070	56,242,900	51,056,718	-
Total governmental	188,030,659	20,157,066	68,269,012	139,918,713	14,794,670
Business-type activities -					
G.O. bonds	-	1,170,000	-	1,170,000	110,000
Total	\$188,030,659	\$ 21,327,066	\$68,269,012	\$ 141,088,713	\$ 14,904,670

The benefits payable are generally liquidated by the Benefit Accrual Internal Service Fund. It is not practicable to determine the specific year for payment of benefits payable. The OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the Insured Benefits Internal Service Fund.

Long-term debt maturities (including interest of \$7,588,939) are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty		
Year Ending		_			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 12,925,000	\$ 1,563,927	\$ 110,000	\$ 43,072	\$ 14,641,999
2019	7,900,000	1,293,153	105,000	31,144	9,329,297
2020	7,560,000	1,081,234	105,000	27,994	8,774,228
2021	7,275,000	869,283	110,000	24,769	8,279,052
2022	5,605,000	684,572	110,000	21,469	6,421,041
2023-2027	17,035,000	1,603,433	630,000	40,385	19,308,818
2028-2032	3,340,000	272,929	-	-	3,612,929
2033-2037	455,000	31,575	-	-	486,575
Total	\$ 62,095,000	\$ 7,400,106	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 188,833	\$ 70,853,939

On May 4, 2017, the City issued \$1,420,000 of General Obligation Charter Bonds with an effective rate of 2.0%, the proceeds of which were used to provide funding for park improvements within the City. In addition the City issued \$1,170,000 of General Obligation Water Utility Bonds with an effective rate of 2.0%, the proceeds were used to finance improvements to the City's water system.

On December 6, 2017, the City issued \$4,970,000 of General Obligation Permanent Improvement Revolving Fund Bonds, Series 51 with an effective rate of 1.96%, the proceeds of which were used to provide funding for public improvements.

The City issued two refunding bonds. \$1,610,000 of General Obligation Arts Center Refunding Bonds were issued with an effective rate of 1.24%; the proceeds and cash on hand refunded the 2007 Art Center Bonds on February 1, 2017. The actual savings to the City for the Art Center Refunding is \$126,304 and the present value savings is \$114,525. \$3,730,000 of General Obligation Permanent Improvement Fund Refunding Bonds were issued with an effective rate of 1.92%; the proceeds and cash on hand will refund the 2007 PIR, Forty-One Series and the 2008 PIR, Forty-Two Series bonds on February 1, 2018. The actual savings to the City regarding this refunding issue is \$772,931 and the present value savings is \$625,019.

The following is a schedule of bonds payable at December 31, 2017:

Type of Bonds	Original Amount	Maturities	Rates	Balance at 12/31/17
Governmental Activities:				
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:				
2010 Capital Improvement	5,900,000	2018-2021	.60 - 2.60%	2,490,000
2016 Art Center Refunding	1,610,000	2018-2021	4.00%	1,610,000
2017A Charter Bonds	1,420,000	2018-2027	2.00 - 5.00%	1,420,000
Total G.O. Bonds	8,930,000			5,520,000
General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement Bonds	·			
2007 PIR, Forty-One Series	5,915,000	2018-2018	4.00 - 4.50%	1,380,000
2008 PIR, Forty-Two Series	9,570,000	2018-2018	3.25 - 5.00%	4,480,000
2010 PIR, Forty-Four Series	6,235,000	2018-2021	.80 - 3.50%	2,620,000
2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Series	2,080,000	2018-2018	2.00 - 2.50%	340,000
2011 PIR, Forty-Five Series	7,545,000	2018-2031	2.00 - 3.375%	4,000,000
2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Series	5,900,000	2018-2025	3.00%	4,135,000
2012 PIR, Forty-Six Series	5,615,000	2018-2023	2.00 - 3.00%	3,370,000
2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Series	5,135,000	2018-2030	2.40 - 3.25%	3,410,000
2013 PIR, Forty-Seven Series	4,180,000	2018-2024	2.10 - 3.00%	3,045,000
2014 PIR, Forty-Eight Series	7,465,000	2018-2025	2.00 - 2.50%	5,410,000
2015 PIR, Forty-Nine Series	5,355,000	2018-2036	2.00 - 3.00%	4,935,000
2016 PIR, Fifty Series	6,115,000	2018-2037	2.00 - 3.00%	6,115,000
2016 PIR, Refunding, Forty-One and				
Forty-Two Series	3,730,000	2019-2029	2.00 - 3.00%	3,730,000
2017 PIR, Firty-One Series	4,970,000	2019-2028	2.00 - 5.00%	4,970,000
Total G.O. Improvement Bonds	79,810,000			51,940,000
General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increment Bond	ls:			
2011 Serial Refunding Bonds	3,095,000	2018-2032	3.00 - 4.30%	2,590,000
2016 Serial Bonds	2,045,000	2018-2022	.80 - 1.60%	2,045,000
Total G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	5,140,000			4,635,000
Total governmental activities	93,880,000			62,095,000
Business-type Activities:				
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:				
2017B Water Utility Bonds	1,170,000	2018-2027	2.00 - 5.00%	1,170,000

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects and facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and business-type activities. Bonds issued for business-type activities are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Revenues pledged are as follows:

			Revenue Pledged			Current		
			Percent of	Debt service		Remaining	Principal	Pledged
Daniel Income	Use of	T	total	as a % of	Term of	Principal	and Interest	Revenue
Bond Issue	Proceeds	Туре	debt service	net revenues	Pledge	and Interest	paid	received
Governmental Activities:								
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:								
2010 Capital Improvement Bonds	Paid Port Authority	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2012 - 2021	\$2,613,634	\$658,367	\$658,367
Nov-10	Lease Revenue Bonds							
2016 G.O. Arts Center Refunding	Refund 2007 Arts Center	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2018 - 2021	1,742,400	41,681	41,681
Dec-16	Bonds - Crossover							
2017 G.O. Charter Bonds	Park improvements	Debt Service Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2018 - 2027	1,645,098	-	-
May-17								
General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement	ent Bonds:							
2007 PIR Bonds, Forty-One Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	55%	n/a	2007 - 2018	1,408,584	597,769	597,769
Dec-07		Debt Service Tax Levy	45%	n/a				
2009 DID Bondo Forty Tivo Sorios	Infrastruatura Impravamenta	Chaoial Assassments	76%	n/a	2008 - 2018	4 595 034	012.069	012.060
2008 PIR Bonds, Forty-Two Series Oct-08	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments Debt Service Tax Levy	24%	n/a	2000 - 2010	4,585,034	913,868	913,868
CC1 00		Debt dervice Tax Levy	2470	Π/α				
2010 PIR Bonds, Forty-Four Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	39%	n/a	2012 - 2021	2,795,069	714,275	714,275
Nov-10		Debt Service Tax Levy	61%	n/a				
2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Srs	Refunding 2003 PIR Bonds	Special Assessments	12%	n/a	2013 - 2018	344,250	347,688	347,688
Nov-11	Infrastructure Improvements	Debt Service Tax Levy	88%	n/a	2010 2010	344,230	347,000	347,000
	,	,						
2011 PIR Bonds, Forty-Five Series	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	28%	n/a	2013 - 2031	4,366,088	796,238	796,238
Nov-11		Debt Service Tax Levy	72%	n/a				
2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Srs	Refunding 2004 PIR Bonds	Special Assessments	57%	n/a	2015 - 2025	4,629,175	651,850	651,850
Jun-12	Infrastructure Improvements	Debt Service Tax Levy	43%	n/a	2010 2020	4,023,173	051,050	051,000
	, , , , , , ,	,						
2012 PIR Bonds, Forty-Six Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	48%	n/a	2014 - 2023	3,659,287	626,275	626,275
Jun-12		Debt Service Tax Levy	52%	n/a				
2012 DID Defineding Forty Three Cre	Defineding 2000 DID Dands	Consist Assessments	000/	-/-	2045 2020	2 055 770	004 204	004.004
2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Srs Nov-13	Refunding 2009 PIR Bonds Current Refunding	Special Assessments Debt Service Tax Levy	90% 10%	n/a n/a	2015 - 2030	3,855,776	694,384	694,384
1407 13	Current Northlang	Debt dervice Tax Levy	1070	Π/α				
2013 PIR Bonds, Forty-Seven Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	24%	n/a	2015 - 2024	3,318,199	482,068	482,068
Nov-13		Debt Service Tax Levy	76%	n/a				
2014 PIR Bonds, Forty-Eight Srs	Infrastructure Improvements &	•	32%	n/a	2016-2025	5,884,962	1,128,475	1,128,475
Dec-14	Refunding 2006 PIR Bonds	Debt Service Tax Levy	68%	n/a				
2015 PIR Bonds, Forty-Nine Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	43%	n/a	2017 - 2036	5,671,287	568,025	568,025
Oct-15	, , , , , , ,	Debt Service Tax Levy	57%	n/a		-,- , -	,-	,-
2016 PIR Bonds, Fifty Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	41%	n/a	2018 - 2037	7,143,450	101,420	101,420
Dec-16		Debt Service Tax Levy	59%	n/a				
2016 PIR Refunding Bonds, Forty-One	Refunding 2007 PIR and	Special Assessments	100%	n/a	2019 - 2029	4,295,225	62,683	62,683
and Forty-Two Srs	2008 PIR bonds	opeciai 71330331101113	10070	Π/α	2013 2023	4,233,223	02,000	02,000
Dec-16	Advanced Refunding							
2017 PIR Bonds, Fifty-One Srs	Infrastructure Improvements	Special Assessments	19%	n/a	2018 - 2028	5,976,854	-	-
Dec-17		Debt Service Tax Levy	81%	n/a				
General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increm	ent Bonds							
2011 Serial G.O. TIF Refunding Bds		TIF Revenue	100%	n/a	2013 - 2032	3,444,263	235,190	235,190
Nov-11	Crossover Refunding							
2016 Serial G.O. TIF Bonds	Housing development	TIF Revenue	100%	n/a	2018 - 2022	2,116,472	16,225	16,225
Dec-16								
Business-type activities:								
Enterprise Bonds:								
2017B Water Utility	Water system improvements	Utility revenues	100%	n/a	2018-2027	1,358,833	-	-
May-17								

General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds:

- 2010 Capital Improvement Bonds. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,900,000 bonds issued in November 2010. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire certain facilities previously leased to the City by the Port Authority. User charges through the Facilities and Parks Maintenance Fund are appropriated to pay debt service payments through the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$2,613,634, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$658,367 and \$658,367, respectively.
- 2016 Art Center Refunding. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$1,610,000 bonds issued in December 2016. Proceeds from the bonds will refund the 2007 Arts Center Bonds on February 1, 2017. Tax levies were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,742,400, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$41,681 and \$41,681, respectively.
- 2017 Charter Bonds. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$1,420,000 bonds issued in May 2017. Proceeds from the bonds were used to replace playground equipment in parks around the City. Tax levies were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,645,098, payable through February 2027. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy revenues were \$0 and \$0, respectively.

General Obligation (G.O.) Improvement Bonds:

- 2007 PIR, Forty-One Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,915,000 bonds issued in December 2007. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 45% and special assessments were projected to produce 55% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,408,584 payable through February 2018. These bonds will be refunded on February 1, 2018 with available cash and proceeds from the 2016 Refunding Bonds. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$597,769 and \$597,769, respectively.
- 2008 PIR, Forty-Two Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$9,570,000 bonds issued in October 2008. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 24% and special assessments were projected to produce 76% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,585,034, payable through February 2018. These bonds will be refunded on February 1, 2018 with available cash and proceeds from the 2016 Refunding Bonds. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$913,868 and \$913,868 respectively.
- 2010 PIR, Forty-Four Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$6,235,000 bonds issued in November 2010. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 61% and special assessments were projected to produce 39% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$2,795,069, payable through February 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$714,275 and \$714,275, respectively.

- 2011 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Eight Series. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$2,080,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2003 PIR, 38 Series Bonds on February 1, 2012. Tax levies were projected to produce 88% and special assessments were projected to produce 12% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$344,250, payable through February 2018. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$347,688 and \$347,688, respectively.
- 2011 PIR, Forty-Five Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$7,545,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 72% and special assessments were projected to produce 28% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,366,088, payable through February 2031. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$796,238 and \$796,238, respectively.
- 2012 PIR Refunding, Thirty-Nine Series. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,900,000 bonds issued in June 2012. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2004 PIR, 39 Series Bonds on February 1, 2014. Tax levies were projected to produce 43% and special assessments were projected to produce 57% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,629,175, payable through February 2025. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$651,850 and \$651,850, respectively.
- 2012 PIR, Forty-Six Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,615,000 bonds issued in June 2012. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 52% and special assessments were projected to produce 48% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,659,287, payable through February 2023. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$626,275 and \$626,275, respectively.
- 2013 PIR Refunding, Forty-Three Series. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$5,135,000 bonds issued in November 2013. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2009 PIR, 43 Series Bonds on February 1, 2014. Tax levies were projected to produce 10% and special assessments were projected to produce 90% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,855,776, payable through February 2030. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$694,384 and \$694,384, respectively.
- 2013 PIR, Forty-Seven Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$4,180,000 bonds issued in November 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 76% and special assessments were projected to produce 24% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,318,199, payable through February 2024. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$482,068 and \$482,068, respectively.

- 2014 PIR, Forty-Eight Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$7,465,000 bonds issued in December 2014. Proceeds from the bonds partially refunded the 2006 PIR, 40 Series Bonds on February 1, 2015 and provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 68% and special assessments were projected to produce 32% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,884,962 payable through February 2025. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$769,925 and \$769,925, respectively.
- 2015 PIR, Forty-Nine Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$5,355,000 bonds issued in October 2015. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 57% and special assessments were projected to produce 43% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,671,287 payable through February 2036. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$568,025 and \$568,025, respectively.
- 2016 PIR, Fifty Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$6,115,000 bonds issued in December 2016. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 59% and special assessments were projected to produce 41% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$7,143,450, payable through February 2037. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$101,420 and \$101,420, respectively.
- 2016 PIR Refunding, Forty-One Series and Forty-Two Series. The City has pledged future tax ad valorem revenue to repay the \$3,730,000 bonds issued in December 2016. Available cash and proceeds from the bonds will refund the 2007 PIR, 41 Series Bonds and the 2008 PIR, 42 Series Bonds on February 1, 2018. Special assessments were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,295,225, payable through February 2029. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$62,683 and \$62,683, respectively.
- 2017 PIR, Fifty-One Series. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax levies and special assessments to repay the \$4,970,000 bonds issued in December 2017. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various infrastructure improvements. Tax levies were projected to produce 81% and special assessments were projected to produce 19% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$5,976,854, payable through February 2028. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax levy and special assessment revenues were \$0 and \$0, respectively.

General Obligation (G.O.) Tax Increment Bonds:

- 2011 Serial Refunding Bonds. The City has pledged tax increment revenue to repay the \$3,095,000 bonds issued in November 2011. Proceeds from the bonds refunded the 2003 G.O. TIF Bonds and the 2004 G.O. TIF Bonds on February 1, 2013. Incremental property taxes were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bond issue. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,444,263, payable through February 2032. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax increment revenues were \$235,190 and \$235,190, respectively.
- <u>2016 Serial Bonds</u>. The City has pledged tax increment revenue to repay the \$2,045,000 bonds issued in December 2016. Proceeds from the bonds provided funding for housing developments. Incremental property taxes were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bond issue. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$2,116,472, payable through February 2022.

For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax increment revenues were \$16,225 and \$16,225, respectively.

Enterprise Bonds:

• <u>2017B Water Utility.</u> The City has pledged future water utility revenues to repay the \$1,170,000 bonds issued in May 2017. Utility revenues were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bond issue. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various water system improvements. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,358,833, payable through February 2027. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total water utility net revenues were \$0 and \$0, respectively.

7. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

A. GOVERNMENTAL CLASSIFICATIONS

At December 31, 2017, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

	General Fund	Improvement Bonds	Capital Projects	Improvement Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$ 222	\$ -	\$ 18,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,222
r repaid items	D 222	<u> </u>	\$ 18,000	<u> </u>	Ф -	\$ 10,222
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	20,921,121	-	-	780,384	21,701,505
Abatement purposes	-	-	-	3,111,156	-	3,111,156
Tax increment purposes	-	-	23,600,990	-	-	23,600,990
Public safety	-	-	-	-	1,203,299	1,203,299
Public health	-	-	-	-	135,440	135,440
Grant purposes	-	-	-	-	22,663	22,663
Art Center	-	-	52,506	-	-	52,506
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	658,502	658,502
Communication	-	-	-	-	16,180	16,180
Street reconstruction				3,565,059	_	3,565,059
Total restricted		20,921,121	23,653,496	6,676,215	2,816,468	54,067,300
Committed:						
Encumbrances	730,829	-	-	-	-	730,829
Budget carryovers	1,068,303	_	_	_	_	1,068,303
Capital purposes	-	-	-	-	45,997	45,997
Park development	_	-	759,751	-	-	759,751
Public safety	_	-	-	-	2,198,655	2,198,655
Future projects	_	_	4,978,544	_	-,150,000	4,978,544
Communications	_	_	-	_	693,244	693,244
Total committed	1,799,132		5,738,295		2,937,896	10,475,323
Assigned for:						
Capital purposes	-	-	-	155,576	733,956	889,532
Street reconstruction				28,214,281		28,214,281
Total assigned				28,369,857	733,956	29,103,813
Unassigned	29,143,486		(63,731)			29,079,755
Total fund balances	\$ 30,942,840	\$ 20,921,121	\$ 29,346,060	\$ 35,046,072	\$ 6,488,320	\$122,744,413

B. WORKING CAPITAL FUND BALANCE POLICY

The City Council has formally adopted a policy regarding the working capital fund balance for the General Fund. The most significant revenue source of the General Fund is property taxes, the second largest is lodging and admission taxes.

The policy states the City will strive to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund for working capital purposes of 35-40% of the following year's General Fund total budgeted revenues or expenditures.

At December 31, 2017, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$30,942,840 which sufficiently meets the working capital goal described above.

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2017:

Fund/Component Unit		I	Receivable		Payable
General Fund	(1)	\$	223,000	\$	-
Community Development Block Grant	(1)				8,000
Enterprise Funds:					
Water/Wastewater Fund	(2)		359,530		-
Internal Service Fund	(2)		-		359,530
Nonmajor enterprise funds	(1)		-		145,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	(1)		-		70,000
Total		\$	582,530	\$	582,530
				<u>===</u>	
Primary Government:					
General Fund		\$	180,155	\$	60,826
Community Development Block Grant Fund			-		57,415
Capital Projects Fund			2,068,104		-
Bonds receivable – due:					
Within one year			530,000		-
In more than one year			4,186,295		-
Component Units:					
Housing and Redevelopment Authority:					
Primary government			57,415		138,993
Bonds payable – due:					
Within one year			-		530,000
In more than one year			-		4,186,295
Port Authority			60,826		2,109,266
		\$	7,082,795	\$	7,082,795

Interfund receivables and payables represent (1) lending/borrowing arrangements to cover deficit cash balances at the end of the fiscal year and (2) a loan to an Internal Service Fund for facilities construction.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount
General	Community Dev. Block Grant	\$ 29,132
	Capital Projects	2,516,640
	Nonmajor Governmental	93,984
	Nonmajor Enterprise	128,064
	Improvement Construction	1,150,000
Total General		3,917,820
Capital Projects	Internal Service	200,004
1 3	General Fund	1,375,000
Total Capital Projects		1,575,004
Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	365,124
1 (oznada)	Capital Projects	1,457,759
Total Nonmajor Governmental	1 3	1,822,883
Nonmajor Enterprise	General Fund	99,996
Improvement Bonds	Improvement Construction	1,034,512
Improvement Construction	Improvement Bonds	725,424
Internal Service	Nonmajor Governmental	80,504
	General Fund	86,004
	Internal Service	220,000
Total Internal Service		386,508
Enterprise		
Recreational Facilities	Capital Projects	50,004
Water/Wastewater Utility	Nonmajor Enterprise	309,000
Total Enterprise	J	359,004
Total		\$ 9,921,151

Generally, transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

9. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

The City maintains six enterprise funds that account for the water/wastewater utilities, storm water utilities, recreational facilities, solid waste management, contractual police services, and motor vehicle services. The City considers each of its enterprise funds to be a segment. Since the required segment information is already included in the City's proprietary funds' statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (and combining statements thereof), this information has not been repeated in the notes to the basic financial statements.

10. CONTINGENCIES

A. LEGAL CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

B. FEDERAL AND STATE FUNDS

The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and it is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2017.

C TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Based on external legal advice and external independent auditor interpretations, management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

11. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA)

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time (with the exception of employees covered by PEPFF) and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF), originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5% increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, are given 1% increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a steprate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

2. PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For PEPFF members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.50%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 11.78% of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$2,553,026. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. PEPFF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8% of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 16.20% of pay for PEPFF members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$2,131,306. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

PENSION COSTS

1. GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$33,815,698 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was .5297 at the end of the measurement period and .5236 for the beginning of the period.

City's proportionate share of net pension	\$ 33,815,698
liability	
State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$425,166
liability associated with the City	

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,335,668 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$12,281 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and			
actual economic experience	\$ 1,114,462	\$ 2,163,721	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,549,483	3,390,025	
Difference between projected and actual			
actual investment earnings	187,300	-	
Changes in proportion	371,467	1,028,277	
Contributions paid to PERA			
subsequent to the measurement date	1,262,759		
Total	\$ 8,485,471	\$ 6,582,023	

The \$1,262,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension	
December 31,	Expense	
2018	\$ 754,684	
2019	1,855,856	
2020	(534,441)	
2022	(1,435,412)	

2. PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$17,241,020 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 1.277% which was an increase of 0.088% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,265,731 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$114,930 for the year ended December 31, 2017, as revenue (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the PEPFF. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of the PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual economic experience	\$ 396,853	\$ 4,842,798
Changes in actuarial assumptions	24,118,185	24,477,970
Difference between projected and actual		
actual investment earnings	554,883	_
Changes in proportion	591,892	2,942,994
Contributions paid to PERA	,	
subsequent to the measurement date	1,073,603	
Total	\$ 26,735,416	\$ 32,263,762

The \$1,073,603 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Pension Expense	
2018	\$ 298,109	
2019	298,109	
2020	(339,849)	
2021	(1,453,494)	
2022	(5,404,824)	

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for all plans for males or females, ass appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit the PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1% per year for the GERF through 2044, and the PEPFF through 2064, and then 2.5% thereafter for both plans.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF was completed in 2015. The most recent five-year experience study for the PEPFF was completed in 2016.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

General Employees Fund

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60.0% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044, and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Police and Fire Fund

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2 percent for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 Fully Generational Table to the RP-2014 Fully Generational Table (with a base year of 2006), with males rated adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.

- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% for all years to 1.0% per year through 2064, and 2.50% thereafter.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.60% to 7.50%.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	39%	5.10%
International stocks	19	5.30
Bonds	20	0.75
Alternative assets	20	5.90
Cash	2	0.00
Total	100%	

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF and PEPFF were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	Discount Rate (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$ 52,450,661	\$ 33,815,698	\$ 18,559,597
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the PEPFF net pension liability	\$ 32,469,870	\$ 17,241,020	\$ 4,668,763

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

B. SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN – BLOOMINGTON FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association (Relief) and additions to deductions from the Relief's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Relief. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

Volunteer firefighters of the Bloomington Fire Department are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Bloomington Firefighters Relief Association. The Plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statute, Chapter 69.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Relief Association provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established in accordance with the State Statute. The defined retirement benefits are based on the most recent 3-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington. Benefit provisions can be amended by the Minnesota State Legislature.

Twenty Year Service Pension

Each member who is at least 50 years of age; has retained membership in the Association for 10 years, and has served at least twenty (20) years of active service with the Bloomington Fire Department before retirement; shall be entitled to a full service monthly pension for the remainder of his or her life. Benefits are based on 33 1/3% of the average of the highest paid non-officer police officers pay over the last 3 years.

Disability Benefits

A member who becomes disabled will be eligible for a monthly disability benefit based on the most recent three year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer for the City of Bloomington. If the period of disability continues to the time when the member would qualify for a service pension, the member will be placed on the service pension rolls and disability benefits shall terminate.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of an Association member, the Association shall pay to the designated beneficiary or estate, the sum of \$500.

EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

At December 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	203
Retired members entitled to benefits,	
but who have not received them	12
Current members:	
Fully vested (20 years or more)	7
Nonvested (less than 20 years)	107
Total	329

CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 sets the minimum contribution requirement for the City and State aid on an annual basis. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, members have no contribution requirements. The City receives the State aid contribution and is required by state statutes to pass this through as payment to the Relief Association. The City's contributions to the Relief for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$1,057,759. The City's contributions was equal to the required contribution as set by state statute. State aid contributions for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$576,114.

NET PENSION LIABILITY

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Measurement date	December 31, 2017
Investment rate of return	6.00%
Projected salary increases	4.00%
Inflation	Built into other rate assumptions
Cost-of-living adjustments	4.00%
Age of service retirement	50 with 20 years of service
Post-retirement benefit increase	None

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Mortality assumptions for pre-retirement, post-retirement and disability are as follows:

<u>Pre-retirement</u> – RP 2000 non-annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, generationally projected using scale AA, and set back two years for males and females.

<u>Post-retirement</u> – RP 2000 annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, generationally projected using scale AA for males and females.

<u>Post-disabled</u> – RP 2000 non-annuitant mortality table with white collar adjustment, set forward eight vears for males and females.

The best estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expectant long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per the actuary's investment consulting practice as of January 1, 2018.

	Long-Term	
	Expected Geometric	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	
Cash	0.18%	
Broad U.S. equities	3.32	
Large Cap U.S. equities	3.13	
Core fixed income	1.93	
Developed foreign equities	3.91	

DISCOUNT RATES

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%. The liability discount rate was developed using the alternative method described in paragraph 43 of GASB 67, which states that "if the evaluations required by paragraph 41 can be made with sufficient reliability without a separate projection of cash flows into and out of the pension plan, alternative methods may be applied in making the evaluations." The determination of the discount rate assumed that the plan's current overfunded status, combined with Minnesota statutory funding requirements, provide sufficient reliability that projected plan assets will be adequate to pay future retiree benefits. Therefore, the plan's long-term expected return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 139,574,319	\$ 155,275,402	\$ (15,701,083)
Charges for the year:			
Service cost	3,482,212	-	3,482,212
Interest on total pension liability	8,421,504	-	8,421,504
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(152,691)	-	(152,691)
Benefit payments	(5,476,046)	(5,476,046)	-
Employer contributions	-	1,633,873	(1,633,873)
Net investment income	-	24,503,859	(24,503,859)
Administrative expense	-	(94,692)	94,692
Net changes	6,274,979	20,566,994	(14,992,015)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 145,849,298	\$ 175,842,396	\$ (29,993,098)

PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) SENSITIVITY

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.00%)	Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.00%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (5,421,136)	\$ (29,993,098)	\$ (49,361,405)

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Relief Association financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association, 1800 West Old Shakopee Road, Bloomington, Minnesota, 55431, or by calling (952) 563-8700.

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RLEATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized negative pension expense of \$(2,076,702). The City also recognized \$576,114 for the year ended December 31, 2017, as pension expense (and grant revenue) for the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the plan. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	444,674	\$ 1,795,385
Difference between projected and actual actual investment earnings			 9,644,792
Total	\$	444,674	\$ 11,440,177

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension
December 31,	Expense
2018	\$(3,054,110)
2019	(1,371,232)
2020	(3,509,417)
2021	(3,060,744)

C. PENSION EXPENSE

Pension expense recognized by the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

GERF	\$ 4,335,668
PEPFF	4,265,731
Fire Relief	(2,076,702)
Total	\$ 6,524,697

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 11, the City provides post-employment health care benefits (as defined in paragraph B) for retired employees and police and firefighters disabled in the line of duty, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The term *Plan* refers to the City's requirement by State Statute to provide retirees with access to health insurance.

The Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan is administered by the City. The authority to provide these benefits is established in Minnesota Statutes Sections 471.61 Subd. 2a, and 299A.465. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and collective bargaining agreements with employee groups. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

RETIREES

The City is required by State Statute to allow a retiree to continue participation in the City's group health insurance plan if the individual terminates service with the City through service retirement or disability retirement. Eligibility for continuing group health and dental insurance for City retirees is defined as follows:

Eligibility Requirements

The following eligibility requirements are the minimum allowed under Minnesota Statutes 471.61 and 299A.465 for local government entities:

- At retirement, employees of the City of Bloomington receiving a retirement or disability benefit, from a Minnesota public pension plan (other than a volunteer Firefighter plan) may continue to participate in the City's group health insurance plan that the employee was a participant of immediately prior to retirement.
- For peace officers or firefighters disabled in the line of duty, Minnesota Statute 299A.465 requires the peace officer's or firefighter's employer to continue payment of the employer's contribution toward health coverage for the peace or firefighter and their dependents, if the dependents were covered at the time of the disability, until age 65.
- Retirees may continue spouse/dependent coverage at retirement or add such coverage at the spouse's retirement or the beginning of an enrollment year. Covered spouses/dependents may continue coverage after the retiree's death.

Length of coverage

- Retirees and spouses/dependents are eligible to continue coverage in the City's group health insurance plans until they obtain Medicare coverage (usually at age 65) or until dependents become ineligible under the contract, provided the above eligibility requirements are met and applicable premiums are paid. Retirees may drop spouse or dependent coverage and maintain coverage for themselves. Retirees that elect not to continue health coverage, at any time, are not eligible to re-enroll in the City's group health insurance plan.
- Upon obtaining Medicare coverage, retirees and spouses are eligible to continue coverage in a City-sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plan (HealthPartners Freedom, Medica Prime Solution, or UCare Minnesota).
- Surviving spouses may maintain coverage after a retiree's death provided the applicable premiums are paid.

All health care coverage is provided through the City's group health insurance plans. The retirees are required to pay 100% of the premium cost for the City-sponsored group health insurance plan in which they participate. The premium is a blended rate determined on the entire active and retiree population. Since the projected claims costs for retirees exceed the blended premium paid by retirees, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy (benefit). The coverage levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Retirees and spouses are eligible to remain in the City-sponsored group health insurance plan until death or the obtainment of Medicare, provided the applicable premiums are paid timely and coverage does not cease at any time.

DISABLED PEACE OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS

In accordance with Minnesota Statute 299A.465, the City is responsible to continue payment of the City's contribution toward health coverage for peace officers or firefighters disabled in the line of duty; or a surviving spouse and/or dependents of a peace officer or firefighters killed in the line of duty. A peace officer is defined in the City as a sworn police officer. The only firefighters eligible for health coverage under the City's policy are the Fire Chief and Assistant Fire Chief. The City's contribution continues until the peace officer or firefighter reaches age 65 or the spouse/dependents are no longer eligible under the contract.

In 2017, the City paid \$68,732 for health insurance premiums for disabled public safety retirees and recognized this amount as an expense. The State reimburses the City annually for a portion of the City's costs; in 2017, the City recognized as revenue a \$17,058 reimbursement from the State.

ACTIVE DEATH BENEFITS

The City will pay 100% of the group health insurance premium for an employee's dependents for two years after the employee's death and 0% thereafter.

C. PARTICIPANTS

As of the most recent actuarial valuation dated January 2017, participants consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
purchasing health insurance through the City	56
Active employees with coverage	564
Active employees without coverage	0
Total	620
Participating employers	1

D. FUNDING POLICY

The additional cost of using a blended rate for actives and retirees is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City Council may change the funding policy at any time.

E. ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The net OPEB obligation as of December 31, 2017, was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,245,704
Interest on net OPEB obligation	419,566
Adjustment to ARC	(381,420)
Annual OPEB cost	1,283,850
Contributions made during the year (1)	(306,413)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	977,437
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	6,960,825
	_
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 7,938,262
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 7,938,262

(1) Employer contributions (Pay-As-You-Go costs) in 2017 will be actuarially determined at the end of the year and will equal the retiree costs less contributions paid by retirees.

For the governmental activities, other post employment benefits are liquidated through the Insured Benefits Fund.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the preceding two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
12/31/15	\$1,143,384	\$ 312,257	27.3%	\$ 6,127,767
12/31/16	1,186,529	353,471	29.8	6,960,825
12/31/17	1,283,850	306,413	23.9	7,938,262

F. FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The City currently has no assets that have been irrevocably deposited in a trust for future health benefits; therefore, the actuarial value of assets is zero. The funded status of the plan was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valu Ass	narial ue of sets a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)* (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
01/01/15 01/01/16	\$	-	\$ 9,744,125 10,489,142	\$ 9,744,125 10,489,142	0.0% 0.0	\$ 39,887,000 41,383,000	24.4% 25.3
01/01/17		-	12,112,798	12,112,798	0.0	43,884,410	27.6

^{*}Using the entry age normal actuarial pay cost method.

G. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017 is 20 years.

In the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, the Entry-age Normal Level Percent of Pay cost method was used. The following assumptions were used:

- Discount rate 4% (pay-as-you-go funding)
- Inflation rate 3%
- Payroll growth rate 3.75%
- Salary increase rates the salary increase rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Mortality rates the mortality rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Retirement rates the retirement rates used in the PERA plan of which the employee is a participant.
- Dependent status the marital percentage assessed in 75% of males and 70% of females. Current and future retirees were assumed to have no dependent children.
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate a 2017 rate of 9.0%, reducing .50% each year over 10 years.

13. <u>RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</u>

Receivables not expected to be collected within one year are mortgages receivable of \$9,521,150 and deferred special assessments receivable of \$18,217,015. Ten percent of the listed receivables are estimated to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year the various components of deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

]	Property Taxes		State Aid		A	Special assessments	Mo	rtgages	Land Held For Resale		Total
Major Funds:							_					
General Fund	\$	279,591	\$		-	\$	2,107,550	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,2387,141
Community Development												
Block Grant		-			-		-	10,	579,056	-		10,579,056
Capital Projects		-			-		1,472,329		-	7,418,047		8,890,376
Improvement Construction		-	2	2,010,0	37		296,906		-	606,477		2,913,420
Improvement Bonds		-			-		16,364,343		-	-	_	16,364,343
Total Major Funds		279,591	2	2,010,0	37		20,241,128	10,	579,056	 8,024,524		41,134,336
Nonmajor Funds		-			-		-		-	-		-
							_					
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	279,591	\$2	2,010,0	37	\$	20,241,128	\$10,	579,056	\$ 8,024,524	\$	41,134,336

14. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENT</u>

In May of 2018 the City sold two bond issues. The first bond issue was General Obligation Charter Bonds in the amount of \$1,055,000 sold to finance City park improvements. The second bond issue was Taxable General Obligation Housing Improvement bonds in the amount of \$920,000 sold to finance improvements to the Sutton Place II Association. This is a new program of the City to allow associations that do not have sufficient reserves to make needed improvements. Owners of the townhome units are in turn assessed and their assessment payments pay the principal and interest of the bonds.

15. INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

Discretely Presented Component Units - Notes 1 through 14 to the basic financial statements apply to the City and generally to its component units. The City's two component units are reported in a separate column, or discretely presented, in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following notes provide disclosures that are specific to each of the component units. Further detail regarding component units is provided under the Component Unit tab within the "Other Supplementary Information" section of the financial statements.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the Port Authority maintains deposits at national or state banks within the state, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System, as authorized by its Commissioners.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the Port Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require that all Port Authority deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

At December 31, 2017, the carrying amount of the Port Authority's deposits with financial institutions and the bank balances totaled \$53,516. As of December 31, 2017, the bank balance of the Port's deposits was covered by federal depository insurance or covered by collateral pledged and held in the Port Authorities name.

B. INVESTMENTS

The Port Authority invests funds, as authorized by Minnesota Statutes and its investment policy as follows:

See Note 2 of the City of Bloomington for a description of qualifying depositories, collateralization, qualifying investments, and investment categorization.

At December 31, 2017, the Port Authority had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than One Year		One Year to Five Years		ve Years to en Years
Maria Mada	Ф	0.155.044	Ф	0.155.044	¢.		c	
Money Market	\$	8,155,044	\$	8,155,044	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper		9,992,600		9,992,600		-		-
Treasury Notes		12,958,490		12,958,490				
Federal Farm Credit Bank		8,933,734		8,933,734				_
Federal National Mortgage						-		-
Association Note		4,977,800		4,977,800				
Federal Home Loan Bank		4,988,300		4,988,300		-		-
Federal Agriculture Mortgage								
Corporation		4,979,750		4,979,750		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage								
Corporation		4,421,194		4,421,194		-		-
Municipal Bonds		8,454,167		6,756,820		1,697,347		-
Total investments		67,861,079	\$	66,163,732	\$	1,697,347	\$	_
Total deposits		53,516						
Total investments and deposits	\$	67,914,595						

The Port Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy has three levels. Level 1 investments are valued using inputs

that are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted prices for similar assets or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 investments are valued using inputs that are unobservable.

The Port Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

				Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investments by fair value level		12/31/17	_	Level 1	_	Level 2		Level 3		
	ф	0.002.600	Φ.		Ф	0.002.000	Φ.			
Commercial Paper	\$	9,992,600	\$	-	\$	9,992,600	\$	-		
Treasury Notes		12,958,490				12,958,490		-		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		8,933,734		-		8,933,734		-		
Federal National Mortgage										
Association Note		4,977,800		-		4,977,800		_		
Federal Home Loan Bank		4,988,300		-		4,988,300		_		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage										
Corporation		4,421,194		-		4,421,194		-		
Federal Agriculture Mortgage										
Corporation		4,979,750		-		4,979,750				
Municipal Bonds		8,454,167		-		8,454,167		-		
Subtotal		59,706,035	\$		\$	59,706,035	\$	-		
Investments not categorized										
External investment pools:										
4M Fund Money Market		8,155,044								
Bank deposits		53,516								
Total	\$	67,914,595	-							

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments – For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Port Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2017, all investments of the Port Authority were insured, registered, and held by the Port Authority or its agent in the Port Authority's name.

Interest Rate Risk - The Port Authority's investment policy does not have limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by at least two of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; at December 31, 2017 the Port Authority held commercial paper. The Port Authority's investments in money market funds, Government Securities, and the municipal investments are all rated AA or better by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Port Authority places no limit on the amount the Port Authority may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Port Authority's investments are in the following governmental agencies: Commercial Paper (17%), Treasury Notes (22%), Federal Farm Credit Bank (15%), Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (8%), Federal Home Loan Bank (8%), Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation (8%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (7%) and Municipals (14%).

Long-term Debt

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

Type of Bonds	Original Issue	Maturities	Rates	Balance 12/31/17
Governmental activities - Taxable G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	\$ 7,150,000	2019-2035	2.00 – 3.60%	\$ 7,150,000

On October 13, 2015, the Port authority issued \$7,150,000 of Taxable General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds; the effective interest is 3.32%. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to finance the construction of an approximately 662-space parking ramp to be located in the IndiGO Development. A private party will independently finance an apartment complex that is being built in conjunction with the construction of the parking ramp.

Changes in long-term liabilities during 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 01/01/17	A	Additions	R	Retirements	Balance 12/31/17	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:				- '	_		
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	\$ 7,150,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,150,000	\$ -
Due to Primary Government -							
Loan from City	2,672,302		33,903		(638,101)	2,068,104	693,549
Total	\$ 9,822,302	\$	33,903	\$	(638,101)	\$ 9,218,104	\$ 693,549

Long-term debt maturities (including interest of \$2,390,803) are as follows:

	Governmen		
Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ -	\$ 218,245	\$ 218,245
2019	380,000	214,445	594,445
2020	385,000	206,795	591,795
2021	395,000	198,995	593,995
2022	405,000	190,793	595,793
2023-2027	1,910,000	807,940	2,717,940
2028-2032	2,175,000	471,150	2,646,150
2033-2035	1,500,000	82,440	1,582,440
Total	\$ 7,150,000	\$ 9,540,803	

Due from City

At December 31, 2017, other payments due to the Port Authority were \$60,826.

Due to City

At December 31, 2017, the Port Authority owed the City \$41,162 for services, facilities provided and payments made by the City that are Port Authority related. The Port Authority also has a loan due to the City of \$2,068,104, the proceeds of which were used to catch up special assessments owed and for future special assessments that will be levied for public improvements. The expected repayment to the City in 2018 is \$693,549.

Payments to City

During 2017 the Port contributed \$630,281 to the City for the Lindau Lane and Old Cedar Avenue Bridge projects.

Loan Receivable

In 2014 the Port Authority loaned a developer \$2 million at an interest rate of four percent. Semi-annual principal payments began in 2016 with the last payment scheduled in 2021. The balance at December 31, 2017, including interest, was \$1,525,036.

Tax Abatements-Pay-As-You-Go Tax Increment

The Port Authority provides tax abatements pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 469.174 to 469.1794 (Tax Increment Financing) through a pay-as-you-go note program. Tax increment financing (TIF) can be used to encourage private development, redevelopment, renovation and renewal, growth in low-to-moderate-income housing, and economic development within the City. TIF captures the increase in tax capacity and property taxes from development or redevelopment to provide funding for the related project.

The Port Authority has one tax increment pay-as-you-go agreement relating to Bloomington Central Station District 1-I. Under the terms of the agreement, the developer was assessed \$8,853,505 (\$13,792,570 with interest). As the developer makes assessment payments to the City, the Port Authority reimburses the developer via the counted value formula.

The agreement is not a general obligation of the Port Authority and is payable solely from available tax increment derived from the redevelopment property during the prior six months, less a 10% administrative fee. The Port Authority shall have no obligation to pay any unpaid balance that may remain after decertification of the district on December 31, 2031. Accordingly, the obligation is not reflected in the financial statements of the Port Authority.

Current year abatement (TIF payments) totaled \$400,000. At December 31, 2017, the total amount outstanding on the contract, including interest, was \$9,412,512.

Prior Period Adjustment

In 2017 better clarification of terms were determined between the City and Port regarding the Bloomington Central Station's advance loan payments which resulted in a \$273,507 decrease of the 2016 fund balance. In 2016 accounts payable and professional services were overstated.

Governmental Classifications

At December 31, 2017, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

	 General Fund	 Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for:				
Debt service	\$ -	\$ 277,294	\$ -	\$ 277,294
Tax increment purposes	-	_	66,806,648	66,806,648
Committed –				
Capital purposes	-	-	153,590	153,590
Unassigned	 40,337	 <u>-</u>		40,337
		 _		
Total fund balances	\$ 40,337	\$ 277,294	\$66,960,238	\$67,277,869

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the Port Authority has issued Recovery Zone Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, housing, and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. A bank or financing institution finances this transaction, and the terms and conditions are contracted between the lender and the borrower. Neither the Port Authority, nor the City, nor the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2017, there was one series of Recovery Zone Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$36.5 million.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

See Note 2 for a description of qualifying depositories, collateralization, qualifying investments, and investment categorization.

Minnesota Statutes require that all HRA deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City treasury or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described as follows, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations.

Cash balances at December 31, 2017 were:

Credit Risk Category	Bank Balances	Carrying Amount	
Insured or collateralized by securities held by the HRA or its agent in the HRA's name	\$ 168,624	\$ 97,924	
Investment balances at December 31, 2017 were:			
Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	Percentage of Total
4M Money market	01/01/18	\$ 7,446,422	100%
Total investments		7,446,422	100.0%
Total deposits		97,924	
Net cash, cash equivalents, and investments		\$ 7,544,346	

Capital Assets and Land Held for Resale

Changes in general capital assets during 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 01/01/17		Additions	Retire	ments		Balance 2/31/17
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 130,300	\$	-	\$	-	\$	130,300
Capital assets being depreciated - Machinery and equipment	30,764		-		-		30,764
Less accumulated depreciation for - Machinery and equipment	(30,764)		-				(30,764)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net			-				0
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 130,300	\$	-	\$		\$	130,300
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$1,470,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1	1,470,000
Capital assets being depreciated - Buildings and structures	3,285,617		-		_		3,285,617
Less accumulated depreciation for -							
Buildings and structures Total capital assets being depreciated, net	(2,083,608) 1,202,009		(98,170) (98,170)				2,181,778) 1,103,839
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$2,672,009	\$	(98,170)	\$	-		2,573,839
Land held for resale activity for the year ended	December 31,	2017	, was as fo	ollows:			
	Balance 01/01/17	A	dditions	Retiremo	ents		alance 2/31/17
Land Held for Resale (Inventory)	\$ 4,289,149	\$ 1	68,431	\$ (136,25	9)	\$ 4	321,321

Long-Term Debt and Obligations Due to Primary Government

The long-term debt obligations outstanding at year-end are summarized as follows:

	 Original Issue	Maturities	Rates	Balance 12/31/17
Governmental activities - Due to primary government: 2011B Crossover Refunding Bon 2016A GO Tax Increment Bonds	3,095,000 2,045,000	2017-2032 2017-2022	3.00-4.35 .80-1.60	2,590,000 2,045,000
Total	\$ 5,140,000			\$ 4,635,000
Business-type activities: Family Housing Fund Hennepin County-HOME Funds Hennepin County-HOME Funds Hennepin County-HOME Funds	\$ 175,000 419,450 730,270 250,000	2023 2023 2024 2030	0.0% 0.0 0.0 0.0	\$ 175,000 419,450 730,270 250,000
Total	\$ 1,574,720			\$ 1,574,720

The long-term debt outstanding related to business-type activities bears no interest rate. The HRA has not imputed interest on these obligations.

Changes in long-term debt during 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 01/01/17	Additions	R	Letirements	Balance 12/31/17	Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Due to Primary Government-						
Bonds Payable	\$4,770,000	\$ -	\$	(135,000)	\$ 4,635,000	\$ 530,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	32,074	-		(2,127)	29,947	-
Business-type Activities -						
Enterprise Fund Loan						
Agreements	1,574,720	-		-	1,574,720	-
Total	\$ 6,376,794	\$ -	\$	(137,127)	\$ 6,239,667	\$ 530,000

Debt Service Payments

The following is a schedule of the total future debt service and tax increment payment requirements for the HRA:

Years ending	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	ype Activities	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 530,000	\$ 119,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 649,629
2019	545,000	111,859	-	-	656,859
2020	540,000	103,119	-	-	643,119
2021	560,000	93,465	-	-	653,465
2022	570,000	82,588	-	-	652,588
2023-2027	860,000	306,428	1,324,720	-	2,491,148
2028-2032	1,030,000	108,648	250,000		1,388,648
Total	\$ 4,635,000	\$ 925,734	\$ 1,574,720	\$ -	\$ 7,135,454

Fund Balance Classifications

At December 31, 2017 a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications is as follows:

		TIF						
	General	Housing	Section 8	Housing	Special	Capital		
	Fund	Develop	Vouchers	Rehab	Revenue	Projects	Totals	
Nonspendable:								
Long term receivables	\$ -	\$ 409,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 409,453	
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	
Restricted for:								
Tax increment purposes	-	-	-	-	1,742,504	-	1,742,504	
HUD rehab loans	-	-	-	48,070	-	-	48,070	
HUD section 8 vouchers	-	-	5,765	-	-	-	5,765	
Committed to:								
Development activities	-	6,236,702	-	-	-	-	6,236,702	
Rehabilitation loans	-	-	-	1,064,990	-	-	1,064,990	
Assigned	-	-	91,970	-	-	87	92,057	
Unassigned	546,440				(2,924,828)		(2,378,388)	
Total fund balances	\$ 546,440	\$ 6,646,155	\$ 97,735	\$ 1,113,060	\$ (1,182,324)	\$ 87	\$ 7,221,153	

Due to the City

At December 31, 2017, the HRA owed the City \$138,993 for services and facilities provided to the HRA and \$530,000 for the current portion and \$4,186,295 for the long-term portion of the debt obligation.

Due to HRA

At December 31, 2017, the City owed a total of \$57,415 to the HRA for HRA rehabilitation loan program activities.

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the HRA has issued Housing Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of housing facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The HRA, the State, or any other political subdivision thereof is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2017, there is one series of Housing Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$1.6 million.

The following table shows the balance of the conduit debt obligations as of December 31, 2017:

		Beginning		Less	Ending
	Original	Balance		Payments/	Balance
	Balance	01/01/17	Additions	Refinance	12/31/17
Masonic Homes	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ -	\$ (200,000)	\$ 1,600,000

Mortgages Receivable

The Neighborhood Home Improvement Loan (Neighborhood) program is funded primarily by the HRA tax levy, loan repayments and occasionally from Strategic Initiative funds granted to the HRA by the City of Bloomington. The Neighborhood loans are to be repaid at such time as the related properties are transferred or sold. A lien is placed against the property by the HRA to ensure principal and interest is repaid. Proceeds for the Neighborhood loan principle and interest repayments will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. The Neighborhood loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$6,200,109 as of December 31, 2017. The Neighborhood loans have been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

The HRA entered into an agreement with Hennepin County to match funds for a rehabilitation program specifically focusing on foreclosed single family homes in 2009. Each entity provided \$200,000 in funds for a program total of \$400,000 with a maximum \$20,000 per property. The HRA reapplied in 2010 and entered into another agreement with Hennepin County for an additional \$200,000 to continue this successful program. Half of the amount provided to the homeowner from Hennepin County will become a grant if the homeowner remains in the home for a minimum of five years. The other half of the amount provided to the homeowner from the HRA is a five percent interest rate loan with the accrual of interest ceasing after ten years. Therefore, the proceeds from repayments for the amount loaned from the HRA is recognized as revenue when received. The foreclosure home (FHIP) loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$389,737 as of December 31, 2017. The outstanding balances are recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

In 2012, the HRA entered into another agreement with Hennepin County to match funds for the Community Enhancement Program II (CEPII). This program also provides funding for rehabilitation loans. The first round of funding in early 2012 provided \$250,000 each from the HRA and the County for loans. In late 2012, another agreement was entered into with \$200,000 being pledged from each entity. The third round of funding was committed in 2013 providing an additional \$233,934 from the HRA and the County. The HRA and County alternated the loans which were committed in terms of who is the mortgage holder. The CEPII loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$820,208 as of December 31, 2017. The HRA loans are recognized as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow on the balance sheet.

In 2016, a new Curb Appeal Loan Program (CALP) was initiated by the HRA. This program provides up to a \$10,000 loan for income elgible homeowners to use towards exterior home improvements. These loans are 0% deferred loans that are required to be repaid when the properties are transferred or sold. The CALP loan balances outstanding, including interest, total \$353,542 as of December 31, 2017. These loans are recognized as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow on the balance sheet.

In 2005, the HRA entered into four mortgage note agreements for the Essex Knoll property. The funds were loaned to low-income families to allow them the ability to purchase a home at an affordable price. Each mortgage note receivable was for \$80,000, for a total of \$320,000. The interest rate on each loan is 0% and the term is 30 years. The mortgage note has been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

The HRA has a \$406,000 mortgage note receivable dated December 17, 1990, from the sale of land to a developer, Bloomington Family Townhomes LP. The funds were loaned to the developer for the purpose of constructing townhouse projects. The note accrues interest at 3% simple interest per year until the adjustment date, as defined in the note. The accumulated interest and principal was amended in 2008 to be due in the year 2025, or upon sale of the property. In 2017, the mortgage note and interest totaling \$735,327 was recognized on the balance sheet as a mortgage note receivable and deferred inflow. Proceeds will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. If the townhomes are no longer used as affordable units, the note will bear an interest rate of 9% on the adjusted balance from the adjustment date to the year 2025, or upon sale of the property.

In 2002, the HRA entered into two loan agreements with Bloomington Southview Limited Partnership (BSLP). The funds were used to facilitate the development of affordable housing, site demolition, and abatement of environmental hazards. Under the terms of the loan agreements, the HRA provided BSLP with \$165,000 and \$150,000 loans, recognized on the balance sheet as notes receivable. There are no interim payments due; the compounded interest on the \$165,000 loan is calculated at 3% and is recognized as revenue by the HRA as it accrues. The \$150,000 loan has no interim payments due, the interest rate is 0%, and the term is 30 years. The HRA has not imputed interest on this loan.

The HRA entered into two loan agreements with Bloomington Leased Housing Associates III Limited Partnership in 2007. The funds were used solely to assist with the payment of the purchase price of real property located at 10140 Lyndale Avenue also known as Blooming Glen and to rehabilitate a fifty-unit residential rental facility for low-income housing located on that property. The amounts of the loans are \$200,000 accruing interest at 3% simple interest per year payable at maturity and \$290,000 with a 0% interest rate. The principal and accumulated interest is due at maturity, August 18, 2037, or upon sale of the property for each loan. The mortgage notes and interest has been recognized on the balance sheet as mortgage receivable and deferred inflow.

In 2008, the HRA entered into a loan agreement with Crossings at Valley View Limited Partnership (Crossings). Crossings received a \$600,000 loan from the HRA to assist with the cost of acquiring property located in the northeast quadrant of Portland Avenue and 88th Street in Bloomington. This land was used to construct fifty low income housing units. The interest rate on the \$600,000 loan is 0% and the term is 30 years.

The following table shows the balance of the mortgage loans receivable as of December 31, 2017:

	Balance				Balance
	01/01/17	Additions	Interest	Payoffs	12/31/17
Neighborhood Loans	\$ 5,081,654	\$1,361,973	\$ 83,117	\$ (326,635)	\$ 6,200,109
Foreclosure Loans	400,798	-	15,554	(26,615)	389,737
CEP II Loans	851,671	-	30,051	(61,514)	820,208
CALP Loans	134,583	218,959	-	-	353,542
Essex Knoll	320,000	-	-	-	320,000
Bloomington Family					
Townhomes	723,147	-	12,180	-	735,327
Bloomington Southview LP	150,000	-	-	-	150,000
Bloomington Southview LP	251,896	-	7,557	-	259,453
Blooming Glen	255,758	-	6,000	-	261,758
Blooming Glen	290,000	-	-	-	290,000
Crossings at Valley View	600,000	-	-	-	600,000
VEPP	1_			<u> </u>	1_
Total	\$ 9,059,508	\$1,580,932	\$ 154,459	\$ (414,764)	\$10,380,135

Equity Participation/Contingent Repayment Agreements

The HRA has ten equity participation agreements with various developers of development sites in Bloomington. The developers are L.W. Fraser Independent Living Project II, Henry Court Inc., AHEPA/Penelope, NHHI/ASI Bloomington Inc. (Garfield Commons and the Meadows), NHHI/Catalpa, non-profit entities of the Presbyterian Homes of Bloomington Inc. (Newton Manor, Ridgeview Terrace, and Summer House), and Cornerstone Advocacy Services. The agreements contain equity-share provisions giving the HRA portions of certain proceeds upon subsequent sales of the development sites. Such proceeds, if any, will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received. In 2008, the City increased its equity participation agreement with AHEPA/Penelope by contributing an additional \$50,000 to assist with construction of additional units of low income senior housing.

On April 11, 2001, the HRA entered into a contingent repayment agreement with Lyndale Avenue Townhomes, Limited Partnership for the purpose of constructing townhomes for low-income tenants. The townhomes are operated by a management company on behalf of the HRA.

Value in Excess of Purchase Price (VEPP) Agreements

The HRA owns one VEPP agreement with face values totaling \$5,000. The agreements defer payment for portions of property values that were underwritten by the HRA under various homeownership programs. Each agreement is secured by a promissory note and a second mortgage against the individual property. The notes are repaid when a property is sold, leased, or upon maturity of the note (31 years), whichever comes first. There are no interim installment payments required by the note. Proceeds will be recognized as revenue by the HRA when received.

Tax Abatements-Pay-As-You-Go Tax Increment

The HRA provides tax abatements pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 469.174 to 469.1794 (Tax Increment Financing) through a pay-as-you-go note program. Tax increment financing (TIF) can be used to encourage private development, redevelopment, renovation and renewal, growth in low-to-moderate-income housing, and economic development within the City. TIF captures the increase in tax capacity and property taxes from development or redevelopment to provide funding for the related project.

The HRA has one tax increment pay-as-you-go agreement. The agreement is not a general obligation of the HRA and is payable solely from available tax increment. Accordingly, this agreement is not reflected in the financial statements of the HRA. Oxboro O-4 TIF District issued a pay-as-you-go note in 2008 in the principal sum of \$231,000 with an interest rate of 6% per annum. Principal and interest shall be paid on each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2009 and paid through August 1, 2035. Payments are payable solely from available tax increment derived from the redeveloped property and paid to the HRA. The pay-as-you-go note provides for payment to the developer equal to 100% of tax increment received in the prior six months less the administrative fees charged by the County. The HRA shall have no obligation to pay any unpaid balance of principal or accrued interest that may remain after the final payment on August 1, 2035. The current year abatement (TIF note payments) totaled \$19,132. At December 31, 2017, the principal amount outstanding on the note was \$231,000.

Committed Contracts

The HRA purchased 8000 Knox Avenue South in February 2016 with cash. City-issued bonds payable by the HRA financed the purchase of 1901 American Boulevard West in December 2016. The HRA signed a predevelopment agreement with Knox & American I, LLC (the "developer") in 2016. The developer also purchased two parcels of land adjacent to the parcels the HRA obtained. The anticipated development includes a certified housing TIF district and approved redevelopment TIF district which is yet to be certified. This site will include a mixed-use project that will include both market rate and affordable multi-family rental housing along a commercial development that may include a hotel. As of December 31, 2017 this development is still in the planning stages.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						,	Variance
		Onininal		Final		A -4I	- :.	With
DEVENILES		Original		Final		Actual		nal Budget
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	44,163,076	\$	44,163,076	\$	43,645,095	\$	(517,981)
Fiscal disparities	Ψ	3,000,000	Ψ	3,000,000	Ψ	3,119,896	Ψ	119,896
Special assessments		3,000,000		3,000,000		39,860		39,860
Lodging and admissions tax		8,654,583		8,654,583		9,393,619		739,036
Business licenses		5,227,430		5,227,430		5,191,270		(36,160)
Fines and forfeitures		850,000		850,000		885,524		35,524
Intergovernmental		2,321,560		2,531,102		2,655,199		124,097
Program income		2,140,729		2,146,951		2,008,249		(138,702)
•								
Interest		80,767		80,767		168,981 82,786		88,214 82,786
Net change in fair value of investments Other		026 020		054.900		,		
		936,029		954,899		1,222,935		268,036
Total revenues		67,374,174		67,608,808		68,413,414		804,606
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		574,747		569,747		539,230		30,517
		692,255		722,255		•		,
City Manager				•		636,328		85,927
Legal Human Resources		1,511,748		1,629,680		1,428,388		201,292
		801,717		811,193		646,142		165,051
Finance		1,125,651		1,150,539		1,032,970		117,569
Public Safety		29,662,258		29,653,571		29,546,240		107,331
Community Development		7,077,741		7,065,373		6,840,119		225,254
Community Services		14,156,304		14,293,982		13,607,957		686,025
Public Works		12,613,440		12,012,544		11,427,239		585,305
Technical Services		2,995,598		2,995,598		2,932,493		63,105
Contingency/estmated unspent		(487,269)		(487,269)				(487,269)
Total expenditures		70,724,190		70,417,213		68,637,106		1,780,107
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(0.050.040)		(0.000.405)		(000,000)		0.504.740
over (under) expenditures		(3,350,016)		(2,808,405)		(223,692)		2,584,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds		3,622,016		3,622,016		3,917,820		295,804
Transfers to other funds		(272,000)		(1,647,000)		(1,561,000)		86,000
Total other financing sources		3,350,016		1,975,016		2,356,820		381,804
-								
Net change in fund balance		-		(833,389)		2,133,128		2,966,517
Fund balance - January 1		28,809,712		28,809,712		28,809,712		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	28,809,712	\$	27,976,323	\$	30,942,840	\$	2,966,517

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Bud	dget			\	/ariance With
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES	_		_	_		
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,326,825	\$	1,305,267	\$ 1,003,859	\$	(301,408)
Interest	-		-	852		852
Net change in fair value of investments Total revenues	 1 226 925		1 205 267	 (852)		(852)
Total revenues	 1,326,825		1,305,267	 1,003,859		(301,408)
EXPENDITURES						
Current -						
Development services	1,296,825		1,275,267	974,727		300,540
Community services	-		-	-		-
Capital outlay						
Total expenditures	 1,296,825		1,275,267	 974,727		300,540
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	30,000		30,000	29,132		(868)
over (under) expenditures	30,000		30,000	29,132		(000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds	(30,000)		(30,000)	(29,132)		868
	,		,	,		
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
Fund balance - January 1	 			 		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$ _	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefit Plan Year Ended December 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)* (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Jan. 1, 2012	\$ -	\$ 13,849,388	\$ 13,849,388	0.0%	\$ 36,760,000	37.7%
Jan. 1, 2013	-	11,193,424	11,193,424	0.0%	37,374,000	29.9%
Jan. 1, 2014	-	11,976,962	11,976,962	0.0%	38,776,000	30.9%
Jan. 1, 2015	-	9,744,125	9,744,125	0.0%	39,887,000	24.4%
Jan. 1, 2016	-	10,489,142	10,489,142	0.0%	41,383,000	25.3%
Jan. 1, 2017	-	12,112,798	12,112,798	0.0%	43,884,410	27.6%

Using the entry age normal actuarial pay cost method.

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability General Employees Retirement Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (a)	City's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Covered Payroll (b)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Jun. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2015	0.5389%	\$27,928,595	\$ -	\$31,663,355	88.2%	78.2%
Jun. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	0.5236%	\$42,513,723	\$ -	\$32,489,268	130.9%	68.9%
Jun. 30, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017	0.5297%	\$33,815,698	\$ -	\$34,040,335	99.3%	75.9%

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Pension Contributions -General Employees Retirement Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
Dec. 31, 2015	\$2,414,889	\$2,414,889	\$0	\$32,198,520	7.5%
Dec. 31, 2016	\$2,499,700	\$2,499,700	\$0	\$33,329,333	7.5%
Dec. 31, 2017	\$2,553,026	\$2,553,026	\$0	\$34,040,335	7.5%

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Public Employees Police and Fire Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (a)	Covered Payroll (b)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Jun. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2015	1.2890%	\$14,646,056	\$11,806,022	124.1%	86.6%
Jun. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	1.3650%	\$54,779,825	\$13,147,924	416.6%	63.9%
Jun. 30, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017	1.2770%	\$17,241,020	\$13,156,231	131.0%	85.4%

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Pension Contributions Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered- Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)		
Dec. 31, 2015	\$1,995,234	\$1,995,234	\$ -	\$12,316,259	16.2%		
Dec. 31, 2016	\$2,164,062	\$2,164,062	\$ -	\$13,147,924	16.5%		
Dec. 31, 2017	\$2,131,306	\$2,131,306	\$ -	\$13,156,231	16.2%		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal Year Ending	Dec. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Measurement Date	Dec. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$3,482,212	\$2,955,252	\$3,141,630	\$3,047,649
Interest cost	8,421,504	7,998,295	8,072,050	7,443,533
Change of benefit terms - effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(152,691)	831,346	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(5,046,951)	(7,292,468)	(1,567,433)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,476,046)	-	(4,883,583)	(4,566,912)
Net change in total pension liability	6,274,979	6,737,942	(962,371)	4,356,837
Total pension liability - beginning	139,574,319	132,836,377	133,798,748	129,441,911
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$145,849,298	\$139,574,319	\$132,836,377	\$133,798,748
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer	\$1,057,759	\$905,855	\$1,175,095	\$2,548,091
Contributions - State of Minnesota	576,114	563,627	540,186	622,164
Net investment income	24,503,859	11,133,373	(1,023,994)	9,982,524
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,476,046)	(5,046,951)	(4,883,583)	(4,566,912)
Administrative expense	(94,692)	(109,128)	(93,226)	(83,410)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	20,566,994	7,446,776	(4,285,522)	8,502,457
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	155,275,402	147,828,626	152,114,148	143,611,691
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$175,842,396	\$155,275,402	\$147,828,626	\$152,114,148
Net pension liability / (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	(\$29,993,098)	(\$15,701,083)	(\$14,992,249)	(\$18,315,400)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	120.56%	111.25%	111.29%	113.69%
Covered-employee payroll*	\$10,513,294	\$11,003,580	\$10,773,375	\$10,110,384
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-285.29%	-142.69%	-139.16%	-181.15%

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

^{*} The Fire Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no actual payroll expenditures. Covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent salary rate of the highest paid non-office police officer in the City of Bloomington.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Pension Contributions -Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll* (b/c)		
Dec. 31, 2015	\$1,715,281	\$1,715,281	\$ -	\$10,773,375	15.9%		
Dec. 31, 2016	\$1,469,482	\$1,469,482	\$ -	\$11,003,580	13.4%		
Dec. 31, 2017	\$1,633,873	\$1,633,873	\$ -	\$10,513,294	15.5%		

^{*} The Fire Relief Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no actual payroll expenditures.

Covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent salary rate of the highest paid non-office police officer in the City of Bloomington.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary comparisons for the City's General Fund and the annually budgeted Community Development Block Grant are required supplementary information.

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The legal level of budgetary control for the General Fund is at the department level (such as General Government, City Manager's Office, Legal, and Human Resources) and at the fund level for the Community Development Block Grant Fund. Neither the General Fund nor the Community Development Block Grant Fund expenditures exceeded the legal level of budgetary control for fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

2. PENSION INFORMATION

A. PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2017 CHANGES

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044, and 2.5% per year thereafter.

2016 CHANGES

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015 CHANGES

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030, and 2.5% per year thereafter, to 1.0% per year through 2035, and 2.5% per year thereafter.

B. PERA – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND

2017 CHANGES

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 Fully Generational Table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064, and 2.50% thereafter.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.60% to 7.50%.

2016 CHANGES

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2037 and 2.5% thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate changed from 7.9% to 5.6%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015 CHANGES

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90% funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5%, to a fixed rate of 2.5%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030, and 2.5% per year thereafter, to 1.0% per year through 2037, and 2.5% per year thereafter.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established to account for taxes and other revenues set aside for a particular purpose.

<u>Public Health Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for grant funds received for the operation of public health programs such as the Sage Clinic, which operates cancer screening programs for low income and underinsured women.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the seized cash and/or forfeited property, enhanced 911 services, public safety and fire grant funds, the balance of police pension reimbursement proceeds, and designated fire pension obligation funds.

<u>Communications Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for funds received from the franchise fee of the local cable television service.

<u>Park Grants Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for grant funds received from the State's Natural Resources Fund to be used for operational and maintenance costs associated with the Hyland-Bush-Anderson Lakes Regional Park Reserve.

<u>Creative Placemaking Fund</u> – This fund was established to account for the use of funds designated for the purpose of building a vibrant, distinctive, and sustainable community through the use of arts. Initially focused on the South Loop District, creative placemaking efforts will expand to other areas in the future.

<u>Community Landscape Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for fees collected and designated for landscape planting on public land in lieu of planting on constrained, private development sites.

<u>South Loop Revolving Development Services Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for City funds for the Met Center Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and Alternative Urban Areawide Review (AUAR) for Airport South development.

<u>Cemetery Trust Fund</u> - This fund was established to provide for the perpetual care, maintenance, and improvement of the City cemetery. A portion of the monies received from the sale of lots shall be used for acquisition of additional cemetery lands with the balance placed in a perpetual care account.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>G.O. Tax Increment Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of tax increment general obligation bonds and interest thereon.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of general obligation bonds and interest thereon.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Developer Escrow Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for various deposits (mainly contractors' deposits for park development and to guarantee payment of special assessments for water, sewer, streets, and other improvements) required by the City.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	Special Revenue											
	Public Health		Pu	blic Safety	Com	munications		Parks Grants	Community Landscape		South Loop Revolving Dev	
ASSETS												
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	12,489	\$	3,384,027	\$	430,616	\$	280,141	\$	1,703	\$	2,202
Accrued interest receivable		(251)		11,522		1,485		901		-		9
Taxes receivable		-		630		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		15,410		10,750		376,239		-		-		49,783
Due from other governments		208,132		36,639								
Total assets	\$	235,780	\$	3,443,568	\$	808,340	\$	281,042	\$	1,703	\$	51,994
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	43,340	\$	5,641	\$	98,916	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,700
Due to other funds		57,000		13,000		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		22,973		-		258,379		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-						-		_
Total liabilities		100,340		41,614		98,916		258,379				7,700
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	;											
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		135,440		1,203,299		16,180		22,663		-		-
Committed		-		2,198,655		693,244		-		1,703		44,294
Assigned				-								
Total fund balances		135,440	_	3,401,954		709,424		22,663		1,703		44,294
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	235,780	\$	3,443,568	\$	808,340	\$	281,042	\$	1,703	\$	51,994

EXHIBIT B-1

Creative Placemaking		Cemetery Trust		•		_	Debt Service G.O. Tax General Increment Obligation Bonds Total						Capital Projects Developer Escrow		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	128,598 495 - -	\$	656,394 2,108 - -	\$	4,896,170 16,269 630 452,182 244,771	\$	9,596 30 - -	\$	768,401 2,436 721 -	\$	777,997 2,466 721 -	\$	1,134,816 3,633 - -	\$	6,808,983 22,368 1,351 452,182 244,771	
\$	129,093	\$	658,502	\$	5,610,022	\$	9,626	\$	771,558	\$	781,184	\$	1,138,449	\$	7,529,655	
\$	10,846	\$	- - - -	\$	166,443 70,000 281,352 517,795	\$	400	\$	400	\$	800 - - - - 800	\$	3,357 - - 519,383 522,740	\$	170,600 70,000 281,352 519,383 1,041,335	
	- 118,247 118,247		658,502 - - 658,502		2,036,084 2,937,896 118,247 5,092,227		9,226 - - - 9,226	_	771,158 - - - 771,158		780,384 - - 780,384		615,709 615,709		2,816,468 2,937,896 733,956 6,488,320	
\$	129,093	\$	658,502	\$	5,610,022	\$	9,626		771,558	\$	781,184	\$	1,138,449	\$	7,529,655	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	-				Special Revenue						
				Parks	Community	South Loop					
	Public Health	Public Safety	Communications	Grants	Landscape	Revolving Dev					
REVENUES											
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 694,952	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Fiscal disparities	-	47,258		-	-	-					
Fines and forfeitures	-	357,930		-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	1,084,099	898,292		46,911	-	-					
Program income	66,759	-	1,430	-	-	131,398					
Interest	(859)	26,199	,	2,253	-	250					
Net change in fair value of investments	624	(1,044		833	-	517					
Other	1,142	7,057	86,335	-	-	12,085					
Franchise fees			1,496,364								
Total revenues	1,151,765	2,030,644	1,590,896	49,997		144,250					
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General services	-	_	-	-	-	-					
Development services	_	_	_	_	_	141,343					
Public safety	_	1,950,434	_	_	_	,					
Community services	1,167,809	1,000,101	1,514,666	46,911	_	_					
Debt service:	1, 107,003		1,314,000	40,311							
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay:											
Public safety	-	125,739	-	-	-	-					
Community services			313,173								
Total expenditures	1,167,809	2,076,173	1,827,839	46,911		141,343					
Excess (deficiency) of											
revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,044)	(45,529	(236,943)	3,086		2,907					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers from other funds	-	1,237,759	185,124	-	-	-					
Transfers to other funds	-	(174,488		-	-	-					
Issuance of debt	-		· -	-	-	-					
Total other financing											
sources (uses)		1,063,271	185,124								
Net change in fund balance	(16,044)	1,017,742	(51,819)	3,086	-	2,907					
Fund balance - January 1	151,484	2,384,212	761,243	19,577	1,703	41,387					
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 135,440	\$ 3,401,954	\$ 709,424	\$ 22,663	\$ 1,703	\$ 44,294					

Creative Placemaking		Cemetery Trust	Total	G.O. Tax Increment	Debt Service General Obligation Bonds	Total	Capital Projects Developer Escrow	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 694,952	\$ -	\$ 618,123	\$ 618,123	\$ -	\$ 1,313,075	
	-	-	47,258	-	43,307	43,307	-	90,565	
	-	-	357,930	-	-	-	-	357,930	
	-		2,029,302	-	-	-	-	2,029,302	
	-	177,675	377,262	-	(700)	- (070)		377,262	
3,0		5,423	39,926	27	(703)	(676)	3,732	42,982	
1,5		1,548	7,168	210	18,723	18,933	2,743	28,844	
1,9	79		108,598	251,615	-	251,615	-	360,213	
		-	1,496,364					1,496,364	
6,5	62	184,646	5,158,760	251,852	679,450	931,302	6,475	6,096,537	
	_	146,607	146,607	400	26,135	26,535	-	173,142	
532,7	52	-	674,095	-	-	-	-	674,095	
,	-	-	1,950,434	-	-	-	-	1,950,434	
	-	-	2,729,386	-	-	-	-	2,729,386	
	-	-	-	116,415	91,381	207,796	-	207,796	
	-	-	-	135,000	2,485,000	2,620,000	-	2,620,000	
	-	-	125,739	-	-	-	-	125,739	
	-	_	313,173	-	-	-	-	313,173	
532,7	52	146,607	5,939,434	251,815	2,602,516	2,854,331	<u> </u>	8,793,765	
(526,1	90)	38,039	(780,674)	37	(1,923,066)	(1,923,029)	6,475	(2,697,228	
400,0	00	_	1,822,883	_	_	_	_	1,822,883	
400,0	-	_	(174,488)		_	_	_	(174,488	
		<u> </u>			27,647	27,647		27,647	
400,0	00		1,648,395		27,647	27,647		1,676,042	
(126,1	90)	38,039	867,721	37	(1,895,419)	(1,895,382)	6,475	(1,021,186	
244,4	37	620,463	4,224,506	9,189	2,666,577	2,675,766	609,234	7,509,506	
\$ 118,2	47	\$ 658,502	\$ 5,092,227	\$ 9,226	\$ 771,158	\$ 780,384	\$ 615,709	\$ 6,488,320	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Public Health Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						'	/ariance
		Original	Final		Actual		Fir	With nal Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Program income Interest Net change in fair value of investments Other Total revenues	\$	1,027,005 38,385 - - - 1,065,390	\$	1,226,353 40,790 - - - 1,267,143	\$	1,084,099 66,759 (859) 624 1,142 1,151,765	\$	(142,254) 25,969 (859) 624 1,142 (115,378)
EXPENDITURES Current -								
Community services		1,090,500		1,292,153		1,167,809		124,344
Total expenditures		1,090,500		1,292,153		1,167,809		124,344
Net change in fund balance		(25,110)		(25,010)		(16,044)		8,966
Fund balance - January 1		151,484		151,484		151,484		<u>-</u>
Fund balance - December 31	\$	126,374	\$	126,474	\$	135,440	\$	8,966

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Public Safety Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						,	Variance
		Original		Final	Actual		Fir	With nal Budget
REVENUES						7 10100.		Daaget
Property taxes	\$	750,000	\$	75,000	\$	694,952	\$	619,952
Fiscal disparities		-		-		47,258		47,258
Fines and forfeitures		150,000		150,000		357,930		207,930
Intergovernmental		623,821		791,808		898,292		106,484
Interest		17,517		17,517		26,199		8,682
Net change in fair value of investments		-		-		(1,044)		(1,044)
Other		214		4,512		7,057		2,545
Total revenues		1,541,552		1,038,837		2,030,644		991,807
EXPENDITURES								
Current -		4 000 055		4 070 000		4.050.404		00 == 4
Public safety		1,828,957		1,979,008		1,950,434		28,574
Capital outlay -		000 000		107.500		105 700		04.700
Public safety		206,000		187,502		125,739		61,763
Total expenditures		2,034,957		2,166,510		2,076,173		90,337
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under) expenditures		(493,405)		(1,127,673)		(45,529)		1,082,144
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds		1,274,000		1,274,000		1,237,759		(36,241)
Transfers to other funds		(124,482)		(174,482)		(174,488)		6
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,149,518		1,099,518		1,063,271		(36,247)
Net change in fund balance		656,113		(28,155)		1,017,742		1,045,897
Fund balance - January 1		2,384,212		2,384,212		2,384,212		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	3,040,325	\$	2,356,057	\$	3,401,954	\$	1,045,897

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Communications Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Bud	dget				V	ariance
	Original			Final	Actual		Fina	With al Budget
REVENUES Program income Interest Net change in fair value of investments Other		2,500 5,000 - 98,224	\$	2,500 5,000 - 98,224	\$	1,430 3,596 3,171 86,335	\$	(1,070) (1,404) 3,171 (11,889)
Franchise fees Total revenues		1,536,000 1,641,724		1,536,000 1,641,724		1,496,364 1,590,896		(39,636) (50,828)
EXPENDITURES Current - Community services		1,477,080		1,496,650		1,514,666		(18,016)
Capital outlay - Community services Total expenditures		371,219 1,848,299		361,659 1,858,309		313,173 1,827,839		48,486 30,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(206,575)		(216,585)		(236,943)		(20,358)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds		185,120		185,120		185,124		4
Net change in fund balance		(21,455)		(31,465)		(51,819)		(20,354)
Fund balance - January 1		761,243		761,243		761,243		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	739,788	\$	729,778	\$	709,424	\$	(20,354)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Park Grants Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Bud	lget				V	ariance
	Original		Final		Actual		Fina	With al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	60,000	\$	40,190	\$	46,911	\$	6,721
Interest		-		-		2,253		2,253
Net change in fair value of investments		-		-		833		833
Other		3,000		3,000		-		(3,000)
Total revenues		63,000		43,190		49,997		6,807
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
Community services		165,000		121,679		46,911		74,768
Total expenditures		165,000		121,679		46,911		74,768
Net change in fund balance		(102,000)		(78,489)		3,086		81,575
Fund balance - January 1		19,577		19,577		19,577		<u>-</u> _
Fund balance - December 31	\$	(82,423)	\$	(58,912)	\$	22,663	\$	81,575

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual South Loop Revolving Development Services Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						'	/ariance
	Original		Final		Actual		Fir	With nal Budget
REVENUES								
Program income	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	131,398	\$	(118,602)
Interest		200		200		250		50
Net change in fair value of investments		-		-		517		517
Other		-				12,085		12,085
Total revenues		250,200		250,200		144,250		(105,950)
EXPENDITURES Current -								
Development services		197,000		197,000		141,343		55,657
Total expenditures		197,000		197,000		141,343		55,657
Net change in fund balance		53,200		53,200		2,907		(50,293)
Fund balance - January 1		41,387		41,387		41,387		<u>-</u>
Fund balance - December 31	\$	94,587	\$	94,587	\$	44,294	\$	(50,293)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Creative Placemaking Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						Va	ariance With
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES	\$		\$		\$	2.064	\$	2.064
Interest Net change in fair value of investments	Ф	_	Ф	_	Ф	3,064 1,519	Ф	3,064 1,519
Other		_		1,000		1,979		979
Total revenues		-		1,000		6,562		5,562
EXPENDITURES								
Current - Development services Capital outlay -	\$	250,000	\$	539,646	\$	532,752	\$	6,894
Development services		150,000		_		_		_
Total expenditures		400,000		539,646		532,752		6,894
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(400,000)		(538,646)		(526,190)		12,456
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds		400,000		400,000		400,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		(138,646)		(126,190)		12,456
Fund balance - January 1		244,437		244,437		244,437		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	244,437	\$	105,791	\$	118,247	\$	12,456

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Cemetery Trust Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Buc	lget					ariance With
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								_
Program income	\$	171,395	\$	171,395	\$	177,675	\$	6,280
Interest		4,987		4,987		5,423		436
Net change in fair value of investments						1,548		1,548
Total revenues		176,382		176,382		184,646		8,264
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
General services		150,221		150,221		146,607		3,614
Capital outlay -								
General services		160,000						
Total expenditures		310,221		150,221		146,607		3,614
Net change in fund balance		(133,839)		26,161		38,039		11,878
Fund balance - January 1		620,463		620,463		620,463		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	486,624	\$	646,624	\$	658,502	\$	11,878

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs are to be recovered primarily through user charges.

Solid Waste Management Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's recycling program.

<u>Contractual Police Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of police contractual services acquired by various establishments.

<u>Motor Vehicle Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's motor vehicle registration and licensing program.

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2017

	Solid Waste Management	Contractual Police	Motor Vehicle	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,317,931	\$ 3,025	\$ 295,360	\$ 1,616,316
Accrued interest receivable	4,548	-	948	5,496
Taxes receivable	32,875	-	-	32,875
Accounts receivable	1,491,949	184,389	-	1,676,338
Due from other governments	78,036	50,000		128,036
Total current assets	2,925,339	237,414	296,308	3,459,061
Noncurrent assets:				
Machinery and equipment	24,229	-	-	24,229
Accumulated depreciation	(24,229)			(24,229)
Total noncurrent assets				
Total assets	2,925,339	237,414	296,308	3,459,061
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	832,136	85,914	55,531	973,581
Due to other funds	-	145,000	-	145,000
Deposits payable		6,500	<u> </u>	6,500
Total current liabilities	832,136	237,414	55,531	1,125,081
Total liabilities	832,136	237,414	55,531	1,125,081
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ 2,093,203	<u> </u>	\$ 240,777	\$ 2,333,980

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Business-	_				
	olid Waste anagement	Co	ontractual Police	Motor Vehicle		Total
Operating revenues -						
Charges for services	\$ 6,795,116	\$	772,326	\$ 662,106	\$	8,229,548
Other	18,264		-	-		18,264
Total operating revenues	 6,813,380		772,326	662,106		8,247,812
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	165,147		719,833	571,142		1,456,122
Materials, supplies and service	6,804,064		17,765	130,896		6,952,725
Total operating expenses	6,969,211		737,598	702,038		8,408,847
Operating income (loss)	(155,831)		34,728	(39,932)		(161,035)
Nonoperating revenues:						
Taxes	36,195		-	-		36,195
Intergovernmental	181,119		50,000	-		231,119
Interest income	16,273		-	1,265		17,538
Net change in fair value of investments	9,464		-	2,037		11,501
Total nonoperating revenues	243,051		50,000	3,302		296,353
Income (loss) before transfers	87,220		84,728	(36,630)		135,318
Transfers from other funds	99,996		-	-		99,996
Transfers to other funds	 (309,000)		(84,728)	 (43,336)		(437,064)
Change in net position	(121,784)		-	(79,966)		(201,750)
Total net position - January 1	 2,214,987			 320,743		2,535,730
Total net position - December 31	\$ 2,093,203	\$	-	\$ 240,777	\$	2,333,980

Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers \$ 6,694,253 \$ 730,964 \$ 662,230 \$ 8,087,447 Cash payments to other funds (203,765) 9,148 (119,472) (314,089) Payments to employees (193,382) (660,595) (574,264) (1,404,241) Payments to suppliers (6,913,550) (45,122) (99,383) (7,058,055) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (592,444) 34,395 (130,889) (688,938) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds 99,996 - - 99,996 Transfers from other funds 36,195 (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 3,302 29,040 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		_	olid Waste anagement	С	ontractual Police		Motor Vehicle	Total
Cash payments to other funds (203,765) 9,148 (119,472) (314,089) Payments to employees (169,382) (660,595) (574,264) (1,404,241) Payments to suppliers (6,913,550) (45,122) (99,383) (7,088,055) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (592,444) 34,395 (130,889) (688,938) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Grants 181,198 49,731 - 230,929 Transfers from other funds 99,996 - - 99,996 Transfers to other funds (309,000) (84,728) (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 - - 36,195 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Payments to employees		\$	6,694,253	\$	730,964	\$	662,230	\$ 8,087,447
Payments to suppliers (6,913,550) (45,122) (99,383) (7,058,055) (7,058,055) (85,2444) 34,395 (130,889) (688,938) (68			` ' '		9,148		(119,472)	, ,
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (592,444) 34,395 (130,889) (688,938)			(169,382)		(660,595)		(574,264)	(1,404,241)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Grants 181,198 49,731 - 230,929 Transfers from other funds 99,996 - 99,996 Transfers to other funds (309,000) (84,728) (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 - - 36,195 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables	Payments to suppliers		(6,913,550)		(45,122)		(99,383)	 (7,058,055)
Grants 181,198 49,731 - 230,929 Transfers from other funds 99,996 - - 99,996 Transfers to other funds (309,000) (84,728) (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 - - 36,195 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities: Changes in assets and liabilities: (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(592,444)		34,395		(130,889)	(688,938)
Transfers from other funds 99,996 - - 99,996 Transfers to other funds (309,000) (84,728) (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 - - - 36,195 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,08	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES						
Transfers to other funds (309,000) (84,728) (43,336) (437,064) Taxes 36,195 - - 36,195 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 1,317,931 3,025 \$ 295,360 \$ 1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Changes in assets and liabilities: (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081)	Grants		181,198		49,731		-	230,929
Taxes	Transfers from other funds		99,996		-		-	99,996
Taxes Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$1,317,931 \$3,025 \$295,360 \$1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) (41,362) (41,362) (124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000	Transfers to other funds		•		(84,728)		(43,336)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 8,389 (34,997) (43,336) (69,944) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$ 1,317,931 \$ 3,025 \$ 295,360 \$ 1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000 </td <td>Taxes</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Taxes		, ,		-		-	
Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$1,317,931 \$3,025 \$295,360 \$1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) (155,831) \$34,728 (39,932) (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Con	Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				(34,997)		(43,336)	
Interest income 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$1,317,931 \$3,025 \$295,360 \$1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) (155,831) \$34,728 (39,932) (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Contact in the cash provided by (used in) operating activities - 25,000 Con	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Net cash provided by investing activities 25,738 - 3,302 29,040 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$ 1,317,931 \$ 3,025 \$ 295,360 \$ 1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000			25 738		_		3 302	29 040
cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$ 1,317,931 \$ 3,025 \$ 295,360 \$ 1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000								
cash and cash equivalents (558,317) (602) (170,923) (729,842) Cash and cash equivalents - January 1 1,876,248 3,627 466,283 2,346,158 Cash and cash equivalents - December 31 \$ 1,317,931 \$ 3,025 \$ 295,360 \$ 1,616,316 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000	N. c.							
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		()		(000)		(4=0.000)	(=00.040)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Seconciliation of operating income (loss) Coperating income (loss) C	cash and cash equivalents		(558,317)		(602)		(170,923)	 (729,842)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities: Customer receivables (119,126) (41,362) 124 (160,364) Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000	Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		1,876,248		3,627		466,283	2,346,158
Operating income (loss) \$ (155,831) \$ 34,728 \$ (39,932) \$ (161,035) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities -	Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	1,317,931	\$	3,025	\$	295,360	\$ 1,616,316
Accounts payable (317,487) 16,029 (91,081) (392,539) Interfund payables - 25,000 - 25,000	Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:		(155,831)	•	34,728			\$
Interfund payables	Customer receivables				(41,362)		124	(160,364)
	Accounts payable		(317,487)		16,029		(91,081)	(392,539)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (592,444) \$ 34,395 \$ (130,889) \$ (688,938)	Interfund payables	_			25,000	_		 25,000
	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(592,444)	\$	34,395	\$	(130,889)	\$ (688,938)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Information Systems Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the acquisition and maintenance of computer software and hardware.

<u>Equipment Division Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the acquisition and maintenance of motorized equipment. User charges are billed to the various City departments.

<u>Support Services Fund</u> - This fund accounts for printing, mailroom, and phone system activities. User charges are billed to various City departments.

<u>Public Safety Radio Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the purchase and maintenance of public safety radios. User charges are billed to various City departments.

<u>Self-Insurance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for payments of insurance premiums and claims and allocation of such costs to user departments.

<u>Benefit Accrual Fund</u> - This fund accounts for payment of unused vacation, personal leave and compensatory time, and allocation of such costs to respective departments.

<u>Insured Benefits Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the administration of employee benefits for insurance programs.

<u>Facilities and Parks Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for costs related to replacement and maintenance of the main City buildings and park structures.

<u>PERA Pension</u> – This fund accounts for payment of pension related benefits and allocation of such costs to respective departments.

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTACombining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017

	Information Systems	Equipment Division	Support Services	Public Safety Radio	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,934,232	\$ 6,839,472	\$ 128,933	\$ 344,428	
Accrued interest receivable	5,851	20,481	369	1,021	
Accounts receivable	-	27,313	610	-	
Prepaid items	571,385	474.740	4.520	-	
Inventory	2.544.400	174,748	1,539	245 440	
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	2,511,468	7,062,014	131,451	345,449	
Land					
Buildings and structures	_	_	_	305,383	
Machinery and equipment	1,972,793	30,835,576	81,358	1,447,877	
Improvements	1,012,100	26,827	-	-	
Construction in progress	147,951	-	_	_	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,103,691)	(21,715,751)	(62,969)	(1,216,814)	
Total noncurrent assets	1,017,053	9,146,652	18,389	536,446	
Total assets	3,528,521	16,208,666	149,840	881,895	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows - related to pensions	_	_	_	_	
Total deferred inflows of resources					
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	346,605	372,343	11,095	18,163	
Estimated claims payable	-	-	-	-	
Benefits payable	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	
Current bonds payable Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-	
Total current liabilities	346,605	372,343	11,095	18,163	
Noncurrent liabilities:	340,003	372,343	11,000	10,103	
Benefits payable	_	_	_	-	
Bonds payable	_	_	_	_	
Estimated claims payable	-	-	-	-	
Net pension liability	-	-	-	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	-		-	_	
Total liabilities	346,605	372,343	11,095	18,163	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows - related to pensions					
Total deferred inflows of resources					
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,017,053	9,146,652	18,389	536,446	
Unrestricted	2,164,863	6,689,671	120,356	327,286	
Total net position	\$ 3,181,916	\$ 15,836,323	\$ 138,745	\$ 863,732	

Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits	Facilities & Parks Maintenance	PERA Pension	Total
\$ 4,703,363 14,076 - 226,005 - 4,943,444	\$ 13,189,137 41,582 - - - 13,230,719	\$ 2,264,522 5,123 902 - - 2,270,547	\$ 11,271,266 33,810 900 - - 11,305,976	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 40,675,353 122,313 29,725 797,390 176,287 41,801,068
- - - - - - - 4,943,444	- - - - - - - 13,230,719	2,270,547	11,432,262 39,846,156 4,600,804 2,524,105 - (20,480,643) 37,922,684 49,228,660	- - - - - - - -	11,432,262 40,151,539 38,938,408 2,550,932 147,951 (44,579,868) 48,641,224 90,442,292
				35,220,887 35,220,887	35,220,887 35,220,887
150,047 838,933 - - - - - - 988,980 - 713,669	6,133 - 741,163 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	103,883 - - - - - 594 104,477	672,802 - 359,530 75,000 605,000 24,172 - 1,736,504	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,681,071 838,933 741,163 359,530 75,000 605,000 24,172 594 4,325,463 14,082,101 1,885,000 713,669 51,056,718
713,669 1,702,649	14,082,101 14,829,397	104,477	1,885,000 3,621,504	51,056,718 51,056,718 51,056,718	51,056,718 67,737,488 72,062,951
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	38,845,786 38,845,786	38,845,786 38,845,786
3,240,795 \$ 3,240,795	(1,598,678) \$ (1,598,678)	2,166,070 \$ 2,166,070	35,432,684 10,174,472 \$ 45,607,156	(54,681,617) \$ (54,681,617)	46,151,224 (31,396,782) \$ 14,754,442

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Information Systems		 Equipment Division	Support Services	Public Safety Radio	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	4,925,630	\$ 7,084,763	\$ 444,022	\$	678,612
Other Total operating revenues		4,276 4,929,906	 29,548 7,114,311	 444,022	-	678,612
Total operating revenues		4,929,900	 7,114,311	 444,022		070,012
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		1,612,954	1,365,476	209,372		125,822
Materials, supplies and service		3,063,930	3,166,842	259,885		647,490
Depreciation		208,186	2,368,850	 6,108		108,489
Total operating expenses		4,885,070	6,901,168	475,365		881,801
Operating income (loss)		44,836	 213,143	(31,343)		(203,189)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental		-	8,000	-		-
Interest income		13,058	51,665	879		118
Net change in fair value of investments		7,075	20,868	902		9,996
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-	175,565	-		-
Interest expense		_		 -		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		20,133	 256,098	 1,781		10,114
Income (loss) before transfers		64,969	469,241	(29,562)		(193,075)
Transfers from other funds		270,000	86,004	-		-
Transfers to other funds		(385,128)	 	 		(180,000)
Change in net position		(50,159)	555,245	(29,562)		(373,075)
Total net position - January 1		3,232,075	 15,281,078	168,307		1,236,807
Total net position - December 31	\$	3,181,916	\$ 15,836,323	\$ 138,745	\$	863,732

Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits	Facilities & Parks PERA Maintenance Pension		Total
\$ 2,231,999 - 2,231,999	\$ 2,209,760 - 2,209,760	\$ 9,221,017 42,058 9,263,075	\$ 12,105,216 10,149 12,115,365	\$ 127,211 - 127,211	\$ 39,028,230 86,031 39,114,261
1,212,792 - 1,212,792	1,948,854 - - - 1,948,854	9,294,543 283,512 - 9,578,055	3,648,770 5,469,669 1,535,999 10,654,438	3,913,798	22,119,589 14,104,120 4,227,632 40,451,341
1,019,207	260,906	(314,980)	1,460,927	(3,786,587)	(1,337,080)
37,517 5,799 - - 43,316	108,831 34,491 - - 143,322	14,491 12,203 - - 26,694	6,287 87,287 15,512 - (58,905) 50,181	- - - - -	14,287 313,846 106,846 175,565 (58,905) 551,639
1,062,523	404,228	(288,286) 30,504	1,511,108	(3,786,587)	(785,441) 386,508
	<u> </u>	-	(220,000)		(785,128)
1,062,523	404,228	(257,782)	1,291,108	(3,786,587)	(1,184,061)
2,178,272	(2,002,906)	2,423,852	44,316,048	(50,895,030)	15,938,503
\$ 3,240,795	\$ (1,598,678)	\$ 2,166,070	\$ 45,607,156	\$ (54,681,617)	\$ 14,754,442

CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

		formation Systems	E	quipment Division		Support Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash from interfund services provided Cash payments to other funds Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	5,023,706 (292,148) (1,636,251) (2,684,658) 410,649	\$	7,084,679 (1,287,809) (1,365,748) (1,704,859) 2,726,263	\$	443,487 (199,488) (210,065) (65,427) (31,493)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				9.000		
Grants Transfers from other funds		270,000		8,000 86,004		-
Transfers to other funds		(385,128)		-		_
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(115,128)		94,004		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING AC	TIVIT	TIES				
Bond payments		-		-		-
Interest and other payments		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		200,305		-
Purchase of capital assets		(354,894)		(2,952,340)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(354,894)		(2,752,035)		_
OACH ELONG EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		20.422		70 500		4 704
Investment income		20,133		72,532		1,781 1,781
Net cash provided by investing activities		20,133		72,532		1,701
Net increase (decrease) in						
cash and cash equivalents		(39,240)		140,764		(29,712)
Cook and each equivalente leguery 1		1 072 472		6 600 700		150 615
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		1,973,472		6,698,708		158,645
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	1,934,232	\$	6,839,472	\$	128,933
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided Operating income (loss)	dby(\$	(used in) ope 44,836	rating \$	g activities: 213,143	\$	(31,343)
Adjustment to reconcile operating	φ	44,030	φ	213,143	φ	(31,343)
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities -						
Depreciation		208,186		2,368,850		6,108
Changes in assets and liabilities:		200,100		2,000,000		0,100
Accounts receivable		94,385		(26,626)		(610)
Other current assets		(584)		(3,004)		75
Inventory		-		(6,816)		(1,539)
Accounts payable - other		(52)		4,908		-
Accounts payable - supplier		86,635		176,081		(3,490)
Net pension liabilty		-		-		-
Benefits payable		(22,757)		(273)		(694)
Deferred outflows of resources		-		` -		
Deferred inflows of resources						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	410,649	\$	2,726,263	\$	(31,493)

Public Safety Radio	Self- Insurance	Benefit Accrual	Insured Benefits	Facilities & Parks Maintenance	PERA Pension	Total
\$ 681,181 (14,220) (125,591) (1,157,952) (616,582)	\$ 2,210,118 (813,952) - (716,841) 679,325	\$ 2,201,726 - (1,473,548) - 728,178	\$ 9,263,764 - (9,203,352) (293,989) (233,577)	\$ 12,104,851 (2,265,457) (3,654,994) (3,015,077) 3,169,323	\$ 127,211 - (127,211) - -	\$ 39,140,723 (4,873,074) (17,796,760) (9,638,803) 6,832,086
(180,000) (180,000)	- - - -	- - - -	30,504	14,636 - (220,000) (205,364)	- - - -	22,636 386,508 (785,128) (375,984)
(16,070)	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	(595,000) (58,905) - (559,488) (1,213,393)	- - - -	(595,000) (58,905) 200,305 (3,882,792) (4,336,392)
10,114 10,114	43,316 43,316	143,323 143,323	26,694 26,694	102,800 102,800	<u> </u>	420,693 420,693
(802,538)	722,641	871,501	(176,379)	1,853,366		2,540,403
1,146,966	3,980,722	12,317,636	2,440,901	9,417,900		38,134,950
\$ 344,428	\$ 4,703,363	\$ 13,189,137	\$ 2,264,522	\$ 11,271,266	\$ -	\$ 40,675,353
\$ (203,189)	\$ 1,019,207	\$ 260,906	\$ (314,980)	\$ 1,460,927	\$ (3,786,587)	\$ (1,337,080)
108,489	-	-	-	1,535,999	-	4,227,632
517 2,052	(17,717) (4,164)	(8,034)	(276) 965	(900) (9,613)		48,773 (22,307)
-	(333,396)	-	- 79,557	- 25,214	-	(8,355) (223,769)
(524,775)	15,395	469,174	1,157	163,695	-	383,872
-	-	-	-	- (= 005)	(46,236,830)	(46,236,830)
324	- -	6,132	- -	(5,999)	- 22,747,531	(23,267) 22,747,531
				<u> </u>	27,275,886	27,275,886
\$ (616,582)	\$ 679,325	\$ 728,178	\$ (233,577)	\$ 3,169,323	\$ -	\$ 6,832,086

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY

Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the City as agent for the benefit of parties outside of the government.

<u>Convention Bureau Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for the collection of lodging taxes for the Bloomington Visitors and Convention Bureau.

<u>State Pass-Through Loans Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for loans between the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED) and local Bloomington businesses.

<u>City Fiduciary Fund</u> – This agency fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds received for other parties and governmental units including the police property room, Metro Mobility, AARP, Farmers Market, Creekside agreements, and youth summer programs.

City of Bloomington Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds December 31, 2017

ACCETO	 onvention Bureau	Pass	State s-Through Loans	<u>F</u>	City Fiduciary	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ 360,740 357,668 718,408	\$	6,013 3,006 9,019	\$	431,500 15,406 446,906	\$ 798,253 376,080 1,174,333
LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Accounts payable	\$ 718,408	\$	9,019	\$	446,906	\$ 1,174,333

City of Bloomington

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance 1/1/2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2017
CONVENTION BUREAU ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 367,383 344,175	\$ 5,258,634 392,445	\$ 5,265,277 378,952	\$ 360,740 357,668
Total assets	\$ 711,558	\$ 5,651,079	\$ 5,644,229	\$ 718,408
LIABILITIES Due to Convention Bureau	\$ 711,558	\$ 5,651,079	\$ 5,644,229	\$ 718,408
STATE PASS-THROUGH LOANS ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 9,019 -	\$ 36,072 39,080	\$ 39,078 36,074	\$ 6,013 3,006
Total assets	\$ 9,019	\$ 75,152	\$ 75,152	\$ 9,019
LIABILITIES Due to Loan Recipients	\$ 9,019	\$ 75,152	\$ 75,152	\$ 9,019
CITY FIDUCIARY ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 449,118 -	\$ 417,754 61,664	\$ 435,372 46,258	\$ 431,500 15,406
Total assets	\$ 449,118	\$ 479,418	\$ 481,630	\$ 446,906
LIABILITIES Due to Other Parties	\$ 449,118	\$ 479,418	\$ 481,630	\$ 446,906
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 825,520 344,175	\$ 5,712,460 493,189	\$ 5,739,727 461,284	\$ 798,253 376,080
Total assets	\$ 1,169,695	\$ 6,205,649	\$ 6,201,011	\$ 1,174,333
LIABILITIES Due to Convention Bureau Due to Loan Recipients Due to Other Parties	\$ 711,558 9,019 449,118	\$ 5,651,079 75,152 479,418	\$ 5,644,229 75,152 481,630	\$ 718,408 9,019 446,906
Total liabilities	\$ 1,169,695	\$ 6,205,649	\$ 6,201,011	\$ 1,174,333

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION –

COMPONENT UNITS

PORT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances December 31, 2017

		Gov	/ernm	ental Fund T	Totals		
				Debt	Capital		
	G	eneral		Service	Projects	2017	2016
ASSETS							
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$	16,409	\$	276,634	\$ 67,621,552	\$ 67,914,595	\$ 56,512,465
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable		-		· -	200,000	200,000	18,600 2,483
Accrued interest receivable		_		860	212,670	213,530	132,112
Due from primary government		60,826		-	-	60,826	429,476
Loans receivable		-		_	1,525,036	1,525,036	1,928,573
Land held for resale		_		_	17,150,000	17,150,000	17,150,000
						,,	
Total assets		77,235		277,494	86,709,258	87,063,987	76,173,709
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		2,427		200	524,225	526,852	2,256,288
Due to primary government		34,471			2,074,795	2,109,266	2,944,953
Total liabilities		36,898		200	2,599,020	2,636,118	5,201,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflow - land held for resale		-		-	17,150,000	17,150,000	17,150,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	17,150,000	17,150,000	17,150,000
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		_		277,294	66,806,648	67,083,942	53,633,621
Committed		_		211,234	153,590	153,590	152,097
Unassigned		40,337		_	100,000	40,337	36,750
Total fund balances		40,337		277,294	66,960,238	67,277,869	53,822,468
Total Pol Property of the second							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	77,235	\$	277,494	\$ 86,709,258	\$ 87,063,987	\$ 76,173,709
•		· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · ·	
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to	the	Statemen	t of N	et Position			
Total Fund Balances-Port Authority						\$ 67,277,869	\$ 53,822,468
Interest Payable						(90,934)	(90,934)
Bonds Payable						(7,150,000)	(7,150,000)
Deferred Inflows						17,150,000	17,150,000
Total Net Position-Port Authority						\$ 77,186,935	\$ 63,731,534

PORT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Gov	/ernm	ental Fund T	ypes	Totals		
	Ge	neral		Debt Service	Capital Projects	2017	2016	
REVENUES								
Property tax increment	\$	-	\$	211,000	\$ 14,833,844	\$ 15,044,844	\$ 27,297,579	
Interest		-		(811)	648,969	648,158	507,276	
Net change in fair value of investments		-		2,295	58,005	60,300	(45,995)	
City contribution	3	350,000		-	-	350,000	290,000	
Other				-			1,010	
Total revenues	3	350,000		212,484	15,540,818	16,103,302	28,049,870	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General services		346,413		200	332,724	679,337	563,736	
Development services	•	-		200	1,934,474	1,934,474	36,029,311	
Debt service:					1,554,474	1,554,474	30,023,311	
Interest		_		218,245	89,351	307,596	278,399	
Total expenditures	3	346,413		218,445	2,356,549	2,921,407	36,871,446	
'								
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under) expenditures		3,587		(5,961)	13,184,269	13,181,895	(8,821,576)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		_		170,706	_	170,706	_	
Transfers out		_		-	(170,706)	(170,706)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		170,706	(170,706)			
Net change in fund balance		3,587		164,745	13,013,563	13,181,895	(8,821,576)	
Fund balance - January 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustment		36,750		112,549 -	53,673,169 273,506	53,822,468 273,506	62,644,044	
					,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Fund balance - January 1, as restated		36,750		112,549	53,946,675	54,095,974	62,644,044	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	40,337	\$	277,294	\$ 66,960,238	\$ 67,277,869	\$ 53,822,468	

EXHIBIT H-1

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2017

400570	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Φ 0.070.000	Φ 070.047	A 7 5 4 4 0 4 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,873,699	\$ 670,647	\$ 7,544,346
Accounts receivable	10,433,299	-	10,433,299
Due from primary government	57,415	-	57,415
Inventory - land held for resale Capital assets:	4,321,321	-	4,321,321
Capital assets - nondepreciable	130,300	1,470,000	1,600,300
Capital assets - nondepreciable Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	130,300	1,470,000	1,103,839
Net capital assets	130,300	2,573,839	2,704,139
Net capital assets	130,300	2,373,039	2,704,139
Total assets	21,816,034	3,244,486	25,060,520
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	43,639	58,553	102,192
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	51,348	30,333	51,348
Due to primary government	648,328	20,665	668,993
Noncurrent liabilities:	040,320	20,003	000,993
Due to primary government -			
Bonds payable due in more than one year	4,134,947	_	4,134,947
Due in more than one year	-, 10-1,0-1	1,574,720	1,574,720
Due in more than one year		1,074,720	1,074,720
Total liabilities	4,878,262	1,653,938	6,532,200
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	130,300	999,119	1,129,419
Restricted for:			
Tax increment purposes	1,661,209	-	1,661,209
HUD rehab loans	48,070	-	48,070
HUD section 8 vouchers	5,765	-	5,765
Unrestricted	15,092,428	591,429	15,683,857
Total net position	\$ 16,937,772	\$ 1,590,548	\$ 18,528,320

EXHIBIT H-2

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities: General services Development services Interest on long-term debt and amounts due to primary	\$ 4,842,241 3,052,680	\$ 45,977 2,295,969	\$ 4,368,063 840,830	\$ -	\$ (428,201) 84,119	\$ - -	\$ (428,201) 84,119	
government - bonds payable	121,018				(121,018)		(121,018)	
Total governmental activities	8,015,939	2,341,946	5,208,893		(465,100)		(465,100)	
Business-type activities: Property management Assisted rental	207,431 258,939	205,261 293,909	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	(2,170) 34,970	(2,170) 34,970	
Total business-type activities	466,370	499,170	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	32,800	32,800	
Total	\$ 8,482,309	\$ 2,841,116	\$ 5,208,893	<u>\$ -</u>	(465,100)	32,800	(432,300)	
		General revenues: Property taxes Interest and inves Fransfers Total general reve	tment earnings enues and transfers		3,564,089 39,348 (60,000) 3,543,437	60,000	3,564,089 39,348 	
	C	Change in net position			3,078,337	92,800	3,171,137	
	١	let position - January 1			13,859,435	1,497,748	15,357,183	
	١	Net position - December 31			\$ 16,937,772	\$ 1,590,548	\$ 18,528,320	

Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

ACCETO	General Fund		Housing Development		Section 8 Vouchers	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	567,655 12,748	\$	3,239,132	\$	153,064
Accounts receivable		-		6,225		1,765
Mortgage receivable Due from other funds		-		1,464,781 3,020,000		-
Due from primary government		-		-		-
Due from other govts Inventory - land for resale		-		- 1,414,500		9,208
Total assets	\$	580,403	\$	9,144,638	\$	164,037
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,084	\$	13,765	\$	10,399
Due to other funds Due to primary government		- 21,268		- 14,890		- 55,903
Total liabilities		23,352		28,655		66,302
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflow-taxes		10,611		-		-
Deferred inflow-mortgages Deferred inflow-land held for resale		-		1,055,328 1,414,500		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,611		2,469,828		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable		-		409,453		-
Restricted Committed		-		-		5,765
Assigned		-		6,236,702		91,970
Unassigned		546,440		-		<u> </u>
Total fund balances		546,440		6,646,155		97,735
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	580,403	\$	9,144,638	\$	164,037

Housing Rehabilitation	TIF Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,060,398 - 22,422	\$ 1,850,845 796 -	\$ 2,605	\$ 6,873,699 13,544 30,412
7,763,596 - 57,415	-	1,151,758 - -	10,380,135 3,020,000 57,415 9,208
\$ 8,903,831	2,322,400 \$ 4,174,041	\$ 1,738,784	4,321,321 \$ 24,705,734
\$ 908	\$ 13,965	\$ 2,518	\$ 43,639
26,267 27,175	3,020,000 - 3,033,965	- - 2,518	3,020,000 118,328 3,181,967
-	-	-	10,611
7,763,596 	2,322,400 2,322,400	1,151,758 584,421 1,736,179	9,970,682 4,321,321 14,302,614
-	_	-	409,453
48,070 1,064,990 -	1,742,504 - -	- - 87	1,796,339 7,301,692 92,057
1,113,060	(2,924,828) (1,182,324)	87	(2,378,388) 7,221,153
\$ 8,903,831	\$ 4,174,041	\$ 1,738,784	\$ 24,705,734

EXHIBIT H-4

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances To the Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2017

FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 7,221,153
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Schedule of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Cost of capital assets \$ 161,064 Less accumulated depreciation (30,764)	130,300
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred inflow in the fund financial schedules but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide schedules.	14,302,614
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(4,635,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the government-wide schedules.	(29,947)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the fund schedules.	 (51,348)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 16,937,772



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General Fund		Housing Development		Section 8 Vouchers	
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Regular	\$	292,535	\$	1,394,736	\$	-
Tax increment		-		20,714		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		4,368,063
Sale of real property		-		-		-
Program		-		7,557		-
Interest		39,348		-		-
Other		200		6,725		45,777
Total revenues		332,083		1,429,732		4,413,840
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General services		311,794		-		4,530,447
Development services		-		438,546		-
Debt service:						
Administrative charges		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-
Principal retirement						-
Total expenditures		311,794		438,546		4,530,447
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		20,289		991,186		(116,607)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds		-		(160,000)		-
Transfers from other funds		-		_		100,000
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		-		(160,000)		100,000
Net change in fund balance		20,289		831,186		(16,607)
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1		526,151		5,814,969		114,342
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$	546,440	\$	6,646,155	\$	97,735

Housing Rehabilitat			•		Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$ 395,0 840,8 968,6	- 330 - 517 - -	1,465,289 - - - - - - 1,465,289	\$ 128,9 128,9	- - <u>-</u>	\$	2,082,309 1,486,003 5,208,893 128,909 976,174 39,348 52,702 9,974,338
2,572,8	- - -	30,171 200 116,415 135,000 281,786	171,9 171,9	- - -		4,842,241 3,213,562 200 116,415 135,000 8,307,418
(368,0		1,183,503	(43,0			1,666,920
	- -	- -		- -		(160,000) 100,000
	-	-		-		(60,000)
(368,3	398)	1,183,503	(43,0	953)		1,606,920
1,481,4	158 ((2,365,827)	43,1	40		5,614,233
\$ 1,113,0)60 \$ (1,182,324)	\$	87	\$	7,221,153

Reconciliation of the Schedule of Revenues, Eexpenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Schedule of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

EXHIBIT H-6

1,606,920

(6,730)

3,078,337

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Schedule of Activities are different because: Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to delinquent property taxes that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (4,223)Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to mortgages receivable that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 1,313,070 Revenues in the Schedule of Activities related to Inventory - land held for resale that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 32,173 Repayment of principal on long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) is an expenditure in the governmental funds but does not affect the Schedule of Activities. 135,000 Governmental funds report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Schedule of Activities. 2,127 Change in accrued interest on general long-term debt is reported in the Schedule of

Activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,

is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

ASSETS	Assisted Rental	Property Management	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 517,393	\$ 153,254	\$ 670,647
Total current assets	517,393	153,254	670,647
Noncurrent assets: Land Buildings and structures Accumulated depreciation	700,000 1,698,090 (1,122,357)	770,000 1,587,527 (1,059,421)	1,470,000 3,285,617 (2,181,778)
Total noncurrent assets	1,275,733	1,298,106	2,573,839
Total assets	1,793,126	1,451,360	3,244,486
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	4,403	5,557	9,960
Due to primary government	13,231	7,434	20,665
Deposits payable	7,178	41,415	48,593
Total current liabilities	24,812	54,406	79,218
Noncurrent liabilities -			
Long-term debt		1,574,720	1,574,720
Total liabilities	24,812	1,629,126	1,653,938
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,275,733	(276,614)	999,119
Unrestricted	492,581	98,848	591,429
Total net position	\$ 1,768,314	\$ (177,766)	\$ 1,590,548

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	-	Assisted Rental		Property nagement		Total
OPERATING REVENUES				agee	-	. • • • •
Program income	\$	290,755	\$	201,109	\$	491,864
Other	Ψ	3,154	Ψ	4,152	Ψ	7,306
Total operating revenues		293,909		205,261		499,170
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and benefits		127,549		73,083		200,632
Professional services		558		2,269		2,827
City support services		3,696		168		3,864
Purchased services		46,164		37,316		83,480
Home rehabilitation		31,035		46,362		77,397
Depreciation		49,937		48,233		98,170
Total operating expenses		258,939		207,431		466,370
Operating income (loss)		34,970		(2,170)		32,800
Transfers from other funds				60,000		60,000
Change in net position		34,970		57,830		92,800
Total net position - January 1		1,733,344		(235,596)		1,497,748
Total net position - December 31	\$	1,768,314	\$	(177,766)	\$	1,590,548

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

CARLELOWS FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES		Assisted Rental	Property inagement	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Payments to primary government Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	293,909 (7,750) (127,549) (77,770) 80,840	\$ 205,261 (2,606) (73,083) (109,237) 20,335	\$ 499,170 (10,356) (200,632) (187,007) 101,175
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds			 60,000	 60,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		80,840	80,335	161,175
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		436,553	 72,919	 509,472
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	517,393	\$ 153,254	\$ 670,647
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by	ng acti \$	vities: 34,970	\$ (2,170)	\$ 32,800
operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		49,937	48,233	98,170
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to primary government		348 (361) (4,054)	 (4,939) (18,351) (2,438)	 (4,591) (18,712) (6,492)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	80,840	\$ 20,335	\$ 101,175

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget					V	ariance With	
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes -	_		_		_			(
Regular	\$	308,582	\$	308,582	\$	292,535	\$	(16,047)
Interest		-		-		39,348		39,348
Other						200		200
Total revenues		308,582		308,582		332,083	i .	23,501
EXPENDITURES Current -								
General services		308,582		338,582		311,794		26,788
Net change in fund balance		-		(30,000)		20,289		50,289
Fund balance - January 1		526,151		526,151		526,151		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	526,151	\$	496,151	\$	546,440	\$	50,289

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing Development Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 Bud	dget			Variance With	
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Regular	\$ 1,412,255	\$	1,392,255	\$ 1,394,736	\$	2,481
Tax increment	18,500		18,500	20,714		2,214
Sale of real property	150,000		-	-		-
Program	7,123		7,123	7,557		434
Other	 6,225		6,225	6,725		500
Total revenues	 1,594,103		1,424,103	1,429,732		5,629
EXPENDITURES						
Current -						
Development services	292,240		547,240	438,546		108,694
Capital outlay -						
Development services	1,301,863		-	-		-
Total expenditures	1,594,103		547,240	438,546		108,694
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	-		876,863	991,186		114,323
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers to other funds	 -		(140,000)	 (160,000)		(20,000)
Net change in fund balance	-		736,863	831,186		94,323
Fund balance - January 1	 5,814,969		5,814,969	 5,814,969		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 5,814,969	\$	6,551,832	\$ 6,646,155	\$	94,323

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Section 8 Vouchers Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget					V	ariance With
		Original		Final	Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other Total revenues	\$	4,375,394 36,158 4,411,552	\$	4,345,394 46,158 4,391,552	\$ 4,368,063 45,777 4,413,840	\$	22,669 (381) 22,288
EXPENDITURES Current - General services		4,411,552		4,541,552	4,530,447		11,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(150,000)	(116,607)		33,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds		<u>-</u>		100,000	 100,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		(50,000)	(16,607)		33,393
Fund balance - January 1		114,342		114,342	 114,342		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	114,342	\$	64,342	\$ 97,735	\$	33,393

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget						'	√ariance With
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes -								
Regular	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	395,038	\$	(4,962)
Intergovernmental		1,707,524		952,524		840,830		(111,694)
Program		150,000		950,000		968,617		18,617
Total revenues		2,257,524		2,302,524		2,204,485		(98,039)
EXPENDITURES								
Current -								
Development services		2,257,524		2,857,524		2,572,883		284,641
Net change in fund balance		-		(555,000)		(368,398)		186,602
Fund balance - January 1		1,481,458		1,481,458		1,481,458		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,481,458	\$	926,458	\$	1,113,060	\$	186,602

Combining Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances TIF Special Revenue Fund December 31, 2017

	Oxb	oro O-4	France & d Shakopee	Penn & American		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	8,976	\$ 73,564	\$	19,671 -	
Inventory - land for resale			 322,100			
Total assets	\$	8,976	\$ 395,664	\$	19,671	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	8,976	\$ 652	\$	1,722	
Due to other funds		<u>-</u>	 1,000,000		2,000,000	
Total liabilities		8,976	 1,000,652		2,001,722	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflow-land held for resale Total deferred inflows of resources			 322,100 322,100		-	
Total deferred filliows of resources			 322,100	-		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Restricted						
Unassigned		-	(927,088)		(1,982,051)	
Total fund balances		-	 (927,088)		(1,982,051)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	8,976	\$ 395,664	\$	19,671	

-	ndale Green Fax Increment	Oxboro H-1 GO Tax Increment			x & American Tax Increment		
	onds 2004A		nds 2003A		onds 2016A		Total
\$	1,341,095 796	\$	403,228	\$	4,311	\$	1,850,845 796
\$	1,341,891	-\$	403,228	\$	2,000,300 2,004,611	\$	2,322,400 4,174,041
<u> </u>	1,041,001	Ψ	400,220	Ψ	2,004,011	<u> </u>	7,177,071
\$	1,646	\$	969	\$	-	\$	13,965
	1.040		- 000		20,000		3,020,000
	1,646		969		20,000		3,033,965
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,000,300 2,000,300		2,322,400 2,322,400
	1,340,245		402,259		- (15,689)		1,742,504 (2,924,828)
	1,340,245		402,259		(15,689)		(1,182,324)
\$	1,341,891	\$	403,228	\$	2,004,611	\$	4,174,041

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
TIF Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES	Oxt	ooro O-4	France & Old Shakopee		Penn & American	
Taxes -						
Tax increment	\$	19,692	\$ 40,828	\$	889,369	
Total revenues		19,692	 40,828		889,369	
EXPENDITURES Current - Development services Debt service:		19,692	6,139		1,722	
Administrative charges		-	-		-	
Interest		-	-		-	
Principal retirement		-	 		4 700	
Total expenditures		19,692	6,139		1,722	
Net change in fund balance		-	34,689		887,647	
Fund balance (deficit) - January 1			 (961,777)		(2,869,698)	
Fund balance (deficit) - December 31	\$		\$ (927,088)	\$	(1,982,051)	

TIF S	pecial Revenue					
Lyr	ndale Green	0:	xboro H-1	Knox	& American	
GO 1	Tax Increment	GO T	ax Increment	GO Ta	ax Increment	
Bo	onds 2004A	Во	nds 2003A	Bor	nds 2016A	 Total
\$	418,548	\$	96,852	\$	-	\$ 1,465,289
	418,548		96,852		-	1,465,289
	1,648		970		-	30,171
	100		100		-	200
	73,965		26,225		16,225	116,415
	100,000		35,000		-	135,000
	175,713		62,295		16,225	281,786
	242,835		34,557		(16,225)	1,183,503
	1,097,410		367,702		536	 (2,365,827)
\$	1,340,245	\$	402,259	\$	(15,689)	\$ (1,182,324)

EXHIBIT I-1

Financial Data Schedule - Housing Choice Vouchers Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

ASSETS		
111	Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 147,299
113	Cash - Other Restricted	5,765
121	Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	10,973
290	Total Assets	164,037
LIABILITIES		
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	10,399
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	55,903
300	Total Liabilities	66,302
NET POSITION	ON	
509.3	Restricted Fund Balance	5,765
511.3	Assigned Fund Balance	91,970
513	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	97,735
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity	\$ 164,037

EXHIBIT I-2

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY IN AND FOR THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

Financial Data Schedule - Housing Choice Vouchers Income Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES		
70600	HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$ 4,368,063
71400	Fraud Recovery	14,659
71500	Other Revenue	577,404
70000	Total Revenue	4,960,126
EXPENDITUR	DEG.	
91100	Administrative Salaries	299,070
91200	Auditing Fees	4,000
91500	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	128,880
91700	Legal Expense	1,230
91900	Other	97,228
96140	All Other Insurance	3,600
97300	Housing Assistance Payments	3,996,439
97350	HAP Portability-In	446,286
90000	Total Expenses	 4,976,733
		 ,,
	Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenses	(16,607)
Net Position-B	seginning	114,342
Net Position-E	inding	\$ 97,735
Memo Accou	nt Information	
11170	Administrative Fee Equity	\$ 91,970
11180	Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$ 5,765
11190	Unit Months Available	6612
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased	6271

EXHIBIT I-3

Financial Data Schedule - Business Activities Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

ASSETS		
111	Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 510,215
114	Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	7,178
161	Land	700,000
162	Buildings	1,698,090
166	Accumulated Depreciation	(1,122,357)
290	Total Assets	 1,793,126
LIABILITIES	;	
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	4,403
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	13,231
341	Tenant Security Deposits	7,178
300	Total Liabilities	24,812
NET POSITI	ON	
508.3	Nonspendable Fund Balance	1,275,733
511.3	Assigned Fund Balance	492,581
513	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	1,768,314
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity	\$ 1,793,126

EXHIBIT I-4

Financial Data Schedule - Business Activities Income Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES		
70300	Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$ 116,181
70400	Tenant Revenue - Other	3,154
70600	HUD PHA Operating Grants	174,574
70000	Total Revenue	293,909
EXPENDITUR	RES	
91100	Administrative Salaries	90,529
91200	Auditing Fees	400
91500	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	37,020
91900	Other	1,718
93100	Water	18,090
94300	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	28,086
96140	All Other Insurance	19,788
96200	Other General Expenses	3,696
96300	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	6,726
97100	Extraordinary Maintenance	2,949
97400	Depreciation Expense	49,937
90000	Total Expenses	258,939
	Excess of Revenues over Expenses	34,970
Net Position-E	Beginning	1,733,344
Net Position-E	Ending	\$ 1,768,314
Memo Accou	int Information	
11190	Unit Months Available	240
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased	237

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial data schedules are presented on a modified accrual or accrual basis of accounting as applicable. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Office of Public and Indian Housing Real Estate Assessment Center and the Financial Assessment Subsystem-Public Housing (FASS-PH). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in these schedules may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the City's basic financial statements.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SECTION III

STATISTICAL INFORMATION



CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Bloomington's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGE
Financial Trends	198
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	206
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property tax.	
Debt Capacity	211
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	218
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	220
These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$232,922,311	\$235,909,200	\$237,427,493	\$239,452,569
Restricted	27,895,072	32,235,051	32,602,549	78,893,688
Unrestricted	124,055,525	123,811,008	127,671,490	84,444,842
Total governmental activities net position	\$384,872,908	\$391,955,259	\$397,701,532	\$402,791,099
Business-type activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$81,918,711	\$82,916,273	\$83,743,321	\$84,427,251
Restricted	183,500	183,500	183,500	183,500
Unrestricted	14,147,711	14,605,681	13,691,701	13,264,850
Total business-type activities net position	\$96,249,922	\$97,705,454	\$97,618,522	\$97,875,601
Primary government:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$314,841,022	\$318,825,473	\$321,170,814	\$323,879,820
Restricted	28,078,572	32,418,551	32,786,049	79,077,188
Unrestricted	138,203,236	138,416,689	141,363,191	97,709,692
Total primary government net position	\$481,122,830	\$489,660,713	\$495,320,054	\$500,666,700

Fisca	ıl Year				
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$247,436,963	\$269,230,824	\$283,643,717	\$300,117,784	\$310,750,929	\$332,133,255
82,269,101	91,045,904	67,294,971	68,599,352	73,405,143	69,744,412
80,282,505	73,886,361	87,228,094	69,232,697	67,390,335	77,768,834
\$409,988,569	\$434,163,089	\$438,166,782	\$437,949,833	\$451,546,407	\$479,646,501
\$84,300,863	\$84,457,359	\$86,185,438	\$85,388,894	\$85,359,140	\$85,330,605
183,500	, , -	- -	- -	- -	, , -
14,968,340	14,056,641	11,782,412	12,401,673	12,352,137	14,919,169
\$99,452,703	\$98,514,000	\$97,967,850	\$97,790,567	\$97,711,277	\$100,249,774
\$331,737,826	\$353,688,183	\$369,829,155	\$385,506,678	\$396,110,069	\$417,463,860
82,452,601	91,045,904	67,294,971	68,599,352	73,405,143	69,744,412
95,250,845	87,943,002	99,010,506	81,634,370	79,742,472	92,688,003
\$509,441,272	\$532,677,089	\$536,134,632	\$535,740,400	\$549,257,684	\$579,896,275

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
penses				
overnmental activities:				
General services	\$7,552,801	\$7,749,164	\$6,755,313	\$7,255,182
Development services	11,446,884	10,440,313	10,201,540	9,993,980
Public works Public safety	18,618,172 22,690,239	16,483,155 23,123,311	16,918,065 26,208,360	16,787,405 26,751,391
Community services	11,204,261	11,501,567	12,593,495	12,532,613
Interest on long-term debt	1,928,534	2,254,770	2,312,818	2,140,825
Total governmental activities expenses	73,440,891	71,552,280	74,989,591	75,461,396
siness-type activities:				
Vater/wastewater	20,445,586	21,095,746	21,186,738	21,876,605
Storm water	3,022,346	2,940,357	3,207,573	3,205,055
Recreational facilities	5,244,075	5,180,193	5,193,546	5,290,940
other activities Total business-type activities expenses	2,515,841 31,227,848	2,190,527 31,406,823	2,097,085 31,684,942	2,272,292 32,644,892
Total primary government expenses	\$104,668,739	\$102,959,103	\$106,674,533	\$108,106,288
ogram revenues				
ernmental activities:				
harges for services:				
General services	\$2,721,079	\$2,716,248	\$3,034,137	\$3,002,960
Development services	2,743,925	2,833,463	2,844,876	3,482,579
Public works	250,770	1,275,586	795,439	926,935
Public safety Community services	835,721	759,798 2 165 263	916,777 2,298,546	623,482
Operating grants and contributions	2,067,333 5,323,062	2,165,263 5,532,596	2,298,346 7,765,315	2,141,239 7,250,512
Capital grants and contributions	20,075,161	16,448,770	11,273,508	13,390,833
Total governmental activities program revs	34,017,051	31,731,724	28,928,598	30,818,540
ness-type activities:				
arges for services:				
Water/wastewater	19,870,545	21,262,140	19,974,684	19,800,214
Storm water	4,152,024	4,463,832	4,491,970	4,373,221
Recreational facilities	3,747,232	3,694,046	3,695,146	3,485,848
Other activities	1,905,193	1,991,306	1,949,741	2,119,848
perating grants and contributions upital grants and contributions	783,997	39,369	16,768	78,763 179
Total business-type activities program revs	30,458,991	31,450,693	30,128,309	29,858,073
Total primary government program revs	\$64,476,042	\$63,182,417	\$59,056,907	\$60,676,613
(expense) revenue:				
overnmental activities	(39,423,840)	(39,820,556)	(46,060,993)	(44,642,856)
usiness-type activities	(768,857)	43,870	(1,556,633)	(2,786,819)
Total primary gov't net (expense) revenue	(\$40,192,697)	(\$39,776,686)	(\$47,617,626)	(\$47,429,675)
eral revenues and other changes in net position ernmental activities:				
Property toyon	\$40.057.057	¢41.262.207	\$41,004,611	\$40.962.947
Property taxes Business taxes	\$40,957,857 6,818,771	\$41,263,207 5,808,668	\$41,994,611 6,200,706	\$40,962,947 6,874,548
Justiless taxes Justiless taxes	1,203,893	1,179,388	1,167,739	1,593,424
Gain on sale of capital assets	30,545	7,491	99,283	82,023
nvestment earnings	6,936,739	2,649,119	2,562,594	2,002,925
ransfers	(24,000)	(265,927)	(217,667)	(1,783,444)
Total governmental activities	55,923,805	50,641,946	51,807,266	49,732,423
ness-type activities:				
axes	768,967	872,387	1,001,875	1,092,948
nin on sale of capital assets	-	809	7,481	6,367
vestment earnings	775,794	272,539	242,678	161,139
ansfers	24,000 1,568,761	265,927 1,411,662	217,667 1,469,701	1,783,444 3,043,898
Total business type estivities	1,300,/01		\$53,276,967	\$52,776,321
Total primary covernment	\$57.400.566	\$50 A50 (A0		334.7/0.321
Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$57,492,566	\$52,053,608	\$35,270,707	47-,,,,,,,
Total primary government				
Total primary government ange in net position: overnmental activities	\$16,499,965	\$10,821,390	\$5,746,273	\$5,089,567

2012					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$7,185,895	\$7,527,901	\$7,702,188	\$7,574,572	\$9,615,471	\$8,683,44
9,686,546	12,006,241	23,261,857	11,120,055	18,533,117	16,976,72
14,229,217	15,162,908	15,620,844	15,922,887	19,389,393	16,680,7
26,245,526	28,124,185	29,695,195	30,927,415	35,429,025	29,006,29
14,787,079	15,894,544	15,720,340	15,987,952	18,455,451	17,298,79
2,236,062	3,145,420	1,767,122	1,587,935	1,537,926	1,553,2
74,370,325	81,861,199	93,767,546	83,120,816	102,960,383	90,199,2
21,927,951	22,804,577	23,004,075	23,091,127	24,967,519	25,078,4
3,181,680	3,229,686	3,446,390	3,453,095	3,693,302	3,691,2
5,372,380	5,459,451	5,781,663	5,620,253	6,269,405	6,178,6
2,294,436 32,776,447	2,479,382 33,973,096	2,851,567 35,083,695	4,285,676 36,450,151	5,788,056 40,718,282	8,419,8 43,368,2
32,770,447	33,973,096	33,083,093	30,430,131	40,/18,282	43,308,2
107,146,772	\$115,834,295	\$128,851,241	\$119,570,967	\$143,678,665	\$133,567,4
\$2,999,283	\$3,117,163	\$3,500,551	\$3,906,587	\$3,084,579	\$3,441,2
3,601,313	3,692,808	5,166,271	5,788,420	4,551,060	4,675,8
433,640	352,955	385,274	85,841	216,346	149,8
564,118	664,015	511,613	559,691	578,786	636,3
2,378,476	2,294,859	2,150,551	2,084,066	2,178,829	2,017,7
5,407,043	6,277,517	6,524,865	7,103,296	7,838,532	7,405,8
14,166,562	32,781,014	16,172,833	17,377,334	27,077,936	24,802,7
29,550,435	49,180,331	34,411,958	36,905,235	45,526,068	43,129,6
20,954,786	20,575,176	20,578,287	21,412,966	23,562,178	25,149,5
4,519,242	4,736,151	4,873,273	5,269,105	5,528,944	5,854,1
3,445,419	3,412,602	3,448,585	3,710,670	3,749,856	3,707,8
2,349,498	2,137,718	2,264,970	3,617,012	5,242,313	8,247,8
267,591	592,432	854,174	519,824	335,884	371,2
36	-	-	245,654	584,363	306,3
31,536,572	31,454,079	32,019,289	34,775,231	39,003,538	43,637,0
\$61,087,007	\$80,634,410	\$66,431,247	\$71,680,466	\$84,529,606	\$86,766,6
(44,819,890)	(32,680,868)	(59,355,588)	(46,215,581)	(57,434,315)	(47,069,5
(1,239,875)	(2,519,017)	(3,064,406)	(1,674,920)	(1,714,744)	268,8
\$46,059,765)	(\$35,199,885)	(\$62,419,994)	(\$47,890,501)	(\$59,149,059)	(\$46,800,7
\$43,284,520	\$44,775,678	\$46,752,023	\$48,881,455	\$51,260,264	\$53,080,6
7,010,018	8,906,394	14,222,910	14,412,263	16,936,341	16,274,6
1,232,810	1,202,154	1,850,619	2,877,947	1,977,371	3,825,8
58,760	70,765	4,275	163,564	87,942	195,1
1,551,127	513,017	1,508,213	1,061,308	901,701	1,815,3
	(189,469)	(978,759) 63,359,281	(5,267) 67,391,270	(132,730) 71,030,889	75,169,6
(1,535,643) 51,601,592	55,278,539				
(1,535,643)	35,278,339				
(1,535,643)	1,366,798	1,451,140	1,414,133	1,427,984	2,112,5
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288	1,366,798	=	-	21,000	
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 - 28,046	1,366,798 - 24,047	88,357	78,237	21,000 53,740	135,1
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 - 28,046 1,535,643	1,366,798 - 24,047 189,469	88,357 978,759	78,237 5,267	21,000 53,740 132,730	135,1 21,9
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 28,046 1,535,643 2,816,977	1,366,798 24,047 189,469 1,580,314	88,357 978,759 2,518,256	78,237 5,267 1,497,637	21,000 53,740 132,730 1,635,454	135,1 21,9 2,269,6
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 - 28,046 1,535,643	1,366,798 - 24,047 189,469	88,357 978,759	78,237 5,267	21,000 53,740 132,730	135,1 21,9 2,269,6
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 - 28,046 1,535,643 2,816,977 \$54,418,569	1,366,798 	88,357 978,759 2,518,256 \$65,877,537	78,237 5,267 1,497,637 \$68,888,907	21,000 53,740 132,730 1,635,454 \$72,666,343	135,1 21,9 2,269,6 \$77,439,3
(1,535,643) 51,601,592 1,253,288 28,046 1,535,643 2,816,977	1,366,798 24,047 189,469 1,580,314	88,357 978,759 2,518,256	78,237 5,267 1,497,637	21,000 53,740 132,730 1,635,454	2,112,5 135,1 21,9 2,269,6 \$77,439,3 \$28,100,0 2,538,4

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund:				
Reserved	\$316,429	\$261,546	\$328,007	\$ -
Unreserved	19,388,591	19,650,614	19,122,276	-
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	1,007,844
Unassigned	-	-	-	18,997,494
Total general fund	\$19,705,020	\$19,912,160	\$19,450,283	\$20,005,338
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved	\$11,866,315	\$12,561,450	\$13,047,049	\$ -
Unreserved, designated, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	4,989,824	4,615,480	8,152,553	_
Capital projects funds	72,251,099	71,551,551	65,668,487	-
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	58,933,054
Committed	-	-	-	13,096,599
Assigned	-	-	-	21,312,731
Unassigned	-	-	-	- -
Total all other governmental funds	\$89,107,238	\$88,728,481	\$86,868,089	\$93,342,384

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. Information for years prior to 2011 is presented in accordance with fund balance classifications in effect at the time.

	Year				
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	3,952	-	4,337	222
712,554	571,066	1,250,496	1,259,003	1,179,421	1,799,132
19,979,183	20,344,235	23,388,858	26,700,761	27,625,954	29,143,486
\$20,691,737	\$20,915,301	\$24,643,306	\$27,959,764	\$28,809,712	\$30,942,840
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	20,585	17,000	18,00
63,348,535	73,455,034	49,590,387	51,864,823	56,454,794	54,067,30
12,621,177	11,155,740	6,375,212	6,494,362	7,376,666	8,676,19
17,996,032	16,211,514	19,649,729	21,353,926	25,620,010	29,103,81
-	-	-	-	-	(63,73
\$93,965,744	\$100,822,288	\$75,615,328	\$79,733,696	\$89,468,470	\$91,801,57

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Fiscal Year	2011
Revenues:	2008	2009	2010	2011
Taxes	\$40,277,913	\$41,277,481	\$42,020,340	\$41,365,118
Lodging and admissions taxes	6,818,771	5,808,668	6,200,709	6,874,548
Licenses, fees and permits	3,774,304	3,732,882	3,623,605	4,474,072
Fines and penalties	1,277,684	1,185,711	1,515,366	1,376,797
Charges for services	2,669,727	2,726,102	2,894,200	2,744,425
Special assessments	2,572,993	2,873,470	3,210,522	3,809,554
Intergovernmental	9,145,167	9,120,682	9,041,238	9,804,326
Investment earnings	5,651,222	2,100,221	2,054,891	1,645,392
Other revenues	10,544,436	9,691,594	8,132,865	8,961,650
Total revenues	82,732,217	78,516,811	78,693,736	81,055,882
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General services	5,624,310	6,024,864	5,368,743	5,332,137
Development services	8,481,077	7,996,300	15,408,814	7,454,595
Public works	11,491,947	11,756,830	11,909,318	11,613,863
Public safety	21,748,003	22,617,035	25,500,113	26,191,631
Community services	10,380,435	10,754,056	11,658,659	11,683,752
Debt service:				
Paying agent fees	60,689	76,932	88,308	227,284
Interest	2,196,443	1,936,789	1,961,215	2,203,535
Principal retirement	9,345,000	4,610,000	4,335,000	5,020,000
Capital outlay:				
General services	22,522	-	-	-
Development services	4,251,155	3,182,677	2,797,431	1,800,019
Public works	9,944,230	9,787,120	8,553,896	11,780,955
Public safety	281,249	125,671	759,463	640,353
Community services	1,061,763	912,968	865,036	1,310,704
Total expenditures	84,888,823	79,781,242	89,205,996	85,258,828
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,156,606)	(1,264,431)	(10,512,260)	(4,202,946)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bonds issued	9,570,000	7,835,000	8,445,000	12,720,000
Bond premiums	213	(59,155)	15,426	202,010
Bond discounts	-	-	(18,998)	-
Proceeds capital assets	2,194,455	-	-	-
Transfers in	6,059,851	7,860,345	14,113,607	7,509,683
Transfers out	(6,543,471)	(10,804,337)	(14,365,044)	(9,199,397)
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,281,048	4,831,853	8,189,991	11,232,296
Net change in fund balance	\$9,124,442	\$3,567,422	(\$2,322,269)	\$7,029,350
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	16.5%	9.9%	8.2%	10.3%
Debt service as percentage of total expenditures	13.6%	8.2%	7.1%	8.5%

Table 4

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
2012	2013	2014	2013	2016	2017
\$43,092,371	\$45,485,284	\$46,756,493	\$48,852,186	\$51,277,151	\$53,202,530
7,010,018	8,906,395	14,222,909	14,412,263	16,936,352	16,274,658
4,648,260	4,679,509	5,864,807	6,241,921	4,743,748	5,191,270
1,283,725	1,493,871	1,216,254	1,251,693	1,057,518	1,243,454
2,961,413	2,771,138	3,021,925	3,116,814	2,908,551	2,385,511
4,438,899	3,738,367	3,645,884	4,469,106	3,943,212	3,820,155
10,125,744	14,575,098	14,745,267	17,553,679	14,435,816	21,480,304
1,239,085	448,813	1,250,209	833,337	701,235	1,396,754
8,077,401	21,432,708	8,612,823	9,870,031	16,056,456	10,369,189
82,876,916	103,531,183	99,336,571	106,601,030	112,060,039	115,363,825
5,741,888	6,301,804	6,804,893	6,741,110	7,431,274	7,487,434
11,742,179	9,548,984	19,400,112	8,479,242	14,926,374	10,987,159
9,362,745	10,007,731	10,464,616	9,989,225	10,778,986	11,333,270
25,733,989	27,490,143	28,984,753	29,692,500	32,045,686	31,496,674
13,979,633	14,983,442	14,709,288	15,396,539	16,131,465	16,410,862
281,170	136,333	43,887	-	-	-
2,074,532	2,342,029	1,973,965	1,697,056	1,680,180	1,746,775
7,765,000	8,720,000	17,645,000	7,895,000	6,975,000	8,950,000
		238,249		278,450	
2,735,526	17,709,054	12,057,284	14,577,484	10,555,736	4,365,969
11,225,868	8,076,371	11,681,648	9,044,239	12,314,905	21,983,079
269,002	607,105	80,704	510,613	90,429	125,739
964,706	750,975	1,779,496	979,392	496,599	3,305,609
91,876,238	106,673,971	125,863,895	105,002,400	113,705,084	118,192,570
(0.000.222)	(2.1.42.700)	(2 (527 22 1)	1.500.620	(1, (45, 0.45)	(2.020.745)
(8,999,322)	(3,142,788)	(26,527,324)	1,598,630	(1,645,045)	(2,828,745)
11,515,000	9,315,000	7,465,000	5,355,000	11,455,000	6,390,000
882,240	476,462	177,674	400,749	637,349	528,292
-	-	-	-	-	-
5,748,790	6,205,652	4,213,697	7,268,816	8,063,372	9,075,643
(7,836,949)	(7,351,067)	(6,808,000)	(7,188,369)	(7,925,954)	(8,698,959)
10,309,081	8,646,047	5,048,371	5,836,196	12,229,767	7,294,976
\$1,309,759	\$5,503,259	(\$21,478,953)	\$7,434,826	\$10,584,722	\$4,466,231
12.8%	13.8%	19.4%	12.0%	9.6%	12.1%
12.070	15.070	17.170	12.070	7.070	12.170
10.7%	10.4%	15.6%	9.1%	7.6%	9.1%

TAX CAPACITY VALUE AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Residential Property ^(a)	Commercial/ Industrial Property	All Other ^(b)	Total Tax Capacity ^(c)	Less: Fiscal Disparity Contribution (d)
2008	\$81,208,773	\$74,938,304	\$1,626,746	\$157,773,823	\$15,034,222
2009	79,090,466	78,899,492	1,603,754	159,593,712	22,292,418
2010	74,813,460	73,876,662	1,541,063	150,231,185	23,270,711
2011	70,275,703	66,648,996	1,642,367	138,567,066	21,615,548
2012	63,662,004	66,632,744	1,616,795	131,911,543	19,235,462
2013	60,099,901	69,646,814	1,792,190	131,538,905	18,610,390
2014	59,132,614	70,232,985	2,004,039	131,369,638	15,255,532
2015	64,894,848	70,943,301	2,072,962	137,911,111	11,956,404
2016	70,536,480	81,279,393	2,113,468	153,929,341	12,505,688
2017	75,259,992	85,280,733	2,165,600	162,706,325	14,137,440

Source: City of Bloomington Assessing Division

By State Statute, property taxes are calculated and collected based on the prior year's assessor market value. For example, the tax capacity and market value figures for payable 2017 above relate to the January 2, 2016 assessment.

⁽a) Includes single-family homes, condominiums, townhouses, cooperatives, apartments and residential vacant land.

⁽b) Includes personal property accounts and utilities/machinery classification.

⁽c) Includes properties in tax increment financing (TIF) districts, the majority of which are commercial/industrial.

⁽d) Figure represents fiscal disparities contribution net of fiscal disparities distribution.

⁽e) Figure represents total tax capacity less net fiscal disparities. Note that total direct tax rate in the next column is calculated based on total tax capacity less fiscal disparities contribution and less tax capacity in TIF districts.

Adjusted Tax Capacity Value ^(e)	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Market Value (EMV)	Tax Capacity as a Percent of EMV
\$142,739,601	31.97	\$11,786,153,600	1.21%
137,301,294	34.34	11,792,231,200	1.16%
126,960,474	38.10	11,121,834,800	1.14%
116,951,518	41.27	10,318,566,800	1.13%
112,676,081	42.94	10,111,784,800	1.11%
112,928,515	45.48	9,927,891,400	1.14%
116,114,106	48.68	9,874,797,100	1.18%
125,954,707	45.67	10,435,859,700	1.21%
141,423,653	44.29	11,463,977,000	1.23%
148,568,885	40.93	12,080,139,600	1.23%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Ra	te - City of Bloo	omington	(Overlapping Rates	S*	
Fiscal				School		Other	
Year	Operating	Debt	Total	District	County	Districts	Total
2008	29.65	2.32	31.97	17.26	38.58	9.82	97.63
2009	31.65	2.69	34.34	17.42	40.41	9.93	102.10
2010	35.41	2.69	38.10	19.31	42.64	11.10	111.15
2011	37.96	3.31	41.27	21.90	45.84	12.30	121.31
2012	39.48	3.46	42.94	22.46	48.23	12.75	126.38
2013	41.68	3.80	45.48	26.76	49.46	13.21	134.91
2014	44.42	4.26	48.68	28.18	49.96	13.92	140.74
2015	41.98	3.69	45.67	25.74	46.40	12.76	130.57
2016	40.95	3.34	44.29	24.25	45.36	12.38	126.28
2017	37.88	3.05	40.93	20.63	44.09	12.13	117.77

Sources: Hennepin County and City of Bloomington Assessing Division

For example, a small percentage of Bloomington taxpayers pay school district taxes to schools in neighboring communities. Also, the Other Districts rates include Watershed taxing districts, of which there are four different rates depending on location of parcels in Bloomington.

^{*}Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners. Although County property tax rates apply to all City property owners, the Other Districts rates apply only to property owners whose property is located within certain geographic boundaries.

	Pav	able 2017		Pav	able 2008	
Taxpayer	Taxable Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Capacity Value	Taxable Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Capacity Value
Mall of America	\$19,147,996 ^(a)	1	11.77%	\$13,451,796 ^(a)	1	8.53%
Metropolitan Life Insurance	6,244,000 ^(b)	2	3.84%	- (b)	-	-
Kraus-Anderson	2,343,046	3	1.44%	2,102,418	4	1.33%
Carlson Companies	1,592,426	4	0.98%	-	-	-
Workspace Property Trust	1,523,420 ^(c)	5	0.94%	1,477,526 ^(c)	5	0.94%
Frauenshuh	1,076,185	6	0.66%	-	-	-
Artis REIT	1,005,832	7	0.62%	-	-	-
Mdewakanton Sioux	1,003,440	8	0.62%	-	-	-
KBS Capital Advisors	982,000	9	0.60%	-	-	-
Boyd Bloomington II GSA	933,780	10	0.57%	-	-	-
Teachers Insurance and Annuity	-	-	-	4,962,604 ^(b)	2	3.15%
United Properties	-	-	-	2,849,212	3	1.81%
Duke Realty LP	-	-	-	1,434,726	6	0.91%
Bloomington Central Station	-	-	-	1,091,537	7	0.69%
Gateway Lake Properties	-	-	-	1,077,434	8	0.68%
Bloomgate Holdings	-	-	-	960,060	9	0.61%
Ryan Properties	-	-	-	927,926	10	0.59%
Total	\$35,852,125		22.03%	\$30,335,239		19.23%
Total All Property	\$162,706,325			\$157,773,823		

Source: City of Bloomington Assessing Division

Note: Tax capacity values above relate to the prior year's assessment.

⁽a) Market value in the Mall of America Phase I TIF district became of local tax base starting in 2017. Mall of America Phase II TIF District will become part of local tax base starting in 2019.

⁽b) Normandale Lake Office Park sold by Teachers Insurance to Equity Group in August 2012, who then sold to Metropolitan Life in October 2014.

^(c) Liberty Property Trust properties sold to Workspace Property Trust in October 2016.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected Within The Fiscal Year of the Levy		Delinquent Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended	For The		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage	
December 31,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years (a)	Amount	of Levy	
2008	\$40,853,864	\$40,456,342	99.03%	\$207,117	\$40,663,459	99.53%	
2009	41,936,879	41,636,622	99.28%	138,949	41,775,571	99.62%	
2010	43,230,933	42,603,925	98.55%	52,061	42,655,986	98.67%	
2011	43,002,753	42,520,657	98.88%	(438,381)	42,082,276	97.86%	
2012	44,441,371	44,134,422	99.31%	(224,425)	43,909,997	98.80%	
2013	46,641,219	46,450,282	99.59%	(86,072)	46,364,210	99.41%	
2014	48,049,784	47,836,890	99.56%	(156,495)	47,680,395	99.23%	
2015	49,971,775	49,888,157	99.83%	(25,883)	49,862,274	99.78%	
2016	52,845,452	52,561,489	99.46%	(336,619)	52,224,870	98.83%	
2017	55,883,748	55,477,456	99.27%	(562,215)	54,915,241	98.27%	

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

⁽a) Negative amounts in the "Collection in Subsequent Years" column reflect reductions of assessed property values.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gov	vernmental Activ	vities	_	Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Improvement Bonds ^(a)	Tax Increment Bonds	Total Governmental Activities	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^(b)	Per Capita ^(b)
2008	\$5,590,000	\$37,210,000	\$6,180,000	\$48,980,000	\$865,000	\$49,845,000	1.4%	\$585
2009	5,285,000	41,580,000	5,340,000	52,205,000	615,000	52,820,000	1.5%	629
2010	13,050,000	44,630,000	4,535,000	62,215,000	455,000	62,670,000	1.8%	755
2011	12,680,000	50,440,000	6,795,000	69,915,000	300,000	70,215,000	1.9%	837
2012	11,335,000	56,668,281	6,175,000	74,178,281	150,000	74,328,281	1.9%	864
2013	9,940,000	61,570,377	3,095,000	74,605,377	-	74,605,377	1.8%	864
2014	8,515,000	52,451,706	2,970,000	63,936,706	-	63,936,706	1.5%	741
2015	7,055,000	51,139,974	2,850,000	61,044,974	-	61,044,974	1.4%	707
2016	7,180,000	55,489,159	4,770,000	67,439,159	-	67,439,159	1.5%	790
2017	5,520,000	54,392,867	4,635,000	64,547,867	1,170,000	65,717,867	1.4%	765

Table 9

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) The unamorized bond premiums are included in the Improvement Bond totals, beginning in 2012.

⁽b) See Table 14 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ger	neral Obligation	Debt	_				Net
	General		Tax		Less		Percentage of	Bonded
Fiscal	Obligation	Improvement	Increment		Debt Service	Net	Estimated Market	Debt Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds ^(a)	Bonds	Total	Fund Balance	Bonded Debt	Value of Property ^(b)	Capita ^(c)
2008	\$5,590,000	\$37,210,000	\$6,180,000	\$48,980,000	\$10,943,810	\$38,036,190	0.32%	446
2009	5,285,000	41,580,000	5,340,000	52,205,000	11,586,697	40,618,303	0.34%	483
2010	13,050,000	44,630,000	4,535,000	62,215,000	12,016,405	50,198,595	0.45%	605
2011	12,680,000	50,440,000	6,795,000	69,915,000	17,950,997	51,964,003	0.50%	619
2012	11,335,000	56,668,281	6,175,000	74,178,281	23,572,558	50,605,723	0.50%	588
2013	9,940,000	61,570,377	3,095,000	74,605,377	27,682,370	46,923,007	0.47%	544
2014	8,515,000	52,451,706	2,970,000	63,936,706	17,590,028	46,346,678	0.47%	537
2015	7,055,000	51,139,974	2,850,000	61,044,974	18,208,674	42,836,300	0.41%	496
2016	7,180,000	55,489,159	4,770,000	67,439,159	23,725,327	43,713,832	0.38%	512
2017	5,520,000	54,392,867	4,635,000	64,547,867	21,701,505	42,846,362	0.35%	499

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) The unamorized bond premiums are included in the Improvement Bond totals, beginning in 2012.

⁽b) See Table 5 for estimated market value data.

⁽c) See Table 14 for population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

December 31, 2017

Table 11

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
School Districts:			
ISD No. 271	\$78,225,000	99.99%	\$78,217,178
ISD No. 272	66,540,000	0.42%	279,468
ISD No. 273	182,230,000	1.34%	2,441,882
Other debt:			
Hennepin County	925,550,000	8.00%	74,044,000
Hennepin County Park District	60,560,000	11.17%	6,764,552
Hennepin Regional RR Authority	31,535,000	11.17%	3,522,460
Metropolitan Council	188,620,614	4.09%	7,714,583
Subtotal - overlapping debt			172,984,122
City direct debt (b)	64,547,867	100.00%	64,547,867
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$237,531,989

Source: Hennepin County

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

^(a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the taxable market values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's and school district's taxable market value that is within the City's boundaries.

⁽b) Excludes revenue bonded indebtedness.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt limit	\$353,327,586	\$353,157,039	\$333,655,044	\$309,557,004
Total net debt applicable to limit	5,009,500	4,638,800	6,457,546	10,924,513
Legal debt margin	\$348,318,086	\$348,518,239	\$327,197,498	\$298,632,491
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.42%	1.31%	1.94%	3.53%

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Under State finance law, Minnesota Statute 475.53, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 3% of total assessed market value. The general obligation debt subject to the limitation is offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

In 2008, the debt limit increased from 2% of total assessed market value to 3% of total assessed market value.

For example, in 2017 the debt limit was \$362,404,188, the total net debt applicable to the limit was \$4,114,836, and the City could issue up to an additional \$358,289,352 of general obligation debt and still be in compliance with the above statute.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$303,353,544	\$297,836,742	\$296,243,913	\$313,075,791	\$343,919,310	\$362,404,188
9,493,644	8,047,547	6,557,605	5,039,777	3,884,062	4,114,836
\$293,859,900	\$289,789,195	\$289,686,308	\$308,036,014	\$340,035,248	\$358,289,352
3.13%	2.70%	2.21%	1.61%	1.13%	1.14%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Market value	\$12,080,139,600
Debt limit (3% of market value)	362,404,188
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	5,520,000
Less: Amount set aside for repayment	
of general obligation debt	(1,405,164)
Total net debt applicable to limit	4,114,836
Legal debt margin	\$358,289,352

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Enterprise Revenue Bonds (a)

			Enterprise Reven	iue Bolius		
	Pledged	Less	Net			_
Fiscal	Service	Operating	Available	Debt Se	rvice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2008	\$7,899,256	\$6,521,853	\$1,377,403	\$300,000	\$41,496	4.03
2009	8,117,878	6,444,332	1,673,546	250,000	30,260	5.97
2010	1,432,860	1,085,440	347,420	160,000	21,998	1.91
2011	1,420,357	1,136,811	283,546	155,000	15,739	1.66
2012	1,344,365	1,135,713	208,652	150,000	3,188	1.36
2013	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2014	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2015	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2016	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
2017	25,149,599	22,781,314	2,368,285	-	23,746	99.73

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

^(a) Storm water utility bonds were paid off in 2009. From 2010 to 2012, the remaining enterprise bonds had pledged revenues from the Ice Garden activity in the Recreational Facilities Fund.

⁽b) Both improvement bonds and tax increment bonds are general obligation bonds and have tax levy authority to cover all debt requirements.

	Improvemen	nt Bonds ^(b)			Tax Incremen	nt Bonds (b)	
Special Assessment	Debt S	ervice	_	Tax Increment	Debt Se	ervice	
Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
\$2,518,754	\$2,460,000	\$1,043,280	0.72	\$1,414,486	\$760,000	\$354,440	1.27
2,836,610	3,465,000	1,356,869	0.59	1,282,134	840,000	311,380	1.11
3,176,372	3,185,000	1,453,531	0.68	1,189,685	805,000	266,984	1.11
3,693,237	3,815,000	1,539,217	0.69	1,004,967	835,000	222,090	0.95
4,420,188	6,335,000	1,562,573	0.56	827,103	620,000	181,475	1.03
3,718,701	4,810,000	1,805,825	0.56	455,351	165,000	139,573	1.50
3,440,152	16,660,000	1,576,016	0.19	723,577	125,000	111,440	3.06
4,278,664	6,890,000	1,329,972	0.52	885,766	120,000	107,765	3.89
3,752,488	5,940,000	1,320,498	0.52	1,179,405	125,000	104,090	5.15
3,617,854	6,330,000	1,355,018	0.47	1,486,003	135,000	116,415	5.91

Fiscal		Total Personal	Per Capita Personal	Public School	Unemployme	nt Rate (4)
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Metropolitan Area	Bloomington
2008	85,238	\$3,645,799,736	\$42,772	10,307	6.4%	6.2%
2009	84,034	\$3,491,780,768	41,552	10,170	7.2	7.0
2010	83,038	\$3,557,597,034	42,843	10,242	6.5	6.2
2011	83,896	\$3,747,802,112	44,672	10,240	5.5	5.2
2012	86,033	\$3,977,047,491	46,227	10,228	5.1	4.9
2013	86,319	\$4,130,882,064	47,856	10,030	4.3	4.1
2014	86,314	\$4,204,441,254	48,711	10,005	3.2	3.0
2015	86,435	\$4,368,511,335	50,541	9,980	3.2	2.9
2016	85,319	\$4,446,570,323	52,117	10,273	3.6	3.4
2017	85,866	\$4,554,590,238	53,043	10,136	2.9	2.8

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census estimates were used for 2010 through 2017 and Metropolitan Council estimates were used for prior years

⁽²⁾ Minnesota per capita income, as published by Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ Bloomington School Districts #271

⁽⁴⁾ Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, based on December rates

		2017			2008	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			City			City
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Employment (2)	Employees (1)	Rank	Employment (2)
Mall of America Tenants	13,000	1	14%	13,000	1	14%
HealthPartners	3,800	2	4%	2,360	2	3%
Bloomington School District #271	1,948	3	2%	1,735	4	2%
Seagate Technology	1,522	4	2%	2,050	3	2%
Donaldson Company	1,020	5	1%	1,300	6	1%
NCS Pearson	1,013	6	1%	-	-	-
Toro Company	996	7	1%	982	7	1%
General Dynamics	678	8	1%	-	-	-
Normandale Community College	649	9	1%	575	9	1%
Polar Semiconductor, Inc	630	10	1%	-	-	-
Express Scripts	-	-	-	1,379	5	2%
Thermo King/Ingersoll Rand Corp	-	-	-	600	8	1%
City of Bloomington		-		559	10	1%
Total	25,256		28%	24,540		27%
Total City Employment	90,508			90,986		

Sources: (1) City of Bloomington Finance Department

⁽²⁾ Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (average annual City employment)

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:				
General services	80	80	80	80
Development services	71	71	71	71
Public works	121	117	116	117
Public safety	153	153	153	152
Community services	56	58	60	61
Total governmental activities	481	479	480	481
Business-type activities:				
Water/wastewater	54	54	54	54
Storm water	11	12	11	12
Recreational facilities	15	16	16	16
Solid waste management	1	1	1	1
Contractual police	-	-	-	_
Motor vehicle	5	5	6	5
Total business-type activities	86	88	88	88
Total	567	567	568	569

Source: City of Bloomington Finance Department

Full-Tin	ne Equivalent Empl	oyees as of Decemb	per 31		
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
80	80	80	80	82	84
72	74	74	69	69	71
118	117	117	117	118	121
152	155	155	160	165	165
62	60	60	60	59	55
484	486	486	486	493	496
_					
54	54	54	54	54	54
11	12	12	12	12	12
16	18	18	18	18	18
1	1	1	1	1	1
-	-	-	-	-	-
5	5	5	6	6	6
87	90	90	91	91	91
571	576	576	577	584	587

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Governmental activities:						
General services:						
New full-time employees hired	23	19	15	33		
Criminal case appearances	10,800	13,400	12,200	14,200		
Purchase orders issued	2,047	1,912	1,788	1,696		
Development services:						
Permits issued	11,443	10,061	11,179	11,254		
Estimated value of permits	\$168,211,851	\$173,870,423	\$128,201,819	\$263,305,005		
Fire inspections	1,972	2,121	1,909	1,730		
Fire investigations	73	72	61	105		
Public works:	,,,	, -	01	100		
Street resurfacing (miles)	46	46	41	36		
Street sweeping (tons of material)	3,447	4,558	4,552	3,784		
Public safety:	3,117	1,550	1,552	3,701		
Bookings	2,358	2,469	2,420	2,153		
DWI's	630	624	624	593		
Part 1 crimes ^(a)	3,399	3,459	3,309	3,358		
Fire department average response time	4:17	4:24	4:31	4:36		
Fire emergency responses	1,309	1,089	1,168	1,184		
Fires extinguished	192	178	153	142		
Community services:	-7-					
City website pageviews	*	*	*	1,776,135		
Number of E-Subscribers	N/A	3,050 ^(c)	4,100	5,673		
Human services volunteers	390	321	405	284		
Influenza immunizations	4,875	9,630	6,780	4,101		
Client cancer screenings	1,079	1,347	1,170	1,234		
Business-type activities:	1,077	1,5 17	1,170	1,231		
Water/wastewater utility:						
Average daily consumption (gallons)	11,800,000	11,700,000	10,500,000	10,720,000		
Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)	8,550,000	8,190,000	8,285,000	8,570,000		
Storm water utility:	0,330,000	0,170,000	0,203,000	0,570,000		
Storm mains inspected (miles)	3	6	9	9		
Recreational facilities:	3	O	,	,		
	97 556	02 620	76 200	66 190		
Golf course rounds played	87,556	83,638	76,209	66,180		
Ice garden hours	8,766	9,553	9,888	9,342		
Solid waste management:	1,626	1 706	1,689	1,717		
Annual trash clean-up (tons)	1,020	1,796	1,089	1,/1/		
Contractual police:						
Overtime hours billed	8,126	8,309	6,552	8,308		
Motor vehicle:						
DNR transactions	2,734	2,676	2,730	2,543		
Drivers license transactions	18,371	17,170	17,346	18,209		
Motor vehicle transactions	58,130	56,743	55,900	61,878		

Sources: Various City of Bloomington departments.

^{*}Certain statistical data was not tracked in this format in prior years and is, therefore, unavailable.

The City of Bloomington will gather this information going forward.

^(a) Part 1 crimes include homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, theft, auto theft, and arson.

⁽b) In 2015 the City launched a redesigned website with dramatically fewer pages.

⁽c) In 2009 the City implemented E-Subscribe, a free news service to send electronic notifications to registered subscribers.

⁽d) In 2009 and 2010, the new H1N1 vaccine was separate, and beginning in 2011, H1N1 was included in the regular influenza vaccine.

⁽e) In 2015 and 2016, Mall of America Security significantly increased their use of police contractual services.

Fiscal Year							
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
40							
43	44	44	51	46	20.00		
16,000	20,000	18,000	20,000	22,000	20,00		
1,875	1,457	1,382	1,026	995	87		
11,362	16,119	14,413	12,313	11,856	10,85		
\$198,432,583	\$201,614,610	\$342,190,790	\$485,208,914	\$185,368,384	\$304,605,77		
2,111	2,643	2,724	2,851	2,219	3,02		
152	152	117	105	115	(
43	31	36	40	38	2		
4,263	3,477	3,834	2,635	2,850	3,47		
2,262	2,349	2,350	2,218	2,320	2,25		
512	451	425	362	363	42		
3,443	3,524	3,423	3,118	3,035	2,81		
4:31	4:23	4:16	4:06	4:14	4:		
1,161	1,221	1,317	1,510	1,769	1,80		
177	159	149	184	166	17		
1,814,332	1,948,674	1,911,818	1,468,653 ^(b)	1,629,355	1,846,61		
7,565	9,706	12,191	14,593	21,464	23,75		
309	317	350	324	279	25		
3,506	4,488	3,851	3,216	2,795	2,66		
1,213	1,139	574	396	219	35		
11,700,000	11,202,000	10,700,000	10,300,000	10,360,000	9,990,00		
8,130,000	8,078,000	8,175,000	7,920,000	8,100,000	7,520,00		
8	8	9	11	12			
62,852	51,658	61,355	62,392	57,599	53,3		
9,206	9,635	9,440	9,793	9,752	9,83		
1,497	1,300	1,789	1,758	1,949	1,80		
9,399	9,270	7,739	23,481 ^(e)	25,666 ^(e)	10,28		
2,879	2,876	2,641	2,581	2,370	1,89		
21,610	20,439	20,727	20,092	21,157	20,55		
64,265	61,835	66,061	66,569	64,821	59,15		

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year			
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:				
Public works:				
Streets (miles)	342	342	341	341
Streetlights	4,148	4,118	4,339	4,339
Traffic signals	149	147	147	147
Emergency outdoor warning sirens	22	22	22	22
Emergency vehicle pre-emption systems	121	121	121	121
Public safety:				
Police stations	1	1	1	1
Patrol units - marked and unmarked	37	37	37	37
Police investigator vehicles	27	27	27	27
Fire stations	6	6	6	6
Community services:				
Community center	1	1	1	1
Skate park	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds/playlots	54	54	54	54
Baseball/softball diamonds	62	61	61	61
Soccer/football fields	22	22	22	22
Tennis courts	52	51	51	50
Picnic shelters/gazebos	19	22	22	22
Business-type activities:				
Water/wastewater utility:				
Water mains (miles)	490	489	489	489
Fire hydrants	4,556	4,565	4,570	4,599
Storage capacity (gallons)	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000
Sanitary sewers (miles)	382	383	383	384
Storm water utility:				
Storm sewers (miles)	250	253	253	253
Recreational facilities:				
Swimming beaches	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Golf courses	2	2	2	2
Indoor ice rinks	3	3	3	3

Sources: Various City of Bloomington departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general services, development services, solid waste, contractual police, or motor vehicle functions.

Table 18

Fiscal Year						
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
2.42	242	242	242	242	2.4	
342 4,339	342 4,339	342 4,339	342 4,361	342 4,361	34 4,38	
147	144	144	143	143	14	
22	22	22	22	22	2	
121	121	121	122	122	12	
1	1	1	1	1		
37	37	37	37	37	3	
27	27	27	27	27	2	
6	6	6	6	6		
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
54	54	54	54	54	5	
61	61	62	62	61	(
22	22	22	22	22	2	
50	49	49	50	50	4	
22	22	22	22	22	2	
495	496	496	498	498	50	
4,589	4,617	4,617	4,665	4,676	4,67	
44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,000	44,000,00	
384	384	384	385	385	38	
253	253	251	252	252	23	
1	1	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1		
2	2	2	2	2		
3	3	3	3	3		

